



Assured Guaranty Ltd.December 31, 2016



Assured Guaranty Ltd. December 31, 2016 Financial Supplement

Table of Contents	Page
Selected Financial Highlights	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)	4
Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation	5
Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations	7
Claims-Paying Resources	10
New Business Production	11
Gross Par Written	12
New Business Production by Quarter	13
Available-for-Sale Investment Portfolio and Cash	14
Estimated Net Exposure Amortization and Estimated Future Net Premium and Credit Derivative Revenues	15
Expected Amortization of Net Par Outstanding	16
Net Expected Loss to be Expensed	17
Financial Guaranty Profile	18
Exposure to Puerto Rico	22
Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations Profile	25
Consolidated U.S. RMBS Profile	26
Below Investment Grade Exposures	27
Largest Exposures by Sector	32
Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses to be Paid	36
Loss Measures	37
Summary of Financial and Statistical Data	38
Summary of GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations	39
Glossary	41
Non-GAAP Financial Measures	44

This financial supplement should be read in conjunction with documents filed by Assured Guaranty Ltd. ("AGL" and, together with its subsidiaries, "Assured Guaranty" or the "Company") with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Some amounts in this financial supplement may not add due to rounding. Please note that the Company changed its definition of operating income, operating ROE, non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity and non-GAAP adjusted book value starting in fourth quarter 2016 in response to the SEC's May 17, 2016 release of new and updated Compliance and Disclosure Interpretations of the rules and regulations on the use of non-GAAP financial measures. These measures for prior periods have been updated to reflect the revised calculation consistently for all periods presented. Please refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for additional details.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements:

Any forward looking statements made in this supplement reflect the current views of Assured Guaranty with respect to future events and financial performance and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in these statements. Assured Guaranty's forward looking statements could be affected by many events. These events include (1) reduction in the amount of available insurance opportunities and/or in the demand for Assured Guaranty's insurance; (2) rating agency action, including a ratings downgrade, a change in outlook, the placement of ratings on watch for downgrade, or a change in rating criteria, at any time, of AGL or any of its subsidiaries, and/or of any securities AGL or any of its subsidiaries have issued, and/or of transactions that AGL's subsidiaries have insured; (3) developments in the world's financial and capital markets that adversely affect obligors' payment rates, Assured Guaranty's loss experience, or its exposure to refinancing risk in transactions (which could result in substantial liquidity claims on its guarantees); (4) the possibility that budget or pension shortfalls or other factors will result in credit losses or impairments on obligations of state, territorial and local governments and their related authorities and public corporations that Assured Guaranty insures or reinsures; (5) the failure of Assured Guaranty to realize loss recoveries that are assumed in its expected loss estimates; (6) increased competition, including from new entrants into the financial guaranty industry; (7) rating agency action on obligors, including sovereign debtors, resulting in a reduction in the value of securities in Assured Guaranty's investment portfolio and in collateral posted by and to Assured Guaranty; (8) the inability of Assured Guaranty to access external sources of capital on acceptable terms; (9) changes in the world's credit markets, segments thereof, interest rates or general economic conditions; (10) the impact of market volatility on the mark-tomarket of Assured Guaranty's contracts written in credit default swap form; (11) changes in applicable accounting policies or practices; (12) changes in applicable laws or regulations, including insurance, bankruptcy and tax laws, or other governmental actions; (13) the impact of changes in the world's economy and credit and currency markets and in applicable laws or regulations relating to the decision of the United Kingdom to exit the European Union; (14) the possibility that acquisitions or alternative investments made by Assured Guaranty do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to unanticipated consequences; (15) deterioration in the financial condition of Assured Guaranty's reinsurers, the amount and timing of reinsurance recoverables actually received and the risk that reinsurers may dispute amounts owed to Assured Guaranty under its reinsurance agreements; (16) difficulties with the execution of Assured Guaranty's business strategy; (17) loss of key personnel; (18) the effects of mergers, acquisitions and divestitures; (19) natural or man-made catastrophes; (20) other risk factors identified in AGL's filings with the SEC; (21) other risks and uncertainties that have not been identified at this time and; (22) management's response to these factors. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the dates on which they are made. Assured Guaranty undertakes no obligation to update publicly or review any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Selected Financial Highlights (1 of 2)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

		Three Mor			Year Ended December 31,					
		2016		2015		2016		2015		
Net income (loss)	\$	197	\$	429	\$	881	\$	1,056		
Operating income (a non-GAAP measure) ⁽¹⁾		139		130		895		710		
Gain (loss) related to the effect of consolidating FG VIEs (FG VIE										
consolidation) (net of tax provision of \$9, \$7, \$7 and \$4) included in operating income		16		13		12		11		
Net income (loss) per diluted share	\$	1.49	\$	3.03	\$	6.56	\$	7.08		
Operating income per diluted share (a non-GAAP measure) (1)	Ψ	1.05	Ψ	0.92	Ψ	6.68	Ψ	4.76		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in operating income		1.05		0.72		0.00		1.70		
per diluted share		0.12		0.09		0.10		0.07		
Weighted average shares outstanding										
Basic shares outstanding		130.0		140.5		133.0		148.1		
Diluted shares outstanding (2)		131.7		141.5		134.1		149.0		
Effective tax rate on net income		27.6%		26.5%		13.4%		26.2%		
Effective tax rate on operating income (3)		26.6%		26.7%		14.3 %		24.6%		
Effect of FG VIE consolidation included in effective tax rate on operating		20.0 70		20.7 70		11.5 /0		21.070		
income		1.3 %		1.1 %		0.4%		0.1 %		
Return on equity (ROE) calculations (4):										
GAAP ROE		12.0%		28.9%		14.0%		17.9%		
Operating ROE (a non-GAAP measure) (1)		8.7%		8.8%		14.5 %		12.0%		
Effect of FG VIE consolidation on operating ROE		1.1%		1.0%		0.2 %		0.2 %		
New business:										
Gross written premiums (GWP)	\$	83	\$	87	\$	154	\$	181		
Present value of new business production (PVP) (1)	Ψ	85	Ψ	76	Ψ	214	Ψ	179		
Gross par written		5,643		4,344		17,854		17,336		
1		,		,		•	of	,		
					De	ecember 31,		ecember 31,		
						2016		2015		
Shareholders' equity					\$	6,504	\$	6,063		
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity (1)						6,386		5,925		
Non-GAAP adjusted book value (1)						8,506		8,396		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP						(7)		(21)		
operating shareholders' equity						(7)		(21)		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP adjusted book value						(24)		(43)		
Shares outstanding at the end of period						128.0		137.9		
Shareholders' equity per share					\$	50.82	\$	43.96		
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity per share (1)						49.89		42.96		
Non-GAAP adjusted book value per share (1)						66.46		60.87		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP						(0.06)		(0.15)		
operating shareholders' equity Gain (loss) related to EG VIE consolidation included in non GAAP adjusted.						(0.00)		(0.13)		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP adjusted book value						(0.18)		(0.31)		
Net debt service outstanding					\$	437,535	\$	536,341		
Net par outstanding						296,318		358,571		
Claims-paying resources (5)						11,701		12,306		
1) 71	1 0.1		~			~ .		~		

- 1) Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures (operating income, operating ROE, non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity and non-GAAP adjusted book value) have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.
- 2) Non-GAAP diluted shares outstanding were the same as GAAP diluted shares since both net income and operating income were positive for all periods.
- 3) Represents the ratio of non-GAAP operating provision for income taxes to operating income before income taxes.
- 4) Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns. See page 8 for additional information on calculation.
- 5) See page 10 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Selected Financial Highlights (2 of 2) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	Т	Three Mor Decem	nths En ber 31,			Year Decem	
Effect of refundings and terminations on GAAP measures: Net earned premiums, pre-tax Net change in fair value of credit derivatives, pre-tax Net income effect Net income per diluted share Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures: Operating net earned premiums(1), pre-tax Credit derivative revenues, pre-tax Operating income per diluted share (1) Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in the effect orefundings and terminations above for the following measures: Net earned premiums, pre-tax Net income and operating income, after-tax, per diluted share	2	016	2015		2016		2015
Effect of refundings and terminations on GAAP measures:							
Net earned premiums, pre-tax	\$	137	\$	89	\$	469	\$ 331
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives, pre-tax		31		367		123	478
Net income effect		117		323		452	562
Net income per diluted share		0.88		2.28		3.37	3.77
Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures:							
Operating net earned premiums ⁽¹⁾ , pre-tax		137		89		469	331
Credit derivative revenues, pre-tax		13		103		37	116
Operating income ⁽¹⁾ effect		103		128		392	303
Operating income per diluted share (1)		0.78		0.90		2.92	2.03
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in the effect of refundings and terminations above for the following measures:							
Net earned premiums, pre-tax		_		2		(1)	2
Net income and operating income, after-tax		_		1		(1)	1
Net income and operating income, after-tax, per diluted share		_		0.01		0.00	0.01

¹⁾ Consolidated statement of operations items mentioned in this Financial Supplement that are described as operating (i.e. operating net earned premiums) are non-GAAP measures and represent components of operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) (dollars in millions)

		As	of:				
	Dec	ember 31,	De	cember 31,			
		2016		2015			
Assets:							
Investment portfolio:							
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value	\$	10,233	\$	10,627			
Short-term investments, at fair value		590		396			
Other invested assets		162		169			
Total investment portfolio		10,985		11,192			
Cash		118		166			
Premiums receivable, net of commissions payable		576		693			
Ceded unearned premium reserve		206		232			
Deferred acquisition costs		106		114			
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		80		69			
Salvage and subrogation recoverable		365		126			
Credit derivative assets		13		81			
Deferred tax asset, net		497		276			
Current income tax receivable		12		40			
Financial guaranty variable interest entities (FG VIE) assets, at fair value		876		1,261			
Other assets		317		294			
Total assets	\$	14,151	\$	14,544			
1041 455065	Ψ	11,101	Ψ	11,011			
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:							
Liabilities:							
Unearned premium reserve	\$	3,511	\$	3,996			
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserve		1,127		1,067			
Reinsurance balances payable, net		64		51			
Long-term debt		1,306		1,300			
Credit derivative liabilities		402		446			
FG VIE liabilities with recourse, at fair value		807		1,225			
FG VIE liabilities without recourse, at fair value		151		124			
Other liabilities		279		272			
Total liabilities		7,647		8,481			
Shareholders' equity:							
Common stock		1		1			
Additional paid-in capital		1,060		1,342			
Retained earnings		5,289		4,478			
Accumulated other comprehensive income		149		237			
Deferred equity compensation		5		5			
Total shareholders' equity		6,504		6,063			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	14,151	\$	14,544			

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three Mon	.4h - E J - J	Year Ended						
	Decem				Decem				
	 2016	2015			2016	DCI .	2015		
Revenues:						_			
Net earned premiums	\$ 236	\$	192	\$	864	\$	766		
Net investment income	117		112		408		423		
Net realized investment gains (losses)	(24)		(6)		(29)		(26)		
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives:	. ,		` '		. ,		` /		
Realized gains (losses) and other settlements	(18)		(53)		29		(18)		
Net unrealized gains (losses)	92		481		69		746		
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives	74		428		98		728		
Fair value gains (losses) on committed capital securities (CCS)	50		17		0		27		
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	27		38		38		38		
Bargain purchase gain and settlement of pre-existing relationships	_				259		214		
Other income (loss)	(10)		(6)		39		37		
Total revenues	470		775		1,677		2,207		
Expenses:									
Loss and loss adjustment expenses (LAE)	112		106		295		424		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	5		5		18		20		
Interest expense	25		25		102		101		
Other operating expenses	 57		55		245		231		
Total expenses	199		191		660		776		
Income (loss) before income taxes	 271		584		1,017		1,431		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	 74		155		136		375		
Net income (loss)	\$ 197	\$	429	\$	881	\$	1,056		
Earnings per share:									
Basic	\$ 1.51	\$	3.05	\$	6.61	\$	7.12		
Diluted	\$ 1.49	\$	3.03	\$	6.56	\$	7.08		

Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

		Three Mor	nths End	ed	Three Months Ended December 31, 2015						
		December	r 31, 201	6							
	Operating Income Adjustments (1)			of FG VIE lidation (2)	In	come ments (1)	Effect of FG VII Consolidation (2				
Adjustments to revenues:											
Net earned premiums	\$	_	\$	(4)	\$	_	\$	(5)			
Net investment income		_		(1)		2		(23)			
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(24)		_		(6)		_			
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives		64		_		301		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		50		_		17		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_		27		_		38			
Other income (loss)		(13)		0		(4)		0			
Total revenue adjustments		77		22		310		10			
Adjustments to expenses:											
Loss expense		(5)		(3)		(98)		(10)			
Other operating expenses						1	_				
Total expense adjustments		(5)		(3)		(97)		(10)			
Pre-tax adjustments		82		25		407		20			
Tax effect of adjustments		24		9		108		7			
After-tax adjustments	\$	58	\$	16	\$	299	\$	13			

¹⁾ The "Operating Income Adjustments" column represents the amounts recorded in the consolidated statements of operations that the Company removes to arrive at operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents the amounts included in the consolidated statements of operations and non-GAAP operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

		Year I	Ended		Year Ended						
		December	31, 201	6							
	Inc	Operating Income Adjustments (1)		of FG VIE lidation (2)	Inc	erating come ments (1)		f FG VIE lation (2)			
Adjustments to revenues:											
Net earned premiums	\$	_	\$	(16)	\$	_	\$	(21)			
Net investment income		8		(10)		7		(32)			
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(29)		_		(26)		_			
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives		49		_		512		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		0		_		27		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_		38		_		38			
Bargain purchase gain and settlement of pre-existing relationships		_		_		(37)		2			
Other income (loss)		(34)		0		(13)		0			
Total revenue adjustments		(6)		12		470		(13)			
Adjustments to expenses:											
Loss expense		20		(7)		(22)		(28)			
Other operating expenses		1		<u> </u>		2					
Total expense adjustments		21		(7)		(20)		(28)			
Pre-tax adjustments		(27)		19		490		15			
Tax effect of adjustments		(13)		7		144		4			
After-tax adjustments	\$	(14)	\$	12	\$	346	\$	11			

¹⁾ The "Operating Income Adjustments" column represents the amounts recorded in the consolidated statements of operations that the Company removes to arrive at operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents the amounts included in the consolidated statements of operations and non-GAAP operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Selected Financial Highlights

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1 of 3)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

and loss and LAE reserves Total pre-tax adjustments Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments Operating income (non-GAAP)	,	Three Mon Decem		Year Ended December 31,					
		2016	2015		2016		2015		
Net income (loss)	\$	197	\$ 429	\$	881	\$	1,056		
Less pre-tax adjustments:									
Realized gains (losses) on investments		(24)	(5)		(30)		(27)		
		68	400		36		505		
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		50	17		0		27		
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves		(12)	(5)		(33)		(15)		
Total pre-tax adjustments		82	407		(27)		490		
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(24)	(108)		13		(144)		
Operating income (non-GAAP)	\$	139	\$ 130	\$	895	\$	710		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation (net of tax provision of \$9, \$7, \$7 and \$4) included in operating income	\$	16	\$ 13	\$	12	\$	11		
Per diluted share:									
Net income (loss)	\$	1.49	\$ 3.03	\$	6.56	\$	7.08		
1 3									
		(0.18)	(0.04)		(0.23)		(0.19)		
		0.52	2.83		0.27		3.39		
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		0.38	0.12		0.00		0.18		
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves		(0.09)	(0.04)		(0.25)		(0.10)		
Total pre-tax adjustments		0.63	2.87		(0.21)		3.28		
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(0.19)	 (0.76)		0.09		(0.96)		
Operating income (non-GAAP)	\$	1.05	\$ 0.92	\$	6.68	\$	4.76		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in operating income per diluted share	\$	0.12	\$ 0.09	\$	0.10	\$	0.07		

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (2 of 3)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

ROE Reconciliation and Calculation

	De	ecember 31, 2016	Se	eptember 30, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015	Se	eptember 30, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014
Shareholders' equity	\$	6,504	\$	6,640	\$	6,063	\$	5,819	\$	5,758
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity		6,386		6,432		5,925		5,950		5,896
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity		(7)		(24)		(21)		(34)		(37)

	Three Mon Decem	 	Year l Decem	
	 2016	2015	2016	2015
Net income (loss)	\$ 197	\$ 429	\$ 881	\$ 1,056
Operating income (non-GAAP)	139	130	895	710
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in operating income	16	13	12	11
Average shareholders' equity	\$ 6,572	\$ 5,941	\$ 6,284	\$ 5,911
Average non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity	6,409	5,938	6,156	5,911
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in average non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity	(16)	(28)	(14)	(29)
GAAP ROE (1)	12.0%	28.9%	14.0%	17.9%
Operating ROE (non-GAAP) (1)	8.7 %	8.8 %	14.5 %	12.0%
Effect of FG VIE consolidation included in operating ROE	1.1 %	1.0 %	0.2 %	0.2 %

¹⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (3 of 3)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

				As of		
	Dec	ember 31, 2016	ember 30, 2016	ember 31, 2015	ember 30, 2015	ember 31, 2014
Reconciliation of shareholders' equity to non-GAAP adjusted book value:						
Shareholders' equity	\$	6,504	\$ 6,640	\$ 6,063	\$ 5,819	\$ 5,758
Less pre-tax reconciling items:						
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		(189)	(284)	(241)	(641)	(741)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		62	12	62	45	35
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio excluding foreign exchange effect		316	571	373	409	523
Less taxes		(71)	(91)	(56)	 56	 45
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity		6,386	6,432	5,925	5,950	5,896
Pre-tax reconciling items:						
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		106	108	114	118	121
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future credit derivative revenue		136	155	169	217	159
Plus: Net unearned premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		2,922	3,038	3,384	3,468	3,461
Plus taxes		(832)	(868)	(968)	(1,006)	(960)
Non-GAAP adjusted book value	\$	8,506	\$ 8,649	\$ 8,396	\$ 8,511	\$ 8,435
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity (net of tax benefit of \$4, \$13, \$11, \$19 and \$20)		(7)	(24)	(21)	(34)	(37)
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP adjusted book value (net of tax benefit of \$12, \$21, \$22, \$34 and \$33)		(24)	(40)	(43)	(60)	(60)

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Claims-Paying Resources (dollars in millions)

As of December 31, 2016

	G M	Assured luaranty lunicipal Corp.	Assured Juaranty Corp.	unicipal ssurance Corp.	G	Assured Guaranty Le Ltd. ⁽⁸⁾	Elir	ninations ⁽³⁾	Co	nsolidated
Claims-paying resources										
Policyholders' surplus	\$	2,321	\$ 1,896	\$ 487	\$	1,066	\$	(734)	\$	5,036
Contingency reserve ⁽¹⁾		1,236	772	260		_		(260)		2,008
Qualified statutory capital		3,557	2,668	747		1,066		(994)		7,044
Unearned premium reserve ⁽¹⁾		1,328	491	333		690		(333)		2,509
Loss and LAE reserves (1)		410	140	_		338		_		888
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		5,295	3,299	1,080		2,094		(1,327)		10,441
Present value of installment premium ⁽¹⁾		200	156	2		144		(2)		500
CCS		200	200	_		_		_		400
Excess of loss reinsurance facility (2)		360	360	360		_		(720)		360
Total claims-paying resources (including proportionate MAC ownership for AGM and AGC)		6,055	4,015	1,442		2,238		(2,049)		11,701
Adjustment for MAC ⁽⁴⁾	_	657	425	 				(1,082)	_	
Total claims-paying resources (excluding proportionate MAC ownership for AGM and AGC)	\$	5,398	\$ 3,590	\$ 1,442	\$	2,238	\$	(967)	\$	11,701
Statutory net par outstanding (5)	\$	113,955	\$ 34,479	\$ 41,951	\$	73,132	\$	(1,049)	\$	262,468
Equity method adjustment (4)		25,465	16,486	_		_		(41,951)		_
Adjusted statutory net par outstanding (1)	\$	139,420	\$ 50,965	\$ 41,951	\$	73,132	\$	(43,000)	\$	262,468
Net debt service outstanding (5)	\$	175,668	\$ 51,233	\$ 61,829	\$	114,819	\$	(2,545)	\$	401,004
Equity method adjustment (4)		37,530	24,299	_		_		(61,829)		_
Adjusted net debt service outstanding (1)	\$	213,198	\$ 75,532	\$ 61,829	\$	114,819	\$	(64,374)	\$	401,004
Ratios:					_					
Adjusted net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		39:1	19:1	56:1		69:1				37:1
Capital ratio (6)		60:1	28:1	83:1		108:1				57:1
Financial resources ratio (7)		35:1	19:1	43:1		51:1				34:1

- 1) The numbers shown for Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (AGM) and Assured Guaranty Corp. (AGC) have been adjusted to include (i) their 100% share of their respective United Kingdom insurance subsidiaries and (ii) their indirect share of Municipal Assurance Corp. (MAC). AGM and AGC own 60.7% and 39.3%, respectively, of the outstanding stock of Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc., which owns 100% of the outstanding common stock of MAC. Amounts include financial guaranty insurance and credit derivatives.
- 2) Represents an aggregate \$360 million excess-of-loss reinsurance facility for the benefit of AGC, AGM and MAC, which became effective January 1, 2016. The facility terminates on January 1, 2018, unless AGC, AGM and MAC choose to extend it.
- 3) Eliminations are primarily for (i) intercompany surplus notes between AGM and AGC, and (ii) MAC amounts, whose proportionate share are included in AGM and AGC based on ownership percentages. Net par and net debt service outstanding eliminations relate to second-to-pay policies under which an Assured Guaranty insurance subsidiary guarantees an obligation already insured by another Assured Guaranty insurance subsidiary, and net par related to intercompany cessions from AGM and AGC to MAC.
- 4) Represents adjustments for AGM's and AGC's interest and indirect ownership of MAC.
- 5) Net par outstanding and net debt service outstanding are presented on a statutory basis.
- 6) The capital ratio is calculated by dividing adjusted net debt service outstanding by qualified statutory capital.
- 7) The financial resources ratio is calculated by dividing adjusted net debt service outstanding by total claims-paying resources (including MAC adjustment for AGM and AGC).
- 8) Assured Guaranty Re Ltd. (AG Re) numbers represent the Company's estimate of U.S. statutory accounting practices prescribed or permitted by insurance regulatory authorities, except for contingency reserves.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of changes in the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding.

New Business Production (dollars in millions)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015

	Three Months Ended								Three Months Ended										
			Dec	emb	er 31, 2	2016							Dec	embe	er 31, 2	015			
	Public	Fin	ance	St	ructure	d Fir	nance				Public	Fina	ance	Str	ucture	d Fin	ance		
	U.S.		lon - U.S.	1	U.S.		on - J.S.	7	Γotal	U	.s.		on - J .S.	τ	J .S.		on - J.S.	1	Γotal
Total GWP	\$ 70	\$	9	\$	4	\$	0	\$	83	\$	42	\$	43	\$	4	\$	(2)	\$	87
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(2)		9		1		0		8		(3)		43		2		(2)		40
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP	_		9		0		1		10		_		27		1		1		29
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance	_		_		0		_		0		_		_		0		_		0
Total PVP	\$ 72	\$	9	\$	3	\$	1	\$	85	\$	45	\$	27	\$	3	\$	1	\$	76
Gross par written	\$ 5,465	\$	107	\$	47	\$	24	\$	5,643	\$ 3	3,652	\$	567	\$	66	\$	59	\$	4,344

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015

		Year Ended December 31, 2016									Year Ended December 31, 2015									
		Public	Fina	ance	Stı	Structured Finance						Public	Fina	ınce	Str	ucture	d Fin	ance		
	τ	J .S.		lon - U .S.	U	.S. ⁽²⁾		on - J.S.	1	Total		J .S.		on - J .S.	τ	J .S.		on - J.S.	T	otal
Total GWP	\$	142	\$	15	\$	(1)	\$	(2)	\$	154	\$	119	\$	41	\$	23	\$	(2)	\$	181
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		(19)		15		(4)		(2)		(10)		(5)		41		21		(2)		55
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		0		25		1		1		27		0		27		18		1		46
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance				_		23		_		23		_		_		2		5		7
Total PVP	\$	161	\$	25	\$	27	\$	1	\$	214	\$	124	\$	27	\$	22	\$	6	\$	179
Gross par written	\$1 0	6,039	\$	677	S	1,114	<u> </u>	24	\$1	7.854	\$10	6,377	<u> </u>	567	<u> </u>	327	<u> </u>	65	\$1'	7.336

¹⁾ Includes present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, gross written premium adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions, any cancellations of assumed reinsurance contracts, and other GAAP adjustments.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ Included in this category is a structured capital relief Triple-X excess of loss life reinsurance transaction written in the third quarter 2016.

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Gross Par Written

(dollars in millions)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2016			Year E December	
	Gross Par Unternal Written Rating			ross Par Vritten	Avg. Internal Rating
Sector:					
U.S. public finance					
General obligation	\$ 3,225	A-	\$	8,449	A-
Tax backed	855	A-		2,679	A-
Municipal utilities	427	BBB+		1,433	BBB
Transportation	607	A-		1,991	A-
Higher education	245	A		907	A-
Housing	11	A-		181	BBB
Infrastructure finance	95	BBB		244	BBB
Other public finance	 			155	A+
Total U.S. public finance	 5,465	A-		16,039	A-
Non-U.S. public finance:					
Regulated utilities	_	_		570	BBB+
Infrastructure finance	 107	BBB		107	BBB
Total non-U.S. public finance	 107	BBB		677	BBB+
Total public finance	\$ 5,572	A -	\$	16,716	A-
U.S. structured finance:					
Commercial receivables	\$ 6	A-	\$	31	BBB
Insurance securitization	_			1,039	AA
Other structured finance	 41	A		44	A
Total U.S. structured finance	 47	A		1,114	AA
Non-U.S. structured finance:					
Commercial Receivables	 24	AAA		24	AAA
Total non-U.S. structured finance	 24	AAA		24	AAA
Total structured finance	\$ 71	AA-	\$	1,138	AA
Total gross par written	\$ 5,643	A -	\$	17,854	A-

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of internal ratings and sectors.

Assured Guaranty Ltd.
New Business Production by Quarter (dollars in millions)

																		Year	Ende	ed
	10	Q-15	20	Q-15	30	Q-15	4	Q-15	1	Q-16	20	Q-16	30	Q-16	4	Q-16		2015	2	2016
PVP: Public finance - U.S. Public finance - non-U.S. Structured finance - U.S. Structured finance - non-U.S. Total PVP	\$ \$	13 — 18 5 36	\$ \$	25 — 1 — 26	\$ \$	41 — 0 — 41	\$ \$	45 27 3 1 76	\$ \$	31 7 — 38	\$ \$	33 7 1 —	\$ \$	25 2 23 — 50	\$ \$	72 9 3 1 85	\$ \$	124 27 22 6 179	\$ \$	161 25 27 1 214
Reconciliation of GWP to PVP:																				
Total GWP	\$	32	\$	22	\$	40	\$	87	\$	19	\$	36	\$	16	\$	83	\$	181	\$	154
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments		19		(3)		(1)		40		(12)		3		(9)		8		55		(10)
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		17		1		(1)		29		7		7		3		10		46		27
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		6		0		1		0		0		1		22		0		7		23
Total PVP	\$	36	\$	26	\$	41	\$	76	\$	38	\$	41	\$	50	\$	85	\$	179	\$	214
Gross par written:																				
Public finance - U.S.	\$ 2	2,441	\$ 5	5,581	\$	4,703	\$	3,652	\$	2,749	\$ 4	1,366	\$ 3	3,459	\$	5,465	\$ 1	6,377	\$ 1	6,039
Public finance - non-U.S.		_		_		_		567		_		406		164		107		567		677
Structured finance - U.S.		261		—		_		66		_		3		1,064		47		327		1,114
Structured finance - non-U.S.		6	_		_		_	59	_		_	_	_		_	24	_	65	_	24
Total	\$ 2	2,708	\$ 5	5,581	\$	4,703	\$	4,344	\$	2,749	\$ 4	1,775	\$ 4	4,687	\$	5,643	\$ 1	7,336	\$ 1	7,854

Available-for-Sale Investment Portfolio and Cash As of December 31, 2016

(dollars in millions)

	nortized Cost	Pre-Tax Book Yield	After-Tax Book Yield	Fa	air Value	Inve	ualized stment ome ⁽¹⁾
Investment portfolio, available-for-sale:							
Fixed maturity securities:							
Obligations of states and political subdivisions ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 4,954	3.80%	3.52 %	\$	5,092	\$	188
Insured obligations of state and political subdivisions (2)(4)	315	4.91 %	4.52 %		340		15
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	285	1.54%	1.11%		291		4
Agency obligations	139	4.46%	3.68 %		149		6
Corporate securities (4)	1,612	3.69%	2.90 %		1,613		60
Mortgage-backed securities (MBS):							
Residential MBS (RMBS) (3)(4)	998	4.67 %	3.51%		987		47
Commercial MBS (CMBS)	575	3.21%	2.52 %		583		19
Asset-backed securities (4)	835	6.69 %	4.43 %		945		56
Foreign government securities	261	1.85 %	1.21%		233		5
Total fixed maturity securities	9,974	4.01%	3.34%		10,233		400
Short-term investments	590	0.23 %	0.15%		590		1
Cash (5)	118	%	<u>%</u>		118		_
Total	\$ 10,682	3.80%	3.16%	\$	10,941	\$	401

Ratings (6):	Fa	ir Value	% of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	291	2.8 %
Agency obligations		149	1.5 %
AAA/Aaa		1,182	11.5%
AA/Aa		5,166	50.5 %
A/A		1,835	17.9%
BBB		191	1.9%
Below investment grade (BIG) ⁽⁷⁾		1,380	13.5 %
Not rated		39	0.4 %
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	10,233	100.0 %
Duration of fixed maturity securities and short-term investments (in years):			5.3
Average ratings of fixed maturity securities and short-term			

- 1) Represents annualized investment income based on amortized cost and pre-tax book yields.
- 2) Reflects obligations of state and local political subdivisions that have been insured by other financial guarantors. The underlying ratings of these bonds, after giving effect to the lower of the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P) or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's), average A+. Includes fair value of \$138 million insured by AGC and AGM.

 \mathbf{A} +

- 3) Includes fair value of \$237 million in subprime RMBS, which has an average rating of BIG.
- 4) Includes securities purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies.
- 5) Cash is not included in the yield calculation.
- 6) Ratings are represented by the lower of the Moody's and S&P classifications except for bonds purchased for loss mitigation (loss mitigation bonds) or other risk management strategies which use internal ratings classifications.
- 7) Includes below investment grade securities that were purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies of \$2,141 million in par with carrying value of \$1,376 million.

Assured Guaranty Ltd.Estimated Net Exposure Amortization⁽¹⁾ and Estimated Future Net Premium and Credit Derivative Revenues (dollars in millions)

						Fina	nce (2)			
	Del	mated Net ot Service ortization	Ei De	stimated nding Net bt Service utstanding	Ne	oected PV t Earned emiums	 ccretion of Discount	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation on Expected PV Net Earned Premiums and Accretion of Discount		Future Credit Derivative Revenues
2016 (as of December 31)			\$	437,535						
2017 Q1	\$	12,576		424,959	\$	89	\$ 4	\$	(4)	\$ 7
2017 Q2		12,636		412,323		87	4		(4)	6
2017 Q3		15,916		396,407		82	4		(3)	5
2017 Q4		9,458		386,949		80	4		(3)	3
2018		36,271		350,678		304	13		(11)	11
2019		28,877		321,801		268	12		(9)	10
2020		22,098		299,703		243	11		(7)	9
2021		21,912		277,791		223	10		(6)	10
2017-2021		159,744		277,791		1,376	62		(47)	61
2022-2026		97,336		180,455		856	39		(20)	36
2027-2031		72,951		107,504		545	23		(12)	26
2032-2036		53,347		54,157		315	12		(11)	23
After 2036		54,157		_		250	9		(2)	 26
Total	\$	437,535			\$	3,342	\$ 145	\$	(92)	\$ 172

¹⁾ Represents the future expected amortization of current debt service outstanding (principal and interest), assuming no advance refundings, as of December 31, 2016. Actual amortization differs from expected maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay guaranteed obligations and because of management's assumptions on structured finance amortization.

²⁾ See page 17, "Net Expected Loss to be Expensed."

Expected Amortization of Net Par Outstanding (dollars in millions)

Structured Finance

Estimated	Net	Par A	Amortization
-----------	-----	-------	--------------

	U.S. and Non-U.S. Pooled Corporate		U.S. RMBS		Financial Products		Other Structured Finance		Total		En	timated ding Net Par tstanding
2016 (as of December 31)											\$	25,139
2017 Q1	\$	3,173	\$	256	\$	50	\$	96	\$	3,575		21,564
2017 Q2		2,558		245		17		150		2,970		18,594
2017 Q3		2,173		218		(9)		76		2,458		16,136
2017 Q4		832		206		(9)		140		1,169		14,967
2018		756		771		(19)		573		2,081		12,886
2019		433		841		7		605		1,886		11,000
2020		69		648		(2)		342		1,057		9,943
2021		77		561		2		560		1,200		8,743
2017-2021		10,071		3,746		37		2,542		16,396		8,743
2022-2026		337		1,253		282		1,820		3,692		5,051
2027-2031		366		312		888		981		2,547		2,504
2032-2036		618		123		237		881		1,859		645
After 2036		193		203		96		153		645		_
Total structured finance	\$	11,585	\$	5,637	\$	1,540	\$	6,377	\$	25,139		

Public Finance

	Ī	stimated Net Par ortization	Er	stimated ding Net Par tstanding
2016 (as of December 31)			\$	271,179
2017 Q1	\$	5,721		265,458
2017 Q2		6,473		258,985
2017 Q3		10,385		248,600
2017 Q4		5,298		243,302
2018		22,927		220,375
2019		16,706		203,669
2020		11,411		192,258
2021		11,642		180,616
2017-2021		90,563		180,616
2022-2026		56,351		124,265
2027-2031		45,712		78,553
2032-2036		37,057		41,496
After 2036		41,496		_
Total public finance	\$	271,179		

Net par outstanding (end of period)

	1Q-15	2Q-15	3Q-15	4Q-15	1Q-16	2Q-16	3Q-16	4Q-16
Public finance - U.S.	\$ 313,444	\$ 312,182	\$ 300,732	\$ 291,866	\$ 282,055	\$ 272,114	\$ 258,650	\$ 244,798
Public finance - non-U.S.	29,619	32,319	30,103	29,577	29,385	28,128	28,239	26,381
Structured finance - U.S.	38,430	38,906	35,435	31,770	30,452	25,562	24,387	22,057
Structured finance - non-U.S.	7,606	6,977	6,091	5,358	5,123	4,060	4,049	3,082
Net par outstanding	\$ 389,099	\$ 390,384	\$ 372,361	\$ 358,571	\$ 347,015	\$ 329,864	\$ 315,325	\$ 296,318

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Net Expected Loss to be Expensed As of December 31, 2016 (dollars in millions)

	Los	expected s to be ensed (1)
	G	AAP
2017 Q1	\$	8
2017 Q2		10
2017 Q3		8
2017 Q4		9
2018		34
2019		32
2020		32
2021		28
2017-2021		161
2022-2026		117
2027-2031		82
2032-2036		44
After 2036		17
Total expected PV of net expected loss to be expensed ⁽²⁾		421
Future accretion		373
Total expected future loss and LAE	\$	794

¹⁾ The present value of net expected loss to be paid is discounted using risk free rates ranging from 0.0% to 3.23% for U.S. dollar denominated obligations.

²⁾ Excludes \$64 million related to FG VIEs, which are eliminated in consolidation.

Financial Guaranty Profile (1 of 4) (dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding and Average Rating by Asset Type

		December	31, 2016		December	31, 2015
		Net Par tstanding	Avg. Internal Rating		Net Par atstanding	Avg. Internal Rating
U.S. public finance:						
General obligation	\$	107,717	Α	\$	126,255	A
Tax backed		49,931	A-		58,062	A
Municipal utilities		37,603	Α		45,936	A
Transportation		19,403	A-		23,454	A
Healthcare		11,238	A		15,006	A
Higher education		10,085	A		11,936	A
Infrastructure finance		3,769	BBB+		4,993	BBB
Housing		1,559	A-		2,037	A
Investor-owned utilities		697	BBB+		916	A-
Other public finance		2,796	A		3,271	A
Total U.S. public finance		244,798	A		291,866	A
Non-U.S. public finance:		,			Ź	
Infrastructure finance		10,731	BBB		12,728	BBB
Regulated utilities		9,263	BBB+		10,048	BBB+
Pooled infrastructure		1,513	AAA		1,879	AA
Other public finance		4,874	Α		4,922	A
Total non-U.S. public finance		26,381	BBB+		29,577	BBB+
Total public finance	\$	271,179	A-	\$	321,443	A
U.S. structured finance:						
Pooled corporate obligations	\$	10,050	AAA	\$	16,008	AAA
RMBS	*	5,637	BBB-	*	7,067	BBB-
Insurance securitizations		2,308	A+		3,000	A+
Consumer receivables		1,652	BBB+		2,099	A-
Financial products		1,540	AA-		1,906	AA-
Commercial receivables		230	BBB-		427	BBB+
CMBS and other commercial real estate related exposures		43	Α		533	AAA
Other structured finance		597	AA-		730	AA-
Total U.S. structured finance		22,057	A+		31,770	AA-
Non-U.S. structured finance:						
Pooled corporate obligations		1,535	AA		3,645	AA
RMBS		604	A-		492	BBB
Commercial receivables		356	BBB+		600	BBB+
Other structured finance		587	AA		621	AA-
Total non-U.S. structured finance		3,082	AA-		5,358	AA-
Total structured finance	\$	25,139	AA-	\$	37,128	AA-
Total	\$	296,318	A	\$	358,571	A

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (2 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Distribution by Ratings of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

		Public Fina U.S.	nce -	Public Finance - Non-U.S.			Structured Fit U.S.	nance -	Structured Fin Non-U.S		Total		
Ratings:	-	Net Par tstanding	%	-	Net Par tstanding	%	Net Par Outstanding	%	Net Par Outstanding	%	-	Net Par tstanding	%
AAA	\$	2,066	0.8 %	\$	2,221	8.4 %	9,757	44.2 %	1,447	47.0 %	\$	15,491	5.2 %
AA		46,420	19.0		170	0.6	5,773	26.2	127	4.1		52,490	17.7
A		133,829	54.7		6,270	23.8	1,589	7.2	456	14.8		142,144	48.0
BBB		55,103	22.5		16,378	62.1	879	4.0	759	24.6		73,119	24.7
BIG		7,380	3.0		1,342	5.1	4,059	18.4	293	9.5		13,074	4.4
Net Par Outstanding (1)(2)	\$	244,798	100.0%	\$	26,381	100.0%	\$ 22,057	100.0%	\$ 3,082	100.0%	\$	296,318	100.0%

¹⁾ As of December 31, 2016, excludes \$2.1 billion of net par as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including loss mitigation securities held in the investment portfolio, which are primarily BIG. Includes \$2.9 billion of net par from the acquisition of CIFG Assurance North America, Inc. (CIFG).

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (3 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Geographic Distribution of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	Net Par Outstanding	% of Total
U.S.:		
U.S. public finance:		
California	\$ 42,404	14.3 %
Texas	20,599	7.0
Pennsylvania	20,232	6.8
New York	19,637	6.6
Illinois	17,967	6.1
Florida	12,643	4.3
New Jersey	12,560	4.2
Michigan	7,985	2.7
Georgia	6,372	2.2
Ohio	5,554	1.9
Other states	78,845	26.6
Total public finance	244,798	82.7
U.S. structured finance:	22,057	7.4
Total U.S.	266,855	90.1
Non-U.S.:		
United Kingdom	15,940	5.4
Australia	3,036	1.0
Canada	2,730	0.9
France	1,809	0.6
Italy	1,311	0.4
Other	4,637	1.6
Total non-U.S.	29,463	9.9
Total net par outstanding	\$ 296,318	100.0%

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (4 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Net Direct Economic Exposure to Selected European Countries (1)

	Hu	ngary	 Italy	Po	ortugal	 Spain	Tu	rkey ⁽⁴⁾	 Total
Sub-sovereign exposure (2)	\$	236	\$ 880	\$	76	\$ 342		_	\$ 1,534
Non-sovereign exposure (3)		114	399		_	_		202	715
Total	\$	350	\$ 1,279	\$	76	\$ 342	\$	202	\$ 2,249
Total BIG	\$	283	\$ 	\$	76	\$ 342	\$		\$ 701

- 1) While exposures are shown in U.S. dollars, the obligations are in various currencies, primarily euros.
- 2) Sub-sovereign exposure in Selected European Countries includes transactions backed by receivables from, or supported by, sub-sovereigns, which are governmental or government-backed entities other than the ultimate governing body of the country.
- 3) Non-sovereign exposure in Selected European Countries includes debt of regulated utilities, RMBS and diversified payment rights (DPR) securitizations.
- 4) The \$202 million net insured par exposure in Turkey is to DPR securitizations sponsored by a major Turkish bank. These DPR securitizations were established outside of Turkey and involve payment orders in U.S. dollars, pounds sterling and Euros from persons outside of Turkey to beneficiaries in Turkey who are customers of the sponsoring bank. The sponsoring bank's correspondent banks have agreed to remit all such payments to a trustee-controlled account outside Turkey, where debt service payments for the DPR securitization are given priority over payments to the sponsoring bank.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's net par outstanding, internal rating approach and of the various sectors.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (1 of 3)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Exposure to Puerto Rico

Gross Par OutstandingNet Par OutstandingGross Debt Service OutstandingNet Debt Service OutstandingTotal\$ 5,435\$ 4,786\$ 9,038\$ 8,089

Net Exposure to Puerto Rico by Risk⁽¹⁾

	Net Par Outstanding											
		AGM	AGC		AG Re		Eliminations (2)		Total Net Par Outstanding (3)			oss Par standing
Commonwealth Constitutionally Guaranteed												
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds ⁽⁵⁾	\$	680	\$	378	\$	421	\$	(3)	\$	1,476	\$	1,577
Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority (PBA) ⁽⁵⁾		11		169		0		(11)		169		174
Public Corporations - Certain Revenues Potentially Subject to Clawback ⁽⁴⁾												
Puerto Rico Highways and Transportation Authority (PRHTA) (Transportation revenue) ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾		273		519		209		(83)		918		949
PRHTA (Highways revenue)		213		93		44		_		350		556
Puerto Rico Convention Center District Authority (PRCCDA)		_		152		_		_		152		152
Puerto Rico Infrastructure Financing Authority (PRIFA) ⁽⁵⁾		_		17		1		_		18		18
Other Public Corporations												
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA)		417		73		234		_		724		876
Puerto Rico Aqueduct and Sewer Authority (PRASA)		_		285		88		_		373		373
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency (MFA)		175		61		98		_		334		488
Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation (COFINA)		262		_		9		_		271		271
University of Puerto Rico				1						1		1
Total net exposure to Puerto Rico	\$	2,031	\$	1,748	\$	1,104	\$	(97)	\$	4,786	\$	5,435

- 1) The general obligation bonds of Puerto Rico and various obligations of its related authorities and public corporations are rated BIG.
- 2) Net par outstanding eliminations relate to second-to-pay policies under which an Assured Guaranty insurance subsidiary guarantees an obligation already insured by another Assured Guaranty insurance subsidiary.
- 3) Includes exposure to capital appreciation bonds with a current aggregate net par outstanding of \$31 million and a fully accreted net par at maturity of \$63 million. Of these amounts, current net par of \$19 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$50 million relate to the COFINA, current net par of \$7 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$7 million relate to the PRHTA, and current net par of \$5 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$5 million relate to the Commonwealth General Obligation Bonds.
- 4) The Governor issued executive orders on November 30, 2015, and December 8, 2015, directing the Puerto Rico Department of Treasury and the Puerto Rico Tourism Company to retain or transfer certain taxes and revenues pledged to secure the payment of bonds issued by PRHTA, PRIFA and PRCCDA. On January 7, 2016 the Company sued various Puerto Rico governmental officials in the United States District Court, District of Puerto Rico asserting that this attempt to "claw back" pledged taxes and revenues is unconstitutional, and demanding declaratory and injunctive relief. On October 14, 2016, the Commonwealth defendants filed a notice of automatic stay under the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act (PROMESA).
- 5) As of the date of this filing, the Company has paid claims on these credits.
- 6) The December 31, 2016 amount includes \$46 million of net par from the acquisition of CIFG.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (2 of 3)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Amortization Schedule of Net Par Outstanding of Puerto Rico $^{(1)}$

	20 (1		20 (2		20:		2017 (4Q)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2	022	20	23	20	24	20	25	2026	2027 -2031	2032 -2036		037 041	2042 -2047	Total
Commonwealth Constitutionally Guaranteed																										
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds	\$	0	\$	0	\$	93	\$ 0	\$ 75	\$ 82	\$ 136	\$ 10	5 \$	36	\$	15	\$	73	\$	68	\$ 34	\$ 254	\$ 489	\$	105	\$ —	\$1,476
PBA		_		_		28	_	_	3	5	13	3	0		6		0		7	11	42	54	ļ	_	_	169
Public Corporations - Certain Revenues Potentially Subject to Clawback																										
PRHTA (Transportation revenue)		0		0		36	0	38	32	25	18	3	28		34		4		29	24	156	295	į	194	5	918
PRHTA (Highways revenue)		_		_		10	_	10	21	22	20	5	6		8		8		8	0	62	169)	_	_	350
PRCCDA		_		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_		_		_	_	19	133	;	_	_	152
PRIFA		_		_		_	_	2	_	_	_	-	_		2		_		_	_	_	_	-	14	_	18
Other Public Corporations																										
PREPA		0		0		5	_	4	25	42	2	l	22		81		78		52	89	279	26)	0	_	724
PRASA		_		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		_		2		25	26	57	_	-	2	261	373
MFA		_		_		48	_	47	44	37	33	3	33		16		12		12	25	27	_	-	_	_	334
COFINA		0		0		0	0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2	2)	(2)		1		0		(2)	(2)	(7) 34	ļ	102	152	271
University of Puerto Rico		_		_		0	_	0	0	0	()	0		0		0		0	0	0	1		_	_	1
Total net par for Puerto Rico	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 2	20	\$ 0	\$ 175	\$ 206	\$ 266	\$ 12:	5 \$	123	\$:	163	\$ 1	177	\$ 1	99	\$ 207	\$ 889	\$1,201	\$	417	\$ 418	\$4,786

¹⁾ Includes exposure to capital appreciation bonds with a current aggregate net par outstanding of \$31 million and a fully accreted net par at maturity of \$63 million. Of these amounts, current net par of \$19 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$50 million relate to the COFINA, current net par of \$7 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$7 million relate to the PRHTA, and current net par of \$5 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$5 million relate to the Commonwealth General Obligation Bonds.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (3 of 3)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Amortization Schedule of Net Debt Service Outstanding of Puerto Rico $^{(1)}$

	2017 (1Q)	17 Q)	2017 (3Q)	2017 (4Q)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027 -2031	2032 -2036	2037 -2041	2042 -2047	Total
Commonwealth Constitutionally Guaranteed																		
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds	\$ 38	\$ 0	\$ 131	\$ 0	\$ 146	\$ 150	\$ 200	\$ 73	\$ 93	\$ 69	\$ 127	\$ 118	\$ 81	\$ 445	\$ 595	\$ 112	\$ —	\$2,378
PBA	4	_	32	_	7	10	13	20	6	13	6	12	17	58	62	_	_	260
Public Corporations - Certain Revenues Potentially Subject to Clawback																		
PRHTA (Transportation revenue)	24	0	60	0	84	76	67	59	68	72	41	65	59	308	404	229	5	1,621
PRHTA (Highways revenue)	10	_	19	_	29	39	39	42	20	21	21	21	13	120	196	_	_	590
PRCCDA	3	_	4	_	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	50	151	_	_	271
PRIFA	0	_	0	_	3	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	4	3	15	_	35
Other Public Corporations																		
PREPA	15	2	20	2	37	58	74	52	50	109	102	72	107	322	29	0	_	1,051
PRASA	10	_	10	_	20	19	19	19	19	19	21	44	44	129	68	70	327	838
MFA	8	_	57	_	62	56	47	40	39	21	16	15	27	30	_	_	_	418
COFINA	6	0	6	0	13	13	13	13	13	15	15	13	13	68	103	162	160	626
University of Puerto Rico	0	_	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			1
Total net par for Puerto Rico	\$ 118	\$ 2	\$ 339	\$ 2	\$ 408	\$ 429	\$ 480	\$ 326	\$ 316	\$ 349	\$ 357	\$ 368	\$ 369	\$1,534	\$1,612	\$ 588	\$ 492	\$8,089

¹⁾ Includes exposure to capital appreciation bonds with a current aggregate net par outstanding of \$31 million and a fully accreted net par at maturity of \$63 million. Of these amounts, current net par of \$19 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$50 million relate to the COFINA, current net par of \$7 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$7 million relate to the PRHTA, and current net par of \$5 million and fully accreted net par at maturity of \$5 million relate to the Commonwealth General Obligation Bonds.

Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations Profile
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Ratings

	Net Par tstanding	% of Total	Avg. Initial Credit Enhancement	Avg. Current Credit Enhancement
Ratings:				
AAA	\$ 8,785	76.6 %	22.1%	23.5%
AA	1,382	12.0	43.1	54.2
A	519	4.5	30.0	36.2
BBB	244	2.1	44.1	44.6
BIG	 546	4.8	30.4	18.2
Total exposures	\$ 11,476	100.0%	25.9%	27.9%

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Asset Class

	_	et Par estanding	% of Total	Avg. Initial Credit Enhancement	Avg. Current Credit Enhancement	Avg. Rating
Asset class:						
Synthetic investment grade pooled corporates	\$	7,224	63.0 %	21.3%	18.9%	AAA
CBOs/CLOs		2,024	17.6	29.1	46.5	AAA
Trust preferred						
Banks and insurance		1,505	13.1	43.3	46.8	A
U.S. mortgage and real estate investment trusts		387	3.4	48.2	50.2	BBB
Other pooled corporates		336	2.9			A-
Total exposures	\$	11,476	100.0%	25.9%	27.9%	AAA

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of internal ratings, performance indicators and sectors.

Consolidated U.S. RMBS Profile
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Distribution of U.S. RMBS by Rating and Type of Exposure

Ratings:	e First ien	Al	lt-A First Lien	Opti	on ARMs	Sub	prime First Lien	Sec	cond Lien	l Net Par standing
AAA	\$ 2	\$	174	\$	28	\$	1,471	\$	0	\$ 1,675
AA	24		240		52		276		0	592
A	14		11		0		85		0	111
BBB	24		5		_		80		0	108
BIG	 141		570		81		1,134		1,225	3,151
Total exposures	\$ 205	\$	1,000	\$	161	\$	3,045	\$	1,225	\$ 5,637

Distribution of U.S. RMBS by Year Insured and Type of Exposure

Year insured:	ne First Lien	A	lt-A First Lien	Opti	on ARMs	Sul	bprime First Lien	Seco	ond Lien	l Net Par standing
2004 and prior	\$ 31	\$	43	\$	15	\$	959	\$	74	\$ 1,122
2005	102		376		30		164		264	936
2006	72		76		28		682		352	1,210
2007	_		504		89		1,176		536	2,305
2008	 						65			 65
Total exposures	\$ 205	\$	1,000	\$	161	\$	3,045	\$	1,225	\$ 5,637

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding and a description of sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (1 of 5) (dollars in millions)

BIG Exposures by Asset Exposure Type

	Decemb	oer 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
U.S. public finance:				·	
General obligation	\$	3,186	\$	2,964	
Tax backed		2,249		2,389	
Municipal utilities		1,152		1,247	
Infrastructure finance		368		403	
Higher education		164		244	
Healthcare		134		350	
Transportation		87		86	
Housing		19		19	
Other public finance		21		82	
Total U.S. public finance		7,380		7,784	
Non-U.S. public finance:					
Infrastructure finance		1,037		1,053	
Other public finance		305		325	
Total non-U.S. public finance		1,342		1,378	
Total public finance	\$	8,722	\$	9,162	
U.S. structured finance:					
RMBS	\$	3,151	\$	3,973	
Pooled corporate obligations		430		806	
Consumer receivables		233		305	
Insurance securitizations		126		216	
Commercial receivables		103		75	
Other structured finance		16		94	
Total U.S. structured finance		4,059		5,469	
Non-U.S. structured finance:					
Pooled corporate obligations		185		386	
Commercial receivables		61		63	
RMBS		47		103	
Total non-U.S. structured finance		293		552	
Total structured finance	\$	4,352	\$	6,021	
Total BIG net par outstanding	\$	13,074	\$	15,183	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (2 of 5) (dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by BIG Category(1)

	Decem	ber 31, 2016	Decembe	er 31, 2015
Category 1				
U.S. public finance	\$	2,403	\$	4,765
Non-U.S. public finance		1,288		875
U.S. structured finance		594		1,874
Non-U.S. structured finance		210		509
Total Category 1		4,495		8,023
Category 2				
U.S. public finance		3,122		2,883
Non-U.S. public finance		54		503
U.S. structured finance		800		700
Non-U.S. structured finance		83		43
Total Category 2		4,059		4,129
Category 3				
U.S. public finance		1,855		136
Non-U.S. public finance		_		_
U.S. structured finance		2,665		2,895
Non-U.S. structured finance		<u> </u>		
Total Category 3		4,520		3,031
BIG Total	\$	13,074	\$	15,183

¹⁾ Assured Guaranty's surveillance department is responsible for monitoring the Company's portfolio of credits and maintains a list of BIG credits. BIG Category 1: Below-investment-grade transactions showing sufficient deterioration to make future losses possible, but for which none are currently expected. BIG Category 2: Below-investment-grade transactions for which future losses are expected but for which no claims (other than liquidity claims which is a claim that the Company expects to be reimbursed within one year) have yet been paid. BIG Category 3: Below-investment-grade transactions for which future losses are expected and on which claims (other than liquidity claims) have been paid.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (3 of 5)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Public Finance BIG Exposures with Revenue Sources Greater Than \$50 Million

	et Par standing	Internal Rating
Name or description		
U.S. public finance:		
Puerto Rico, General Obligation, Appropriations and Guarantees of the Commonwealth	\$ 1,663	CCC-
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority	1,268	CC-
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority	724	CC
Puerto Rico Aqueduct & Sewer Authority	373	CCC
Oyster Bay, New York	358	BB+
Louisville Arena Authority Inc.	334	BB
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency	334	CCC-
Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation	271	CCC+
Puerto Rico Convention Center District Authority	152	CC-
Woonsocket (City of), Rhode Island	135	BB
Stockton Pension Obligation Bonds, California	113	D
Penn Hills School District, Pennsylvania	107	BB
Butler County General Authority, Pennsylvania	105	BB
Detroit-Wayne County Stadium Authority, Michigan	88	BB-
Orange County Tourist Development Tax, Florida	86	BB+
Atlantic City, New Jersey	65	BB
Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority (Capitol Region Parking System)	62	BB
Southlands Metropolitan District No. 1, Colorado	51	BB-
University of the Arts, Pennsylvania	51	BB
Total	\$ 6,340	
Non-U.S. public finance:		
Reliance Rail Finance Pty Limited	\$ 496	BB
M6 Duna Autopalya Koncesszios Zartkoruen Mukodo Reszvenytarsasag	236	BB-
Valencia Fair	229	BB-
Autovia de la Mancha, S.A.	108	BB-
CountyRoute (A130) plc	87	BB-
Metropolitano de Porto Lease and Sublease of Railroad Equipment	54	B+
Breeze Finance S.A.	 52	B-
Total	\$ 1,262	
Total	\$ 7,602	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (4 of 5)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Structured Finance BIG Exposures Greater Than \$50 Million

	 t Par tanding	Internal Rating	Current Credit Enhancement	60+ Day Delinquencies
Name or description				
U.S. structured finance:				
RMBS:				
Option One 2007-FXD2	\$ 237	CCC	0.0%	17.7%
Countrywide HELOC 2006-I	189	В	0.0%	3.0%
Soundview 2007-WMC1	165	CCC	<u> </u> %	40.7%
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	160	CCC	0.0%	24.7%
MABS 2007-NCW	142	CCC	0.0%	34.7%
Countrywide Home Equity Loan Trust 2007-D	119	CCC	0.0%	2.9%
New Century 2005-A	112	CCC	5.6%	18.7%
Countrywide Home Equity Loan Trust 2005-J	103	CCC	0.1%	4.4%
Countrywide HELOC 2006-F	100	CCC	0.0%	6.4%
Countrywide HELOC 2005-D	96	CCC	0.0%	5.2%
Countrywide HELOC 2007-A	91	CCC	0.0%	3.5%
Countrywide HELOC 2007-B	90	В	0.0%	3.5%
IndyMac 2007-H1 HELOC	74	CCC	<u> % </u>	2.6%
Doral 2006-1	72	В	7.3%	23.6%
Soundview (Delta) 2008-1	65	CCC	0.1%	22.5%
GMACM 2004-HE3	55	CCC	0.0%	6.0%
Ace 2007-D1	54	CCC	1.9%	25.9%
Ace Home Equity Loan Trust 2007-SL1	 54	CCC	<u> % </u>	6.5%
Total RMBS	\$ 1,978			

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of performance indicators and sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (5 of 5)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

Structured Finance BIG Exposures Greater Than \$50 Million (continued)

	et Par tanding	Internal Rating	Current Credit Enhancement
Name or description			
U.S. structured finance:			
Non-RMBS:			
Alesco Preferred Funding XVI, Ltd.	\$ 175	BB	22.4%
Taberna Preferred Funding II, Ltd.	129	BB	34.9%
US Capital Funding IV, LTD	126	CCC	11.9%
Ballantyne Re Plc	85	CC	N/A
National Collegiate Trust Series 2006-2	 68	CCC	N/A
Subtotal non-RMBS	\$ 583		
Subtotal U.S. structured finance	\$ 2,561		
Non-U.S. structured finance:			
Private Pooled Corporate Transaction	\$ 88	BB	N/A
Gleneagles Funding Ltd.	 54	BB	N/A
Subtotal Non-U.S. structured finance	\$ 142		
Total	\$ 2,703		

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of performance indicators and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (1 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

50 Largest U.S. Public Finance Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating
New Jersey (State of)	\$ 4,468	BBB+
Illinois (State of)	2,269	BBB+
California (State of)	1,849	A
New York (City of) New York	1,804	A+
Pennsylvania (Commonwealth of)	1,771	A-
Chicago (City of) Illinois	1,699	BBB+
New York (State of)	1,670	A+
Puerto Rico, General Obligation, Appropriations and Guarantees of the Commonwealth	1,663	CCC-
Massachusetts (Commonwealth of)	1,627	AA
Port Authority of New York & New Jersey	1,337	BBB+
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority	1,268	CC-
Wisconsin (State of)	1,257	A+
Chicago Public Schools, Illinois	1,244	BBB-
Georgia Board of Regents	1,228	A
North Texas Tollway Authority	1,214	A
Philadelphia (City of) Pennsylvania	1,164	BBB+
Massachusetts (Commonwealth of) Water Resources	1,146	AA
New York Metropolitan Transportation Authority	1,109	A
Los Angeles Unified School District, California	1,070	AA-
Great Lakes Water Authority (Sewerage), Michigan	1,054	BBB+
Arizona (State of)	964	A+
Miami-Dade County Aviation, Florida	892	A
Philadelphia School District, Pennsylvania	836	A-
Long Island Power Authority	808	BBB+
Atlanta, Georgia Water & Sewer System	792	A-
Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission	777	A-
Miami-Dade County, Florida Water & Sewer	730	A+
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority	724	CC
Kentucky (Commonwealth of)	718	A+
Oglethorpe Power Corporation, Georgia	718	BBB+
Metropolitan Pier & Exposition Authority, Illinois	699	BBB
Regional Transportation Authority, Illinois	688	AA-
Nassau County, New York	688	A-
San Jose Airport, California	686	BBB+
Jefferson County Alabama Sewer	645	BBB-
Miami-Dade County, Florida	634	A+
San Diego Unified School District, California	632	AA
Miami-Dade County School Board, Florida	619	A-
California (State of) Department of Water Resources - Electric Power Revenue	615	AA-
Garden State Preservation Trust (Open Space & Farmland), New Jersey	615	A-
Sacramento County, California	611	A-
Central Florida Expressway Authority, Florida	605	A+
Suffolk County, New York	597	BBB
San Francisco (City & County) Airports Commission	583	A
New Jersey Turnpike Authority, New Jersey	570	A-
District of Columbia	563	AA-
New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority	555	AA
Las Vegas-McCarran International Airport, Nevada	548	A
Utah Transit Authority, Utah	546	AA+
Industry Urban Development Agency, California	541	BBB+
Total top 50 U.S. public finance exposures	\$ 52,110	

 $Please\ refer\ to\ the\ Glossary\ for\ an\ explanation\ of\ net\ par\ outstanding,\ internal\ ratings\ and\ sectors.$

Largest Exposures by Sector (2 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

50 Largest U.S. Structured Finance Exposures

Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating	Credit Enhancement
Private US Insurance Securitization	\$ 800	AA	N/A
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	766	AAA	14.8%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	744	AAA	26.7%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	655	AAA	14.9%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	563	AAA	23.4%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	516	AAA	14.3%
Private US Insurance Securitization	500	AA	N/A
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	450	AAA	17.2%
SLM Private Credit Student Trust 2007-A	450	A-	18.2%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	440	AAA	21.2%
LIICA Holdings, LLC	428	AA	N/A
Fortress Credit Opportunities I, LP.	422	AA	50.5%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	400	AAA	17.6%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	380	AAA	29.2%
SLM Private Credit Student Loan Trust 2006-C	356	A+	23.3%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	345	AAA	16.3%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	295	AAA	14.2%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	283	AAA	30.3%
Cent CDO 15 Limited	271	AAA	19.2%
Private US Insurance Securitization	250	AA	N/A
Option One 2007-FXD2	237	CCC	0.0%
Cent CDO 12 Limited	227	AAA	28.4%
Timberlake Financial, LLC Floating Insured Notes	204	BBB-	N/A
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	204	AAA	9.2%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	204	AAA	10.4%
Countrywide HELOC 2006-I	189	В	0.0%
Alesco Preferred Funding XVI, Ltd.	175	BB	22.4%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	170	AAA	27.6%
Access Group Private Student Loan Series 2007-A	166	AA	26.7%
Soundview 2007-WMC1	165	CCC	<u>%</u>
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	160	CCC	0.0%
CWALT Alternative Loan Trust 2007-HY9	159	A	0.0%
CWABS 2007-4	147	A+	0.0%
MABS 2007-NCW	142	CCC	0.0%
ALESCO Preferred Funding XIII, Ltd.	137	AA	51.8%
Taberna Preferred Funding II, Ltd.	129	BB	34.9%
US Capital Funding IV, LTD	126	CCC	11.9%
Trapeza CDO XI	120	A-	50.1%
Countrywide Home Equity Loan Trust 2007-D	119	CCC	0.0%
New Century 2005-A	112	CCC	5.6%
OwnIt Mortgage Loan ABS Certificates 2006-3	111	AAA	19.5%
Structured Asset Investment Loan Trust 2006-1	111	AAA	9.9%
First Franklin Mortgage Loan ABS 2005-FF12	111	AAA	74.4%
New Century Home Equity Loan Trust 2006-1	111	AAA	9.9%
Soundview Home Equity Loan Trust 2006-OPT1	111	AAA	46.6%
Merrill Lynch Mortgage Investors 2006-HE1	111	AAA	74.2%
ALESCO Preferred Funding XI	110	AA	52.8%
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	110	AAA	N/A
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	110	AAA	N/A
Countrywide 2007-13	109	AA-	19.6%
Total top 50 U.S. structured finance exposures	\$ 13,711		

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (3 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

25 Largest Non-U.S. Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:	Country	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating
Hydro-Quebec, Province of Quebec	Canada	\$ 1,985	A+
Thames Water Utility Finance PLC	United Kingdom	1,146	A-
Societe des Autoroutes du Nord et de l'Est de France S.A.	France	926	BBB+
Channel Link Enterprises Finance PLC	France, United Kingdom	768	BBB
Verbund - Lease and Sublease of Hydro-Electric Equipment	Austria	677	AAA
Capital Hospitals (Barts)	United Kingdom	671	BBB-
Sydney Airport Finance Company	Australia	631	BBB
Southern Water Services Limited	United Kingdom	615	A-
InspirED Education (South Lanarkshire) PLC	United Kingdom	608	BBB-
Southern Gas Networks PLC	United Kingdom	556	BBB
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	540	AAA
Campania Region - Healthcare receivable	Italy	533	BBB-
Reliance Rail Finance Pty. Limited	Australia	496	BB
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	486	AAA
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	486	AAA
Envestra Limited	Australia	470	BBB+
Scotland Gas Networks PLC	United Kingdom	428	BBB
United Utilities Water plc	United Kingdom	421	BBB+
Central Nottinghamshire Hospitals PLC	United Kingdom	418	BBB
NewHospitals (St Helens & Knowsley) Finance PLC	United Kingdom	389	BBB
National Grid Gas plc	United Kingdom	374	BBB+
The Hospital Company (QAH Portsmouth) Limited	United Kingdom	371	BBB
Yorkshire Water Services Finance PLC	United Kingdom	353	A-
Wessex Water Services Finance PLC	United Kingdom	336	BBB+
Severn Trent Water Utilities Finance PLC	United Kingdom	332	BBB+
Total top 25 non-U.S. exposures		\$ 15,016	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (4 of 4)
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

10 Largest U.S. Residential Mortgage Servicer Exposures

Servicer:	 t Par anding
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (1)	\$ 1,744
Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC	1,426
Bank of America, N.A. (2)	1,219
Wells Fargo Bank NA	524
JPMorgan Chase Bank	220
Select Portfolio Servicing, Inc.	129
Banco Popular de Puerto Rico	72
Ditech Financial LLC	53
Carrington Mortgage Services, LLC	44
Citicorp Mortgage Securities, Inc.	 36
Total top 10 U.S. residential mortgage servicer exposures	\$ 5,467

- 1) Includes GMAC Mortgage LLC, Residential Funding Inc. and Homeward Residential Inc.
- 2) Includes Countrywide Home Loans Servicing LP.

10 Largest U.S. Healthcare Exposures

Credit Name:	 : Par anding	Internal Rating	State
MultiCare Health System	\$ 386	AA-	WA
Children's National Medical Center, District of Columbia	350	A-	DC
CHRISTUS Health	335	A	TX
Methodist Healthcare	331	A+	TN
Carolina HealthCare System	319	AA-	NC
Bon Secours Health System Obligated Group	318	A-	MD
Dignity Health, California	274	A	CA
Mercy Health (f/k/a Catholic Health Partners)	272	A	OH
Columbus Regional Healthcare System Inc.	269	BBB-	GA
Palmetto Health Alliance, South Carolina	269	A-	SC
Total top 10 U.S. healthcare exposures	\$ 3,123		

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach and presentation of net par outstanding.

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (dollars in millions)

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Three Months Ended December 31, 2016

	to i (Reco Septe	pected Loss be Paid evered) at ember 30, 2016	Develo	nic Loss opment g 4Q-16	(Paid) Ro Los During	sses	Net Expected Loss to be Paid (Recovered) as of December 31, 2016		
Public finance:									
U.S. public finance	\$	816	\$	58	\$	(3)	\$	871	
Non-U.S public finance		38		(5)				33	
Public finance		854		53		(3)		904	
Structured finance:									
U.S. RMBS ⁽²⁾		148		48		10		206	
Triple-X life insurance transactions		54		(1)		1		54	
Other structured finance		34		2		(2)		34	
Structured finance		236		49		9		294	
Total	\$	1,090	\$	102	\$	6	\$	1,198	

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	I (R	t Expected coss to be Paid decovered) as of nber 31, 2015	Loss t (Rec on	Expected o be Paid overed) CIFG ily 1, 2016]	Conomic Loss Development During 2016	`	l) Recovered Losses uring 2016	Lo (Re	Expected oss to be Paid covered) as of ember 31, 2016
Public finance:	-									
U.S. public finance	\$	771	\$	40	\$	276	\$	(216)	\$	871
Non-U.S public finance		38		2		(7)				33
Public finance		809		42		269		(216)		904
Structured finance:										
U.S. RMBS ⁽²⁾		409		(22)		(91)		(90)		206
Triple-X life insurance transactions		99		_		(22)		(23)		54
Other structured finance		74		2	_	(17)		(25)		34
Structured finance		582		(20)		(130)		(138)		294
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,391	<u>\$</u>	22	<u>\$</u>	139	<u>\$</u>	(354)	<u>\$</u>	1,198

¹⁾ Includes expected loss to be paid, economic loss development and paid (recovered) losses for all contracts (i.e. those accounted for as insurance, credit derivatives and FG VIEs).

²⁾ Includes future net representations and warranties (R&W) recoverable (payable) of \$79 million as of December 31, 2015, \$(37) million as of September 30, 2016 and \$(6) million as of December 31, 2016.

Loss Measures
As of December 31, 2016
(dollars in millions)

	Out fo	otal Net Par standing or BIG nsactions	Loss	-16 s and AE	and incl Ope	16 Loss d LAE uded in erating ome (1)	4Q-16 Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2)		2016 Loss and LAE		and inclu Ope	Loss LAE ded in rating me (1)	2016 Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2)		
Public finance:															
U.S. public finance	\$	7,380	\$	74	\$	74	\$	_	\$	307	\$	307	\$	_	
Non-U.S public finance		1,342		(2)		(2)				(3)		(3)			
Public finance		8,722		72		72				304		304			
Structured finance:															
U.S. RMBS		3,151		37		45		(3)		30		16		(7)	
Triple-X life insurance															
transactions		126		0		0		_		(22)		(21)		_	
Other structured finance		1,075		3		0		_		(17)		(24)			
Structured finance		4,352		40		45		(3)		(9)		(29)		(7)	
Total	\$	13,074	\$	112	\$	117	\$	(3)	\$	295	\$	275	\$	(7)	

¹⁾ Operating income includes financial guaranty insurance and credit derivatives.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

²⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents amounts included in the consolidated statements of operations and operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Summary of Financial and Statistical Data (dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Year Ended December 31,

					11 1511	aca Decembe	1 51,			
		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
GAAP Summary Income Statement Data		0.64								
Net earned premiums	\$	864	\$	766	\$	570	\$	752	\$	853
Net investment income		408		423		403		393		404
Realized gains and other settlements on credit derivatives		29		(18)		23		(42)		(108)
Total expenses		660		776		463		466		822
Income (loss) before income taxes		1,017		1,431		1,531		1,142		132
Net income (loss)		881		1,056		1,088		808		110
Net income (loss) per diluted share		6.56		7.08		6.26		4.30		0.57
GAAP Summary Balance Sheet Data										
Total investments and cash	\$	11,103	\$	11,358	\$	11,459	\$	10,969	\$	11,223
Total assets		14,151		14,544		14,919		16,285		17,240
Unearned premium reserve		3,511		3,996		4,261		4,595		5,207
Loss and LAE reserve		1,127		1,067		799		592		601
Long-term debt		1,306		1,300		1,297		814		834
Shareholders' equity		6,504		6,063		5,758		5,115		4,994
Shareholders' equity per share		50.82		43.96		36.37		28.07		25.74
Other Financial Information (GAAP Basis)										
Net debt service outstanding (end of period)	\$	437,535	\$	536,341	\$	609,622	\$	690,535	\$	780,356
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period)	Ψ	455,000	Ψ	559,470	Ψ	646,722	Ψ	737,380	Ψ	833,098
Net par outstanding (end of period)		296,318		358,571		403,729		459,107		518,772
Gross par outstanding (end of period)		307,474		373,192		426,705		487,895		550,908
		307,474		373,172	_	420,703		407,073		330,708
Other Financial Information (Statutory Basis) ⁽¹⁾	_		_							
Net debt service outstanding (end of period)	\$	401,004	\$	502,331	\$	583,598	\$	663,797	\$	756,044
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period)		417,072		524,104		619,475		709,000		807,420
Net par outstanding (end of period)		262,468		327,306		379,714		434,597		496,237
Gross par outstanding (end of period)		272,286		340,662		401,552		461,845		527,126
Claims-paying resources										
Policyholders' surplus	\$	5,036	\$	4,550	\$	4,142	\$	3,202	\$	3,579
Contingency reserve		2,008		2,263		2,330		2,934		2,364
Qualified statutory capital		7,044		6,813		6,472		6,136		5,943
Unearned premium reserve		2,509		3,045		3,299		3,545		3,833
Loss and LAE reserves		888		1,043		852		773		512
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		10,441		10,901		10,623		10,454		10,288
Present value of installment premium		500		645		716		858		1,005
CCS and standby line of credit		400		400		400		400		600
Excess of loss reinsurance facility		360		360		450		435		435
Total claims-paying resources	\$	11,701	\$	12,306	\$	12,189	\$	12,147	\$	12,328
Ratios:										
Net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		37:1		48:1		59:1		71:1		83:1
Capital ratio ⁽²⁾		57:1		74:1		90:1		108:1		127:1
Financial resources ratio(2)		34:1		41:1		48:1		55:1		61:1
Par and Debt Service Written										
Gross debt service written:										
Public finance - U.S.	\$	25,423	\$	25,832	\$	20,804	\$	15,559	\$	25,252
Public finance - non-U.S.	-	848	-	2,054	*	233	*	674	*	40
Structured finance - U.S.		1,143		355		423		297		623
Structured finance - non-U.S.		30		69		387				_
Total gross debt service written	\$	27,444	\$	28,310	\$	21,847	\$	16,530	\$	25,915
					_		_		_	
Net debt service written Net par written	\$	27,444 17,854	\$	28,310 17,336	\$	21,847 13,171	\$	16,497 9,331	\$	25,915 16,816
Gross par written		17,854						9,351		16,816
Gross par written		17,034		17,336		13,171		9,330		10,810

¹⁾ Statutory amounts prepared on a consolidated basis. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual Statements for U.S. Domiciled Insurance Subsidiaries are prepared on a stand-alone basis.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

²⁾ See page 10 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Summary of GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾ (1 of 2)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Total GWP

Total PVP

Total PVP

Public finance - U.S.

Net income (loss)

Public finance - non-U.S.

Structured finance - U.S. Structured finance - non-U.S.

Operating income reconciliation:

Less pre-tax adjustments:

PVP:

Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments (2)

Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP

Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance

2016

154

(10)

27

214

161

25 27

214

881

1,056

2015	2014	2013	2012			
\$ 181	\$ 104	\$ 123	\$	253		
55	(22)	8		88		
46	42	26		45		
7						
\$ 179	\$ 168	\$ 141	\$	210		
\$ 124	\$ 128	\$ 116	\$	166		
27	7	18		1		
22	24	7		43		
6	9					
\$ 179	\$ 168	\$ 141	\$	210		

1,088

808 \$

110

Year Ended December 31,

Less pre-tax adjustments.					
Realized gains (losses) on investments	(30)	(27)	(56)	56	(3)
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	36	505	687	(49)	(672)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	0	27	(11)	10	(18)
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves	 (33)	(15)	(21)	 (1)	21
Total pre-tax adjustments	 (27)	490	599	16	(672)
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments	 13	 (144)	(158)	(9)	188
Operating income	\$ 895	\$ 710	\$ 647	\$ 801	\$ 594
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in operating income (net of tax provisions of \$7, \$4, \$84, \$102 and \$32)	\$ 12	\$ 11	\$ 156	\$ 192	\$ 59
Operating income per diluted share reconciliation:					
Net income (loss) per diluted share	\$ 6.56	\$ 7.08	\$ 6.26	\$ 4.30	\$ 0.57
Less pre-tax adjustments:					
Realized gains (losses) on investments	(0.23)	(0.18)	(0.32)	0.30	(0.02)
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	0.27	3.39	3.95	(0.26)	(3.53)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	0.00	0.18	(0.06)	0.05	(0.09)
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves	(0.25)	(0.10)	(0.12)	(0.01)	0.11
Total pre-tax adjustments	 (0.21)	3.29	3.45	0.08	(3.53)
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments	 0.09	 (0.97)	(0.92)	(0.06)	1.00
Operating income per diluted share	\$ 6.68	\$ 4.76	\$ 3.73	\$ 4.28	\$ 3.10
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in operating income per diluted share	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.03	\$ 0.29

¹⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures (operating income, operating ROE, non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity and non-GAAP adjusted book value) have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ Includes present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, gross written premium adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions, any cancellations of assumed reinsurance contracts, and other GAAP adjustments.

Summary of GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾ (2 of 2)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	As of December 31,									
		2016		2015		2014	2013			2012
Adjusted book value reconciliation:										
Shareholders' equity	\$	6,504	\$	6,063	\$	5,758	\$	5,115	\$	4,994
Less pre-tax adjustments:										
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		(189)		(241)		(741)		(1,447)		(1,346)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		62		62		35		46		35
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio excluding foreign exchange effect		316		373		523		236		708
Less taxes		(71)		(56)		45		306		150
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity Pre-tax adjustments:		6,386		5,925		5,896		5,974		5,447
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		106		114		121		124		116
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future credit derivative revenue Plus: Net unearned premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in		136		169		159		214		317
excess of expected loss to be expensed		2,922		3,384		3,461		3,791		4,301
Plus taxes		(832)		(968)		(960)		(1,070)		(1,250)
Non-GAAP adjusted book value	\$	8,506	\$	8,396	\$	8,435	\$	8,785	\$	8,699
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity (net of tax benefit of \$4, \$11, \$20, \$103 and \$206)	\$	(7)	\$	(21)	\$	(37)	\$	(190)	\$	(383)
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP adjusted book value (net of tax benefit of \$12, \$22, \$33, \$134 and \$243)	\$	(24)	\$	(43)	\$	(60)	\$	(248)	\$	(452)
Adjusted book value per share reconciliation:										
Shareholders' equity per share	\$	50.82	\$	43.96	\$	36.37	\$	28.07	\$	25.74
Less pre-tax adjustments:										
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		(1.48)		(1.75)		(4.68)		(7.94)		(6.94)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		0.48		0.45		0.22		0.25		0.18
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio excluding foreign		2.47		2.71		2.20		1.00		2.65
exchange effect		2.47		2.71		3.30		1.29		3.65
Less taxes		(0.54)		(0.41)		0.29	_	1.68	_	0.77
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity per share		49.89		42.96		37.24		32.79		28.08
Pre-tax adjustments:										
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		0.83		0.83		0.76		0.68		0.60
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future credit derivative revenue		1.07		1.23		1.00		1.17		1.63
Plus: Net unearned premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		22.83		24.53		21.86		20.81		22.17
Plus taxes	_	(6.50)	_	(7.02)	_	(6.07)	_	(5.87)	_	(6.44)
Non-GAAP adjusted book value per share	\$	66.46	\$	60.87	\$	53.27	\$	48.22	\$	44.84
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity per share	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.24)	\$	(1.04)	\$	(1.97)
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP adjusted book value per share	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.31)	\$	(0.39)	\$	(1.36)	\$	(2.33)

¹⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures (operating income, operating ROE, non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity and non-GAAP adjusted book value) have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Glossary

Net Par Outstanding and Internal Ratings

Net Par Outstanding is insured par exposure, net of reinsurance cessions. Unless otherwise indicated, GAAP net par outstanding amounts exclude amounts as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including securities the Company has purchased for loss mitigation purposes that are held in the investment portfolio.

<u>Internal Rating</u> utilizes the Company's ratings scale, which is similar to that used by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; however, the ratings in the tables may not be the same as ratings assigned by any such rating agency.

<u>Statutory Net Par and Net Debt Service Outstanding.</u> Under statutory accounting, net par and net debt service outstanding would be reduced both when an outstanding issue is legally defeased (i.e., an issuer has legally discharged its obligations with respect to a municipal security by satisfying conditions set forth in defeasance provisions contained in transaction documents and is no longer responsible for the payment of debt service with respect to such obligations) and when such issue is economically defeased (i.e., transaction documents for a municipal security do not contain defeasance provisions but the issuer establishes an escrow account with United States (U.S.) government securities in amounts sufficient to pay the refunded bonds when due; the refunded bonds are not considered paid and continue to be outstanding under the transaction documents and the issuer remains responsible to pay debt service when due to the extent monies on deposit in the escrow account are insufficient for such purpose).

Performance Indicators

The performance information described below is obtained from third parties and/or provided by the trustee and may be subject to revision as updated or additional information are obtained:

60+ Day Delinquencies are defined as loans that are greater than 60 days delinquent and all loans that are in foreclosure, bankruptcy or real estate owned divided by current collateral balance.

<u>Average Credit Enhancement</u> is intended to provide a measure of the amount of equity and/or subordinated tranches that are junior in the capital structure to Assured Guaranty's exposure, expressed as a percentage of the total transaction size, and reflects any reduction of that credit support resulting from defaults or other factors. For transactions where excess spread may be available to absorb certain losses, the amounts shown do not include any benefit from excess spread. The calculation methodologies differ for the various asset classes to reflect differences in transaction structures in order to provide a measure that management believes is comparable across asset classes. Some asset classes may not have subordinated tranches so they are excluded from the weighted averages.

Sectors

Below are brief descriptions of selected types of public and structured finance obligations that the Company insures and reinsures. For a more complete description, please refer to Assured Guaranty Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Public Finance:

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> are full faith and credit bonds that are issued by states, their political subdivisions and other municipal issuers, and are supported by the general obligation of the issuer to pay from available funds and by a pledge of the issuer to levy ad valorem taxes in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the bonds.

<u>Tax-Backed Bonds</u> are obligations that are supported by the issuer from specific and discrete sources of taxation. They include tax-backed revenue bonds, general fund obligations and lease revenue bonds. Tax-backed obligations may be secured by a lien on specific pledged tax revenues, such as a gasoline or excise tax, or incrementally from growth in property tax revenue associated with growth in property values. These obligations also include obligations secured by special assessments levied against property owners and often benefit from issuer covenants to enforce collections of such assessments and to foreclose on delinquent properties. Lease revenue bonds typically are general fund obligations of a municipality or other governmental authority that are subject to annual appropriation or abatement; projects financed and subject to such lease payments ordinarily include real estate or equipment serving an essential public purpose. Bonds in this category also include moral obligations of municipalities or governmental authorities.

<u>Municipal Utility Bonds</u> are obligations of all forms of municipal utilities, including electric, water and sewer utilities and resource recovery revenue bonds. These utilities may be organized in various forms, including municipal enterprise systems, authorities or joint action agencies.

<u>Transportation Bonds</u> include a wide variety of revenue-supported bonds, such as bonds for airports, ports, tunnels, municipal parking facilities, toll roads and toll bridges.

<u>Healthcare Bonds</u> are obligations of healthcare facilities, including community-based hospitals and systems, as well as of health maintenance organizations and long-term care facilities.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

<u>Higher Education Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenue collected by either public or private secondary schools, colleges and universities. Such revenue can encompass all of an institution's revenue, including tuition and fees, or in other cases, can be specifically restricted to certain auxiliary sources of revenue.

<u>Infrastructure Bonds</u> include obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure and other physical assets delivering essential services supported by long-term concession arrangements with a public sector entity.

<u>Housing Revenue Bonds</u> are obligations relating to both single and multi-family housing, issued by states and localities, supported by cash flow and, in some cases, insurance from entities such as the Federal Housing Administration.

<u>Investor-Owned Utility Bonds</u> are obligations primarily backed by investor-owned utilities, first mortgage bond obligations of for-profit electric or water utilities providing retail, industrial and commercial service, and also include sale-leaseback obligation bonds supported by such entities.

<u>Regulated Utilities Obligations</u> are issued by government-regulated providers of essential services and commodities, including electric, water and gas utilities. The majority of the Company's international regulated utility business is conducted in the United Kingdom.

<u>Pooled Infrastructure Obligations</u> are synthetic asset-backed obligations that take the form of credit default swap obligations or credit-linked notes that reference either infrastructure finance obligations or a pool of such obligations, with a defined deductible to cover credit risks associated with the referenced obligations.

Other Public Finance primarily includes government insured student loans, government-sponsored project finance and structured municipal transactions, which includes excess of loss reinsurance on portfolios of municipal credits.

Structured Finance:

<u>Pooled Corporate Obligations</u> are securities primarily backed by various types of corporate debt obligations, such as secured or unsecured bonds, bank loans or loan participations and trust preferred securities (TruPS). These securities are often issued in "tranches," with subordinated tranches providing credit support to the more senior tranches. The Company's financial guaranty exposures generally are to the more senior tranches of these issues.

Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (RMBS) are obligations backed by closed-end and open-end first and second lien mortgage loans on one-to-four family residential properties, including condominiums and cooperative apartments. First lien mortgage loan products in these transactions include fixed rate, adjustable rate (ARM) and option adjustable-rate (Option ARM) mortgages. The credit quality of borrowers covers a broad range, including "prime", "subprime" and "Alt-A". A prime borrower is generally defined as one with strong risk characteristics as measured by factors such as payment history, credit score, and debt-to-income ratio. A subprime borrower is a borrower with higher risk characteristics, usually as determined by credit score and/or credit history. An Alt-A borrower is generally defined as a prime quality borrower that lacks certain ancillary characteristics, such as fully documented income.

Additional insured obligations within RMBS include Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs), which refers to a type of residential mortgage-backed transaction backed by second-lien loan collateral consisting of home equity lines of credit. U.S. Prime First Lien is a type of residential mortgage-backed securities transaction backed primarily by prime first-lien loan collateral plus an insignificant amount of other miscellaneous RMBS transactions.

<u>Insurance Securitization Obligations</u> are obligations secured by the future earnings from pools of various types of insurance/reinsurance policies and income produced by invested assets.

<u>CBOs/CLOs (collateralized bond obligations and collateralized loan obligations)</u> are asset-backed securities largely backed by non-investment grade/high yield collateral.

<u>Financial Products Business</u> is how the Company refers to the guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) portion of a line of business previously conducted by Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc. (AGMH) that the Company did not acquire when it purchased AGMH in 2009 from Dexia SA and that is being run off. That line of business was comprised of AGMH's GICs business, its medium term notes business and the equity payment agreements associated with AGMH's leveraged lease business. Assured Guaranty is indemnified by Dexia SA and certain of its affiliates against loss from the former Financial Products Business.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

<u>Consumer Receivables Securities</u> are obligations backed by non-mortgage consumer receivables, such as student loans, automobile loans and leases, manufactured home loans and other consumer receivables.

<u>Commercial Receivables Securities</u> are obligations backed by equipment loans or leases, aircraft and aircraft engine financings, business loans and trade receivables. Credit support is derived from the cash flows generated by the underlying obligations, as well as property or equipment values as applicable.

<u>Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS)</u> are obligations backed by pools of commercial mortgages. The collateral supporting CMBS include office, multifamily, retail, hotel, industrial and other specialized or mixed-use properties.

Other Structured Finance Obligations are obligations backed by assets not generally described in any of the other described categories. One such type of asset is a tax benefit to be realized by an investor in one of the Federal or state programs that permit such investor to receive a credit against taxes (such as Federal corporate income tax or state insurance premium tax) for making qualified investments in specified enterprises, typically located in designated low-income areas.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To reflect the key financial measures that management analyzes in evaluating the Company's operations and progress towards long-term goals, the Company discloses both financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP and financial measures not determined in accordance with GAAP (non-GAAP financial measures).

Financial measures identified as non-GAAP should not be considered substitutes for GAAP financial measures. The primary limitation of non-GAAP financial measures is the potential lack of comparability to financial measures of other companies, whose definitions of non-GAAP financial measures may differ from those of Assured Guaranty. Beginning in fourth quarter 2016, the Company's publicly disclosed non-GAAP financial measures are different from the financial measures used by management in its decision making process and in its calculation of certain components of management compensation (core financial measures). The Company had previously excluded the effect of consolidating FG VIEs (FG VIE consolidation) in its calculation of its non-GAAP financial measures of operating income, operating ROE, non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity and non-GAAP adjusted book value. Starting in fourth quarter 2016, based on the SEC's May 17, 2016 release of new and updated Compliance and Disclosure Interpretations of the rules and regulations on the use of non-GAAP financial measures, the Company will no longer adjust for FG VIE consolidation. However, wherever possible, the Company has separately disclosed the effect of FG VIE consolidation that is included in its non-GAAP financial measures. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation

Management and the Board use core financial measures, which are based on non-GAAP financial measures adjusted to remove FG VIE consolidation, as well as GAAP financial measures and other factors, to evaluate the Company's results of operations, financial condition and progress towards long-term goals. The Company removes FG VIE consolidation in its core financial measures because, although GAAP requires the Company to consolidate certain VIEs that have issued debt obligations insured by the Company, the Company does not own such VIEs and its exposure is limited to its obligation under its financial guaranty insurance contract. By disclosing non-GAAP financial measures, along with FG VIE consolidation, the Company gives investors, analysts and financial news reporters access to information that management and the Board review internally. Assured Guaranty believes its presentation of non-GAAP financial measures and FG VIE consolidation provides information that is necessary for analysts to calculate their estimates of Assured Guaranty's financial results in their research reports on Assured Guaranty and for investors, analysts and the financial news media to evaluate Assured Guaranty's financial results.

Many investors, analysts and financial news reporters use non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, as the principal financial measure for valuing AGL's current share price or projected share price and also as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell AGL's common shares. Many of the Company's fixed income investors also use this measure to evaluate the Company's capital adequacy.

Many investors, analysts and financial news reporters also use non-GAAP adjusted book value, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Operating income adjusted for the effect of FG VIE consolidation enables investors and analysts to evaluate the Company's financial results as compared with the consensus analyst estimates distributed publicly by financial databases.

The core financial measures that are used to help determine compensation are: (1) operating income, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, (2) non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, (3) growth in non-GAAP adjusted book value per share, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, and (4) PVP.

The following paragraphs define each non-GAAP financial measure disclosed by the Company and describe why it is useful. A reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure and the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is presented below.

Operating Income: Management believes that operating income is a useful measure because it clarifies the understanding of the underwriting results and financial conditions of the Company and presents the results of operations of the Company excluding the fair value adjustments on credit derivatives and CCS that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss, as well as other adjustments described below. Management adjusts operating income further by removing FG VIE consolidation to arrive at its core operating income measure. Operating income is defined as net income (loss) attributable to AGL, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of realized gains (losses) on the Company's investments, except for gains and losses on securities classified as trading. The timing of realized gains and losses, which depends largely on market credit cycles, can vary considerably across periods. The timing of sales is largely subject to the Company's discretion and influenced by market opportunities, as well as the Company's tax and capital profile.
- 2) Elimination of non-credit-impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

- 4) Elimination of foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of net premium receivables and loss and LAE reserves. Long-dated receivables and loss and LAE reserves represent the present value of future contractual or expected cash flows. Therefore, the current period's foreign exchange remeasurement gains (losses) are not necessarily indicative of the total foreign exchange gains (losses) that the Company will ultimately recognize.
- 5) Elimination of the tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Non-GAAP Operating Shareholders' Equity: Management believes that non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity is a useful measure because it presents the equity of the Company excluding the fair value adjustments on investments, credit derivatives and CCS, that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss, along with other adjustments described below. Management adjusts non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity further by removing FG VIE consolidation to arrive at its core operating shareholders' equity and core adjusted book value.

Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity is the basis of the calculation of non-GAAP adjusted book value (see below). Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity is defined as shareholders' equity attributable to AGL, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of non-credit-impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, credit spreads and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 2) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's investments that are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) (excluding foreign exchange remeasurement). The AOCI component of the fair value adjustment on the investment portfolio is not deemed economic because the Company generally holds these investments to maturity and therefore should not recognize an economic gain or loss.
- 4) Elimination of the tax asset or liability related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Non-GAAP Adjusted Book Value: Management uses non-GAAP adjusted book value, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, to measure the intrinsic value of the Company, excluding franchise value. Growth in non-GAAP adjusted book value per share adjusted for FG VIE consolidation (core adjusted book value) is one of the key financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation elements to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors. Management believes that this is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the net present value of the Company's in-force premiums and revenues net of expected losses. Non-GAAP adjusted book value is non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity, as defined above, further adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of deferred acquisition costs, net. These amounts represent net deferred expenses that have already been paid or accrued and will be expensed in future accounting periods.
- 2) Addition of the net present value of estimated net future credit derivative revenue. See below.
- Addition of the deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed, net of reinsurance. This amount represents the expected future net earned premiums, net of expected losses to be expensed, which are not reflected in GAAP equity.
- 4) Elimination of the tax asset or liability related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

The premiums and revenues included in non-GAAP adjusted book value will be earned in future periods, but actual earnings may differ materially from the estimated amounts used in determining current non-GAAP adjusted book value due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults and other factors.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

Operating Return on Equity (Operating ROE): Operating ROE represents operating income for a specified period divided by the average of operating shareholders' equity at the beginning and the end of that period. Management believes that operating ROE is a useful measure to evaluate the Company's return on invested capital. Many investors, analysts and members of the financial news media use operating ROE, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Quarterly and year-to-date operating ROE are calculated on an annualized basis. Operating ROE, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, is one of the key management financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors.

Net Present Value of Estimated Net Future Credit Derivative Revenue: Management believes that this amount is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the value of future estimated credit derivative revenue. There is no corresponding GAAP financial measure. This amount represents the present value of estimated future revenue from the Company's credit derivative in-force book of business, net of reinsurance, ceding commissions and premium taxes, for contracts without expected economic losses, and is discounted at 6%. Estimated net future credit derivative revenue may change from period to period due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.

PVP or Present Value of New Business Production: Management believes that PVP is a useful measure because it enables the evaluation of the value of new business production for the Company by taking into account the value of estimated future installment premiums on all new contracts underwritten in a reporting period as well as premium supplements and additional installment premium on existing contracts as to which the issuer has the right to call the insured obligation but has not exercised such right, whether in insurance or credit derivative contract form, which GAAP gross written premiums and the net credit derivative premiums received and receivable portion of net realized gains and other settlements on credit derivatives (Credit Derivative Realized Gains (Losses)) do not adequately measure. PVP in respect of financial guaranty contracts written in a specified period is defined as gross upfront and installment premiums received and the present value of gross estimated future installment premiums, discounted, in each case, at 6%. For purposes of the PVP calculation, management discounts estimated future installment premiums on insurance contracts at 6%, while under GAAP, these amounts are discounted at a risk free rate. Additionally, under GAAP, management records future installment premiums on financial guaranty insurance contracts covering non-homogeneous pools of assets based on the contractual term of the transaction, whereas for PVP purposes, management records an estimate of the future installment premiums the Company expects to receive, which may be based upon a shorter period of time than the contractual term of the transaction. Actual future net earned or written premiums and Credit Derivative Realized Gains (Losses) may differ from PVP due to factors including, but not limited to, changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults, or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.



30 Woodbourne Avenue Hamilton HM 08 Bermuda (441) 279-5705 www.assuredguaranty.com

Contacts:

Equity and Fixed Income Investors:

Robert Tucker
Senior Managing Director, Investor Relations and
Corporate Communications
(212) 339-0861
rtucker@agltd.com

Michael Walker Managing Director, Fixed Income Investor Relations (212) 261-5575 mwalker@agltd.com

Andre Thomas
Managing Director, Equity Investor Relations
(212) 339-3551
athomas@agltd.com

Media:

Ashweeta Durani Vice President, Corporate Communications (212) 408-6042 adurani@agltd.com