



Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.March 31, 2017



Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. March 31, 2017 Financial Supplement

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This financial supplement should be read in conjunction with documents filed by Assured Guaranty Ltd. (AGL and, together with its subsidiaries, 'Assured Guaranty) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 and its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2017. For the purposes of this financial supplement, all references to the Company, or Consolidated AGM shall mean Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (AGM) and its consolidated entities (consisting primarily of Assured Guaranty (Europe) Ltd., Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc., a company formed to own 100% of the common stock of Municipal Assurance Corp. (MAC), and variable interest entities started Guaranty Municipal is required to consolidate under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States). Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. owns 60.7% of the outstanding shares of Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc., and Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.'s affiliate Assured Guaranty Corp. owns the remaining 39.3%; Assured Guaranty Municipal consolidates all of MAC. AGM (excluding MAC) shall mean Consolidated AGM excluding Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc. and MAC.

Some amounts in this financial supplement may not add due to rounding.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements:

Any forward looking statements made in this supplement reflect the current views of Assured Guaranty with respect to future events and financial performance and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in these statements. Assured Guaranty's forward looking statements could be affected by many events. These events include (1) reduction in the amount of available insurance opportunities and/or in the demand for Assured Guaranty's insurance; (2) rating agency action, including a ratings downgrade, a change in outlook, the placement of ratings on watch for downgrade, or a change in rating criteria, at any time, of AGL or any of its subsidiaries, and/or of any securities AGL or any of its subsidiaries have issued, and/or of transactions that AGL's subsidiaries have insured; (3) developments in the world's financial and capital markets that adversely affect obligors' payment rates, Assured Guaranty's loss experience, or its exposure to refinancing risk in transactions (which could result in substantial liquidity claims on its guarantees); (4) the possibility that budget or pension shortfalls or other factors will result in credit losses or impairments on obligations of state, territorial and local governments and their related authorities and public corporations that Assured Guaranty insures or reinsures; (5) the failure of Assured Guaranty to realize loss recoveries that are assumed in its expected loss estimates; (6) increased competition, including from new entrants into the financial guaranty industry; (7) rating agency action on obligors, including sovereign debtors, resulting in a reduction in the value of securities in Assured Guaranty's investment portfolio and in collateral posted by and to Assured Guaranty; (8) the inability of Assured Guaranty to access external sources of capital on acceptable terms; (9) changes in the world's credit markets, segments thereof, interest rates or general economic conditions; (10) the impact of market volatility on the mark-to-market of Assured Guaranty's contracts written in credit default swap form; (11) changes in applicable accounting policies or practices; (12) changes in applicable laws or regulations, including insurance, bankruptcy and tax laws, or other governmental actions; (13) the impact of changes in the world's economy and credit and currency markets and in applicable laws or regulations relating to the decision of the United Kingdom to exit the European Union; (14) the possibility that acquisitions or alternative investments made by Assured Guaranty do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to unanticipated consequences; (15) deterioration in the financial condition of Assured Guaranty's reinsurers, the amount and timing of reinsurance recoverables actually received and the risk that reinsurers may dispute amounts owed to Assured Guaranty under its reinsurance agreements; (16) difficulties with the execution of Assured Guaranty's business strategy; (17) loss of key personnel; (18) the effects of mergers, acquisitions and divestitures; (19) natural or man-made catastrophes; (20) other risk factors identified in AGL's filings with the SEC; (21) other risks and uncertainties that have not been identified at this time; and (22) management's response to these factors. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the dates on which they are made. Assured Guaranty undertakes no obligation to update publicly or review any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Selected Financial Highlights (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

		Three Mor	
		2017	2016
Net income (loss) attributable to AGM Operating income (non-GAAP) (1)	\$	115 111	\$ 68 80
Gain (loss) related to the effect of consolidating FG VIEs (FG VIE consolidation) (net of tax provision of \$2 and \$5) included in operating income		3	9
Effective tax rate on net income		28.2%	25.7%
Effective tax rate on operating income (non-GAAP) ⁽²⁾		28.0 %	27.1 %
Effect of FG VIE consolidation included in effective tax rate on operating income		0.2 %	1.0 %
Return on equity (ROE) calculations ⁽³⁾ :			
GAAP ROE		12.2%	6.7%
Operating ROE (non-GAAP) ⁽¹⁾		12.1 %	8.2 %
Effect of FG VIE consolidation on operating ROE		0.3 %	0.9 %
New business ⁽⁴⁾ :			
Gross written premiums (GWP)	\$	110	\$ 25
Present value of new business production (PVP) (1)		92	\$ 38
Gross par written		4,420	2,749
		As	
	Ma	rch 31, 2017	 ecember 31, 2016
Shareholder's equity attributable to AGM	\$	3,790	\$ 3,720
Non-GAAP operating shareholder's equity (1)		3,678	3,641
Non-GAAP adjusted book value ⁽¹⁾		4,685	4,632
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholder's equity		4	1
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP adjusted book value		(12)	(14)
Other Information			
Net debt service outstanding (4)	\$	256,975	\$ 262,717
Net par outstanding (4)		174,714	179,290
Claims-paying resources (including MAC) ⁽⁵⁾		6,043	6,055

¹⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year's quarterly non-GAAP financial measures (operating income and operating ROE) have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ Represents the ratio of non-GAAP operating provision for income taxes to operating income before income taxes.

³⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns. See page 6 for additional information on calculation.

⁴⁾ Amounts include those of Municipal Assurance Corp. (MAC). Although Assured Guaranty Municipal owns approximately 60.7% of the outstanding shares of Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc. (MAC Holdings), a company formed to own 100% of the common stock of MAC, and Assured Guaranty Municipal's affiliate Assured Guaranty Corp. owns the remaining 39.3%, Assured Guaranty Municipal consolidates all of MAC.

⁵⁾ See page 8 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Selected Financial Highlights (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

	,	Three Mon Marc	ded
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives, pre-tax Net income effect Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures: Operating net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues ⁽¹⁾ , pre-tax Operating income ⁽¹⁾ effect Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in the effect of refundings and	2	017	2016
Effect of refundings and terminations on GAAP measures:			
* **	\$	19 5	\$ 56 0
Net income effect		13	41
Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures:			
Operating net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues ⁽¹⁾ , pre-tax		19	56
Operating income (1) effect		10	41
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in the effect of refundings and terminations above for the following measures:			
Net earned premiums, pre-tax		_	_
Net income and operating income, after-tax		_	_

¹⁾ Consolidated statement of operations items mentioned in this Financial Supplement that are described as operating (i.e. operating net earned premiums) are non-GAAP measures and represent components of operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. The prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.
Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)
(dollars in millions)

		As	of:		
	Ma	rch 31,	December 31,		
		2017	2	016	
Assets:	-				
Investment portfolio:					
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value	\$	5,464	\$	5,388	
Short-term investments, at fair value		204		143	
Other invested assets (includes Surplus Note from affiliate of \$300 and \$300)		369		357	
Total investment portfolio		6,037		5,888	
Cash		30		29	
Premiums receivable		370		326	
Ceded unearned premium reserve		781		788	
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		181		192	
Salvage and subrogation recoverable		260		249	
Credit derivative assets		8		7	
Deferred tax asset, net		174		176	
Financial guaranty variable interest entities (FG VIE) assets, at fair value		645		644	
Other assets		152		149	
Total assets	\$	8,638	\$	8,448	
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:					
Liabilities:					
Unearned premium reserve	\$	2,498	\$	2,487	
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserve		704		686	
Reinsurance balances payable, net		140		137	
Notes payable		9		10	
Credit derivative liabilities		90		97	
Current income tax payable		141		75	
FG VIE liabilities with recourse, at fair value		575		602	
FG VIE liabilities without recourse, at fair value		131		110	
Other liabilities		260		229	
Total liabilities		4,548		4,433	
Shareholders' equity:					
Preferred stock				_	
Common stock		15		15	
Additional paid-in capital		676		676	
Retained earnings		3,030		2,994	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		69		35	
Total shareholders' equity attributable to Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.		3,790		3,720	
Noncontrolling interest		300		295	
Total shareholders' equity		4,090		4,015	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	8,638	\$	8,448	

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.
Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)
(dollars in millions)

Three Months Ended March 31.

		Marc	h 31,	
	2	017	20	016
Revenues:				
Net earned premiums	\$	68	\$	111
Net investment income		56		64
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(8)		(10)
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives:				
Realized gains (losses) and other settlements		14		4
Net unrealized gains (losses)		7		0
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives		21		4
Fair value gains (losses) on committed capital securities (CCS)		(1)		(7)
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		8		13
Other income (loss)		78		9
Total revenues		222		184
Expenses:				
Loss and loss adjustment expenses (LAE)		24		53
Amortization of deferred ceding commissions		(4)		(3)
Interest expense		0		0
Other operating expenses		32		30
Total expenses		52		80
Income (loss) before income taxes		170		104
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		48		27
Net income (loss)		122		77
Less: Non-controlling interest		7		9
Net income (loss) attributable to Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.	\$	115	\$	68

Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (dollars in millions)

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2017				Three Months Ended March 31, 2016					
	Inc			Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2)		perating ncome astments ⁽¹⁾	Effect of Consolid				
Adjustments to revenues:											
Net earned premiums	\$	_	\$	(4)	\$	_	\$	(4)			
Net investment income		_		(1)		2		(1)			
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(8)		_		(10)		_			
Net change in fair value of credit derivatives		18		_		0		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		(1)		_		(7)		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_		8		_		13			
Other income (loss)		5_		0		(3)		0			
Total revenue adjustments		14		3		(18)		8			
Adjustments to expenses:											
Loss expense		8		(2)		0_		(6)			
Total expense adjustments		8		(2)		0		(6)			
Pre-tax adjustments		6		5		(18)		14			
Tax effect of adjustments		2		2		(6)		5			
Less: Non-controlling interest		0				0					
After-tax adjustments	\$	4	\$	3	\$	(12)	\$	9			

¹⁾ The "Operating Income Adjustments" column represents the amounts recorded in the consolidated statements of operations that the Company removes to arrive at operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents the amounts included in the consolidated statements of operations and non-GAAP operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

Operating Income (non-GAAP) Reconciliation	Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2	2017		2016				
Net income (loss) attributable to AGM	\$	115	\$	68				
Less pre-tax adjustments:								
Realized gains (losses) on investments		(8)		(10)				
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		10		0				
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		(1)		(7)				
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves		5		(1)				
Total pre-tax adjustments		6		(18)				
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(2)		6				
Operating income (non-GAAP)	\$	111	\$	80				
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation (net of tax provision of \$2 and \$5) included in operating income	<u> </u>	3	\$	9				

ROE Reconciliation and Calculation Shareholder's equity attributable to AGM Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity	As of									
	M	arch 31,	Dec	ember 31,	M	March 31,		cember 31,		
		2017		2016		2016		2015		
Shareholder's equity attributable to AGM	\$	3,790	\$	3,720	\$	4,064	\$	4,067		
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity		3,678		3,641		3,906		3,930		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity		4		1		1		(7)		

	Three Mo		
	2017		2016
Net income (loss) attributable to AGM	\$ 115	\$	68
Operating income (non-GAAP)	111		80
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in operating income	3		9
Average shareholder's equity attributable to AGM	\$ 3,755	\$	4,066
Average non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity	3,660		3,918
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in average non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity	3		(3)
GAAP ROE (1)	12.2%	,	6.7%
Operating ROE (non-GAAP) ⁽¹⁾	12.1		8.2
Effect of FG VIE consolidation included in operating ROE	0.3		0.9

¹⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. Certain prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.Selected Financial Highlights

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

				As	of			
	Ma	arch 31,	Dece	ember 31,	M	Iarch 31,	Dec	ember 31,
derivatives Fair value gains (losses) on CCS Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio, Less taxes Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity Pre-tax reconciling items: Less: Deferred acquisition costs Plus: Net present value of estimated net future credit derivative revenue Plus: Net unearned premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed Plus taxes Non-GAAP adjusted book value Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in non-GAAP		2017		2016		2016		2015
Shareholder's equity attributable to AGM	\$	3,790	\$	3,720	\$	4,064	\$	4,067
Less pre-tax reconciling items:								
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		(6)		(16)		(30)		(31)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		29		30		22		29
-		154		111		233		194
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(65)		(46)		(67)		(55)
Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity		3,678		3,641		3,906		3,930
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		(78)		(73)		(74)		(75)
		12		14		26		30
Plus: Net unearned premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		1,460		1,438		1,606		1,705
Plus taxes		(543)		(534)		(597)		(634)
Non-GAAP adjusted book value	\$	4,685	\$	4,632	\$	5,015	\$	5,106
operating shareholder's equity (net of tax benefit (provision) of \$(2),		4		1		1		(7)
		(12)		(14)		(14)		(24)

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement. Certain prior-year non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation as discussed in the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Claims-Paying Resources (dollars in millions)

		As of:							
	Mar	ch 31, 2017	December 31, 2016						
Claims-paying resources									
Policyholders' surplus	\$	2,204	\$	2,321					
Contingency reserve		1,263		1,236					
Qualified statutory capital	'	3,467		3,557					
Unearned premium reserve ⁽¹⁾		1,349		1,328					
Loss and LAE reserves (1)		448		410					
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		5,264		5,295					
Present value of installment premium		219		200					
CCS		200		200					
Excess of loss reinsurance facility (2)		360		360					
Total claims-paying resources (including proportionate MAC ownership for AGM)		6,043		6,055					
Adjustment for MAC (3)		646		657					
Total claims-paying resources (excluding proportionate MAC ownership for AGM)	\$	5,397	\$	5,398					
Statutory net par outstanding (4)	\$	113,327	\$	113,955					
Equity method adjustment (3)		23,531		25,465					
Adjusted statutory net par outstanding (1)	\$	136,858	\$	139,420					
Net debt service outstanding (4)	\$	175,586	\$	175,668					
Equity method adjustment (3)		34,693		37,530					
Adjusted net debt service outstanding (1)	\$	210,279	\$	213,198					
Ratios:									
Adjusted net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		39:1		39:1					
Capital ratio (5)		61:1		60:1					
Financial resources ratio ⁽⁶⁾		35:1		35:1					

- 1) The numbers shown for AGM have been adjusted to include (i) its 100% share of its U.K. insurance subsidiary and (ii) its indirect share of MAC. AGM and AGC own 60.7% and 39.3%, respectively, of the outstanding stock of Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc., which owns 100% of the outstanding common stock of MAC. Amounts include financial guaranty insurance and credit derivatives.
- 2) Represents an aggregate \$360 million excess-of-loss reinsurance facility for the benefit of AGC, AGM and MAC, which became effective January 1, 2016. The facility terminates on January 1, 2018, unless AGC, AGM and MAC choose to extend it.
- 3) Represents adjustment for AGM's interest and indirect ownership of MAC.
- 4) Net par outstanding and net debt service outstanding are presented on a statutory basis.
- 5) The capital ratio is calculated by dividing adjusted net debt service outstanding by qualified statutory capital.
- 6) The financial resources ratio is calculated by dividing adjusted net debt service outstanding by total claims-paying resources (including MAC adjustment for AGM).

New Business Production (1 of 3) (dollars in millions)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016

Three Months Ended Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 March 31, 2016 **Public Finance** Structured Finance **Public Finance Structured Finance** Non -Non -Non -Non -U.S. U.S. U.S. **Total** U.S. U.S. U.S. Total **Total GWP** 52 57 110 17 Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments⁽¹⁾ 0 55 1 0 56 (14)8 0 0 (6) Plus: Financial guaranty installment 38 7 0 7 premium PVP 0 38 Plus: PVP of nonfinancial guaranty 0 insurance 40 Total PVP \$ 2,749 Gross par written 3,430 \$ 990 \$ \$ 4,420 \$ 2,749

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

¹⁾ Includes present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, gross written premium adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions, any cancellations of assumed reinsurance contracts, and other GAAP adjustments.

New Business Production (2 of 3) (dollars in millions)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

	March 31, 2017										
		Public Finance					Structured Finance				
		U.S.	Noi	ı - U.S.		U.S.	Nor	- U.S.		Total	
AGM (Excluding MAC)											
Total GWP	\$	51	\$	57	\$	1	\$	0	\$	109	
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		0		55		1		0		56	
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		_		38		0		_		38	
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		_		_		0		_		0	
Total PVP	\$	51	\$	40	\$	0	\$		\$	91	
Gross par written	\$	3,294	\$	990	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,284	
MAC											
Total GWP	\$	1	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	1	
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽²⁾		0				_		_		0	
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		_		_		_		_		_	
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		_		_		_		_		_	
Total PVP	\$	1	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	1	
Gross par written	\$	136	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	136	
Consolidated AGM											
Total GWP	\$	52	\$	57	\$	1	\$	0	\$	110	
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		0		55		1		0		56	
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		_		38		0		_		38	
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		_		_		0		_		0	
Total PVP	\$	52	\$	40	\$	0	\$		\$	92	
Gross par written	\$	3,430	\$	990	\$		\$		\$	4,420	

¹⁾ Includes present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, gross written premium adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions, any cancellations of assumed reinsurance contracts, and other GAAP adjustments.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ Includes present value of GWP adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions.

New Business Production (3 of 3) (dollars in millions)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

	March 31, 2010								
	Public Finance Structured Finan							nce	
	<u>U.S.</u>			ı - U.S.	U.S.		Non - U.S.		 Total
AGM (Excluding MAC)	' <u></u>								
Total GWP	\$	17	\$	8	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 25
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		(14)		8		_		0	(6)
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		_		7		_		_	7
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		_		_		0		_	0
Total PVP	\$	31	\$	7	\$		\$		\$ 38
Gross par written	\$	2,655	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2,655
MAC									
Total GWP	\$	0	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 0
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments(2)		0		_		_		_	0
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		_		_		_		_	_
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		_		_		_		_	_
Total PVP	\$	0	\$	_	\$		\$		\$ 0
Gross par written	\$	94	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 94
Consolidated AGM									
Total GWP	\$	17	\$	8	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 25
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		(14)		8		0		0	(6)
Plus: Financial guaranty installment premium PVP		_		7		0		_	7
Plus: PVP of non-financial guaranty insurance		_		_		0		_	0
Total PVP	\$	31	\$	7	\$	0	\$		\$ 38
Gross par written	\$	2,749	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2,749

¹⁾ Includes present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, gross written premium adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions, any cancellations of assumed reinsurance contracts, and other GAAP adjustments.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ Includes present value of GWP adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions.

Gross Par Written (dollars in millions)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 Avg. Internal **Gross Par Written** Rating Sector: U.S. public finance: General obligation \$ 1,354 Α-Transportation 701 BBB+ Tax backed 695 Α Infrastructure finance 345 A 252 Municipal utilities A-Higher education 81 A Healthcare Α Total U.S. public finance 3,430 A-Non-U.S. public finance: Infrastructure finance 689 BBB+ Regulated utilities 301 BBB Total non-U.S. public finance 990 BBB+ 4,420 Total public finance **A-**U.S. structured finance: Total U.S. structured finance Non-U.S. structured finance: Total non-U.S. structured finance **Total structured finance** 4,420 Total gross par written

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of internal ratings and sectors.

Available-for-Sale Investment Portfolio and Cash (1 of 2) As of March 31, 2017

(dollars in millions)

		Fair Value											
	(Ex	AGM ccluding MAC)		MAC		solidated AGM							
Investment portfolio, available-for-sale:													
Fixed-maturity securities:													
Obligations of states and political subdivisions (2)	\$	2,528	\$	833	\$	3,361							
Insured obligations of state and political subdivisions ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		178		113		291							
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies		22		16		38							
Agency obligations		10		6		16							
Corporate securities (2)		519		65		584							
Mortgage-backed securities (MBS):													
Residential MBS (RMBS) (2)		457		11		468							
Commercial MBS (CMBS)		238		20		258							
Asset-backed securities ⁽²⁾		295		_		295							
Foreign government securities		153		_		153							
Total fixed-maturity securities		4,400		1,064		5,464							
Short-term investments and cash		221		13		234							
Total	\$	4,621	\$	1,077	\$	5,698							

Fair Value

Ratings ⁽³⁾ :	Ex	AGM cluding //AC)	% of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	22	0.5 %
Agency obligations		10	0.2
AAA/Aaa		480	10.9
AA/Aa		2,439	55.4
A/A		823	18.7
BBB		24	0.6
Below investment grade (BIG) (4)		602	13.7
Total fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	4,400	100.0%

¹⁾ Reflects obligations of state and local political subdivisions that have been insured by other financial guarantors. The underlying ratings of these bonds, average A, after giving effect to the lower of the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC(S&P) or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's).

²⁾ Includes securities purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies.

³⁾ Ratings are represented by the lower of the Moody's and S&P classifications except for bonds purchased for loss mitigation (loss mitigation securities) or other risk management strategies which use internal ratings classifications.

⁴⁾ Includes BIG securities that were purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies of \$852 million in par with carrying value of \$602 million.

Available-for-Sale Investment Portfolio and Cash (2 of 2)

As of March 31, 2017 (dollars in millions)

	Amortized Cost		Pre-Tax Book Yield	After-Tax Book Yield	Fair Value		Inves	nalized stment ome ⁽¹⁾
Investment portfolio, available-for-sale:								
Fixed-maturity securities:								
Obligations of states and political subdivisions (3)	\$	3,257	3.66%	3.42 %	\$	3,361	\$	119
Insured obligations of state and political subdivisions (2)(3)		270	4.72	4.44		291		13
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies		35	2.53	1.64		38		1
Agency obligations		16	3.77	2.45		16		1
Corporate securities (3)		588	4.26	2.77		584		25
Mortgage-backed securities (MBS):								
Residential MBS (RMBS) (3)		459	5.78	3.76		468		27
Commercial MBS (CMBS)		253	3.30	2.15		258		8
Asset-backed securities ⁽³⁾		285	4.21	2.74		295		12
Foreign government securities		182	1.78	1.16		153		3
Total fixed-maturity securities		5,345	3.91	3.24		5,464		209
Short-term investments		204	0.08	0.05		204		0
Cash (4)		30	_	_		30		_
Total	\$	5,579	3.76%	3.12%	\$	5,698	\$	209

Ratings (5):	Fai	ir Value	% of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	38	0.7 %
Agency obligations		16	0.3
AAA/Aaa		576	10.5
AA/Aa		3,216	58.9
A/A		977	17.9
BBB		39	0.7
Below investment grade (BIG) (6)		602	11.0
Total fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	5,464	100.0%
Duration of fixed-maturity securities and short-term investments (in years):			5.4
Average ratings of fixed-maturity securities and short-term investments			A +

- 1) Represents annualized investment income based on amortized cost and pre-tax book yields.
- 2) Reflects obligations of state and local political subdivisions that have been insured by other financial guarantors. The underlying ratings of these bonds, average A, after giving effect to the lower of the rating assigned by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P) or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's).
- 3) Includes securities purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies.
- 4) Cash is not included in the yield calculation.
- 5) Ratings are represented by the lower of the Moody's and S&P classifications except for bonds purchased for loss mitigation (loss mitigation securities) or other risk management strategies which use internal ratings classifications.
- 6) Includes below investment grade securities that were purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies of \$852 million in par with carrying value of \$602 million.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.Estimated Net Exposure Amortization⁽¹⁾ and Estimated Future Net Premium and Credit Derivative Revenues (dollars in millions)

	De	imated Net bt Service nortization	Ei De	Estimated Ending Net Debt Service Outstanding		ected PV Earned miums	Accretion of Discount		C E Ea	ffect of FG VIE onsolidation on xpected PV Net irned Premiums and Accretion of Discount	D	Future Credit erivative evenues
2017 (as of March 31)			\$	256,975								
2017 Q2	\$	8,806		248,169	\$	45	\$	2	\$	(4)	\$	3
2017 Q3		11,095		237,074		44		2		(3)		2
2017 Q4		6,241		230,833		42		1		(3)		1
2018		23,885		206,948		160		6		(10)		1
2019		16,859		190,089		140		6		(8)		1
2020		13,350		176,739		126		5		(7)		1
2021		13,087		163,652		115		5		(5)		0
2017-2021		93,323		163,652		672		27		(40)		9
2022-2026		58,293		105,359		448		20		(17)		2
2027-2031		44,012		61,347		288		13		(11)		1
2032-2036		29,868		31,479		175		7		(10)		0
After 2036		31,479		_		161		7		(2)		0
Total	\$	256,975			\$	1,744	\$	74	\$	(80)	\$	12

¹⁾ Represents the future expected amortization of current debt service outstanding (principal and interest), assuming no advance refundings, as of March 31, 2017. Actual amortization differs from expected maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay guaranteed obligations, terminations and because of management's assumptions on structured finance amortization.

²⁾ See page 16, "Net Expected Loss to be Expensed."

Net Expected Loss to be Expensed As of March 31, 2017 (dollars in millions)

	Net Expec be Exp	eted Loss to ensed (1)
	GA	AP ⁽²⁾
2017 Q2	\$	3
2017 Q3		5
2017 Q4		5
2018		18
2019		18
2020		17
2021		15
2017-2021		81
2022-2026		50
2027-2031		24
2032-2036		14
After 2036		4
Total expected PV of net expected loss to be expensed		173
Future accretion		169
Total expected future loss and LAE	\$	342

¹⁾ The present value of net expected loss to be paid is discounted using risk-free rates ranging from 0.0% to 3.14% for U.S. dollar denominated obligations.

²⁾ Excludes \$55 million related to FG VIEs, which are eliminated in consolidation.

Expected Amortization of Net Par Outstanding (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

Structured Finance

Fetima	ted No	Par An	nortization

	U.S. and Non-U.S. Pooled Corporate		U.S. RMBS		Financial Products		Other Structured Finance		Total	Estimated Ending Net Par Outstanding	
2017 (as of March 31)										\$	10,664
2017 Q2	\$	2,201	\$	159	\$	15	\$	15	\$ 2,390		8,274
2017 Q3		1,489		134		(9)		13	1,627		6,647
2017 Q4		675		124		(9)		48	838		5,809
2018		461		442		(19)		99	983		4,826
2019		149		361		7		216	733		4,093
2020		_		315		(2)		80	393		3,700
2021		_		270		2		43	315		3,385
2017-2021		4,975		1,805		(15)		514	7,279		3,385
2022-2026		29		838		277		93	1,237		2,148
2027-2031		81		214		873		263	1,431		717
2032-2036				89		232		45	366		351
After 2036		61		189		95		6	351		_
Total structured finance	\$	5,146	\$	3,135	\$	1,462	\$	921	\$ 10,664		

Public Finance

	Estimated Net Par Amortization			stimated Iding Net Par tstanding	
2017 (as of March 31)			\$	164,050	
2017 Q2	\$	4,438		159,612	
2017 Q3		7,604		152,008	
2017 Q4		3,527		148,481	
2018		16,065		132,416	
2019		9,925		122,491	
2020		7,157		115,334	
2021		7,324		108,010	
2017-2021		56,040		108,010	
2022-2026		34,767		73,243	
2027-2031		28,147		45,096	
2032-2036		21,168		23,928	
After 2036		23,928	8		
Total public finance	\$	164,050			

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.
Expected Amortization of Net Par Outstanding (2 of 2)
(dollars in millions)

Public Finance:

Estimated Ending Net Par Outstanding

	AGM (excluding MAC)		Assumed from Assured Guaranty Municipal		Assumed from AGC		Direct		Total MAC		Со	nsolidated AGM	
2017 (as of March 31)	\$	111,230	\$	33,717	\$	16,162	\$	2,941	\$	52,820	\$	164,050	
2017 Q2		109,393		31,665		15,647		2,907		50,219		159,612	
2017 Q3		105,060		28,999		15,080		2,869		46,948		152,008	
2017 Q4		103,353		27,550		14,743		2,835		45,128		148,481	
2018		96,305		22,245		11,179		2,687		36,111		132,416	
2019		91,747		20,038		8,192		2,514		30,744		122,491	
2020		87,180		18,229		7,590		2,335		28,154		115,334	
2021		82,193		16,625		7,039		2,153		25,817		108,010	
2026		57,311		9,885		4,716		1,331		15,932		73,243	
2031		36,537		5,123		2,789		647		8,559		45,096	
2036		19,931		2,509		1,274		214		3,997		23,928	

Public Finance:

Estimated Net Par Amortization

			MAC											
			AGM (excluding MAC)		Assumed from Assured Guaranty Municipal		Assumed from AGC		Direct		Total MAC			nsolidated AGM
2017 Q2	\$	1,837	\$	2,052	\$	515	\$	34	\$	2,601	\$	4,438		
2017 Q3		4,333		2,666		567		38		3,271		7,604		
2017 Q4		1,707		1,450		336		34		1,820		3,527		
2018		7,048		5,305		3,565		147		9,017		16,065		
2019		4,558		2,207		2,987		173		5,367		9,925		
2020		4,567		1,809		601		180		2,590		7,157		
2021		4,987		1,604		552		181		2,337		7,324		
2017-2021		29,037		17,093		9,123		787		27,003		56,040		
2022-2026		24,882		6,740		2,323		822		9,885		34,767		
2027-2031		20,774		4,763		1,927		683		7,373		28,147		
2032-2036		16,606		2,614		1,516		432		4,562		21,168		
After 2036		19,931		2,509		1,274		214		3,997		23,928		

Financial Guaranty Profile (1 of 6)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by Asset Type

					M	AC					
	(e	AGM excluding MAC)	from Gua	umed Assured aranty nicipal	sumed m AGC		Direct	То	tal MAC	Co	nsolidated AGM
U.S. public finance:											
General obligation	\$	36,651	\$	19,849	\$ 9,293	\$	2,618	\$	31,760	\$	68,411
Tax backed		22,200		4,992	2,192		127		7,311		29,511
Municipal utilities		16,378		5,444	2,457		157		8,058		24,436
Transportation		8,473		1,624	689		36		2,349		10,822
Higher education		2,912		1,372	1,133		3		2,508		5,420
Healthcare		5,034		_	_		_		_		5,034
Housing		824		176					176		1,000
Infrastructure finance		813		_	_		_		_		813
Other public finance		884		260	398				658		1,542
Total U.S. public finance		94,169		33,717	16,162		2,941		52,820		146,989
Non-U.S. public finance:											
Infrastructure finance		7,760		_	_		_		_		7,760
Regulated utilities		5,104		_	_		_		_		5,104
Other public finance		4,197			 						4,197
Total non-U.S. public finance		17,061									17,061
Total public finance		111,230		33,717	16,162		2,941		52,820		164,050
U.S. structured finance:											
Pooled corporate obligations		4,509		_	_		_		_		4,509
RMBS		3,135		_	_		_		_		3,135
Financial products		1,462		_	_		_		_		1,462
Consumer receivables		108		_	_		_		_		108
Commercial receivables		24		_	_		_		_		24
Other structured finance		149		_	_		_		_		149
Total U.S. structured finance		9,387			_		_				9,387
Non-U.S. structured finance:											
Pooled corporate obligations		637		_	_		_		_		637
RMBS		353		_	_		_		_		353
Other structured finance		287									287
Total non-U.S. structured finance		1,277			_						1,277
Total structured finance		10,664									10,664
Total	\$	121,894	\$	33,717	\$ 16,162	\$	2,941	\$	52,820	\$	174,714

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (2 of 6) (dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding and Average Rating by Asset Type

	March 31	1, 2017	December 31, 2016				
	Net Par Outstanding	Avg. Internal Rating	Net Par Outstanding	Avg. Internal Rating			
U.S. public finance:							
General obligation	\$ 68,411	A	\$ 71,026	A			
Tax backed	29,511	A	30,126	A			
Municipal utilities	24,436	A	25,237	A			
Transportation	10,822	A-	10,890	A-			
Higher education	5,420	A	5,479	A			
Healthcare	5,034	A	5,059	A			
Housing	1,000	A-	1,116	A-			
Infrastructure finance	813	BBB+	575	BBB			
Other public finance	1,542	A	1,561	A			
Total U.S. public finance	146,989	A	151,069	A			
Non-U.S. public finance:							
Infrastructure finance	7,760	BBB	7,216	BBB			
Regulated utilities	5,104	BBB+	4,685	BBB+			
Other public finance	4,197	A	4,063	A			
Total non-U.S. public finance	17,061	BBB+	15,964	BBB+			
Total public finance	164,050	A	167,033	A			
U.S. structured finance:							
Pooled corporate obligations	4,509	AAA	5,395	AAA			
RMBS	3,135	BB	3,293	BB			
Financial products	1,462	AA-	1,540	AA-			
Consumer receivables	108	$\mathrm{B}+$	113	$\mathrm{B}+$			
Commercial receivables	24	BBB-	24	BBB-			
Other structured finance	149	AA-	149	AA-			
Total U.S. structured finance	9,387	AA-	10,514	AA-			
Non-U.S. structured finance:							
Pooled corporate obligations	637	AA+	1,099	AA+			
RMBS	353	A	357	BBB+			
Other structured finance	287	AAA	287	AAA			
Total non-U.S. structured finance	1,277	AA	1,743	AA			
Total structured finance	10,664	AA-	12,257	AA-			
Total	\$ 174,714	A	\$ 179,290	A			

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (3 of 6)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Distribution by Ratings of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

		Public Fina U.S.	nce -	1	Public Fina Non-U.S		Sti	ructured Fi U.S.	nance -	Str	uctured Fi Non-U.S			Total	
Ratings:	-	Net Par tstanding	0/0	-	let Par tstanding	%	-	Net Par tstanding	%		et Par standing	%	-	Net Par tstanding	%
AAA	\$	1,499	1.0%	\$	629	3.7%	\$	4,869	51.9%	\$	788	61.8%	\$	7,785	4.5 %
AA		28,287	19.3		166	1.0		2,299	24.5		133	10.4		30,885	17.6
A		82,818	56.3		4,768	27.9		59	0.6		67	5.2		87,712	50.2
BBB		31,335	21.3		10,730	62.9		84	0.9		155	12.1		42,304	24.2
BIG		3,050	2.1		768	4.5		2,076	22.1		134	10.5		6,028	3.5
Net Par Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	\$	146,989	100.0%	\$	17,061	100.0%	\$	9,387	100.0%	\$	1,277	100.0%	\$	174,714	100.0%

¹⁾ As of March 31, 2017, excludes \$652 million of net par as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including loss mitigation securities held in the investment portfolio, which are primarily BIG.

Distribution by Ratings of U.S. Public Finance Portfolio

		MAC										
	(ex	AGM cluding MAC)		imed from AGM	Assı	umed from AGC		Direct	T	otal MAC	C	onsolidated AGM
Ratings:												
AAA	\$	761	\$	714	\$	24	\$		\$	738	\$	1,499
AA		14,771		10,677		2,747		92		13,516		28,287
A		51,935		17,938		11,214		1,731		30,883		82,818
BBB		23,930		4,131		2,156		1,118		7,405		31,335
BIG		2,772		257		21		_		278		3,050
Net Par Outstanding	\$	94,169	\$	33,717	\$	16,162	\$	2,941	\$	52,820	\$	146,989

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (4 of 6) As of March 31, 2017 (dollars in millions)

Ceded Par Outstanding by Reinsurer

Reinsurer	Ceded Pa	r Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	% of Total
Affiliated companies ⁽²⁾	\$	56,156	86.5 %
Non-affiliated companies:			
Reinsurers rated investment grade:			
Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. (2)(3)		3,309	5.1
Subtotal		3,309	5.1
Reinsurers rated BIG or not rated:			
American Overseas Reinsurance Company Limited ⁽²⁾		2,846	4.4
Syncora Guarantee Inc. (2)		1,950	3.0
ACA Financial Guaranty Corporation		621	1.0
Subtotal		5,417	8.4
Other ⁽²⁾		21	0.0
Non-affiliated companies		8,747	13.5
Total	\$	64,903	100.0%

¹⁾ Of the total ceded par to reinsurers rated BIG or not rated, \$338 million is rated BIG.

²⁾ The total collateral posted by all affiliated and non-affiliated reinsurers required or had agreed to post collateral as of March 31, 2017, was approximately \$858 million. The collateral excludes amounts posted by AGM for the benefit of AGE.

³⁾ The Company benefits from trust arrangements that satisfy the triple-A credit requirement of S&P and/or Moody's.

Financial Guaranty Profile (5 of 6)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Geographic Distribution of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	Net Par Outstanding	% of Total
U.S.:		
U.S. public finance		
California	\$ 26,738	15.3 %
Pennsylvania	13,025	7.5
Texas	11,665	6.7
New York	11,410	6.5
Illinois	11,156	6.4
Florida	7,589	4.3
New Jersey	7,174	4.1
Michigan	5,392	3.1
Georgia	4,070	2.3
Arizona	3,661	2.1
Other states	45,109	25.8
Total public finance	146,989	84.1
U.S. structured finance	9,387	5.4
Total U.S.	156,376	89.5
Non-U.S.:		
United Kingdom	9,414	5.4
Canada	2,494	1.4
Australia	1,826	1.0
France	966	0.6
Italy	921	0.5
Other	2,717	1.6
Total non-U.S.	18,338	10.5
Total net par outstanding	\$ 174,714	100.0%

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (6 of 6)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Net Direct Economic Exposure to Selected European Countries (1)

	Hu	ngary	Italy	Po	rtugal	Spain	Total
Sub-sovereign exposure (2)	\$	158	\$ 625	\$	72	\$ 266	\$ 1,121
Non-sovereign exposure (3)		107	296		_	_	403
Total	\$	265	\$ 921	\$	72	\$ 266	\$ 1,524
Total BIG	\$	158	\$ 	\$	72	\$ 266	\$ 496

- 1) While exposures are shown in U.S. dollars, the obligations are in various currencies, primarily euros.
- 2) Sub-sovereign exposure in Selected European Countries includes transactions backed by receivables from or supported by sub-sovereigns, which are governmental or government-backed entities other than the ultimate governing body of the country.
- 3) Non-sovereign exposure in Selected European Countries includes debt of regulated utilities and RMBS.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's net par outstanding, internal rating approach and of the various sectors.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (1 of 3)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Exposure to Puerto Rico

Gross Par OutstandingNet Par OutstandingGross Debt Service OutstandingNet Debt Service OutstandingTotal\$ 3,542\$ 2,182\$ 5,585\$ 3,555

Exposure to Puerto Rico by Risk⁽¹⁾

	et Par tanding ⁽³⁾	Gross Par itstanding
Commonwealth Constitutionally Guaranteed		
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds (4)	\$ 696	\$ 1,138
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds ("Second-to-pay policies on affiliate exposure") (2)	3	3
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds total	699	1,141
Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority (PBA) (4)	_	56
PBA ("Second-to-pay policies on affiliate exposure") (2)	11	11
PBA total	 11	67
Public Corporations - Certain Revenues Potentially Subject to Clawback		
Puerto Rico Highways and Transportation Authority (PRHTA) (Transportation revenue)	190	297
PRHTA (Transportation revenue) ("Second-to-pay policies on affiliate exposure") (2)	83	85
PRHTA (Transportation revenue) total	273	382
PRHTA (Highways revenue)	272	528
Other Public Corporations		
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA)	470	735
Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation (COFINA)	262	271
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency (MFA)	195	418
Total exposure to Puerto Rico	\$ 2,182	\$ 3,542

¹⁾ The general obligation bonds of Puerto Rico and various obligations of its related authorities and public corporations are rated BIG. The March 31, 2017 amounts include \$150 million related to the commutation of previously ceded business.

²⁾ Represents exposure as to which AGM guarantees payment of principal and interest when due in the event that both the obligor and the AGM affiliate that issued a primary insurance policy fail to pay.

³⁾ Includes exposure to capital appreciation bonds to one Puerto Rico credit: Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, current net par \$11 million, net fully accreted value at maturity \$30 million.

⁴⁾ As of the date of this filing, the Company has paid claims on these credits.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (2 of 3)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Amortization Schedule of Net Par Outstanding of Puerto Rico (1)

	2017 (2Q)	2017 (3Q)	2017 (4Q)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027 -2031	2032 -2036	2037 -2041	2042 -2043	Total
Commonwealth Constitutionally Guaranteed																	
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds ("Primary policies")	\$ —	\$ 44	s —	\$ 20	\$ 32	\$ 32	\$ —	\$ 12	\$ 3	\$ 38	\$ 35	\$ 10	\$ 143	\$ 264	\$ 63	\$ —	\$ 696
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds ("Second-to-pay policies") (2)	_	2	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
PBA ("Second-to-pay policies") (2)	_	2	_	_	2	5	_	_	1	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	11
Public Corporations - Certain Revenues Potentially Subject to Clawback																	
PRHTA (Transportation revenue) ("Primary policies")	_	22	_	14	10	10	10	11	12	_	4	5	87	5	_	_	190
PRHTA (Transportation revenue) ("Second-to-pay policies") (2)	_	_	_	6	_	_	_	_	_	_	17	12	19	29	_	_	83
PRHTA (Highways revenue)	_	3	_	3	6	7	10	4	6	7	7	0	40	179	_	_	272
Other Public Corporations																	
PREPA	_	4	_	2	19	33	17	18	60	57	44	48	168	_	_	_	470
COFINA	0	0	0	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	1	0	(1)	(1)	(4)	20	101	151	262
MFA	_	32	_	25	29	16	15	16	7	7	8	17	23	_	_	_	195
Total net par for Puerto Rico	\$ 0	\$109	\$ 0	\$ 69	\$ 97	\$103	\$ 51	\$ 60	\$ 90	\$ 109	\$115	\$ 91	\$ 476	\$ 497	\$ 164	\$ 151	\$2,182

¹⁾ Includes exposure to capital appreciation bonds for one Puerto Rico credit: Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, current net par \$11 million, net fully accreted value at maturity \$30 million.

²⁾ Represents exposure as to which AGM guarantees payment of principal and interest when due in the event that both the obligor and the AGM affiliate that issued a primary insurance policy fail to pay.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (3 of 3)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Amortization Schedule of Net Debt Service Outstanding of Puerto Rico (1)

	2017 (2Q)	20 (30		2017 (4Q)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027 -2031	2032 -2036	2037 -2041	2042 -2043	Total
Commonwealth Constitutionally Guaranteed																		
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds ("Primary policies")	s —	\$	62	s —	\$ 54	\$ 65	\$ 63	\$ 30	\$ 42	\$ 32	\$ 67	\$ 62	\$ 35	\$ 254	\$ 324	\$ 67	\$ —	\$1,157
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds ("Second-to-pay policies") (2)	_		2	_	0	0	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3
PBA ("Second-to-pay policies") (2)	_		2	_	1	2	6	0	0	1	0	1	_	_	_	_	_	13
Public Corporations - Certain Revenues Potentially Subject to Clawback																		
PRHTA (Transportation revenue) ("Primary policies")	_		28	_	22	18	17	17	18	18	5	9	9	101	5	_	_	267
PRHTA (Transportation revenue) ("Second-to-pay policies") (2)	_		2	_	10	5	4	4	4	4	4	22	15	30	35	_	_	139
PRHTA (Highways revenue)	_		10	_	17	21	21	23	16	19	19	19	12	95	208	_	_	480
Other Public Corporations																		
PREPA	2		13	2	24	40	53	36	36	77	72	55	57	191	_	_	_	658
COFINA	0		6	0	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	13	13	66	87	160	159	597
MFA			37		33	36	21	20	20	10	10	10	19	25				241
Total net par for Puerto Rico	\$ 2	\$ 1	62	\$ 2	\$174	\$ 200	\$ 199	\$143	\$ 149	\$175	\$ 191	\$ 191	\$ 160	\$ 762	\$ 659	\$ 227	\$ 159	\$3,555

¹⁾ Includes exposure to capital appreciation bonds for one Puerto Rico credit: Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation, current net par \$11 million, net fully accreted value at maturity \$30 million.

²⁾ Represents exposure as to which AGM guarantees payment of principal and interest when due in the event that both the obligor and the AGM affiliate that issued a primary insurance policy fail to pay.

Pooled Corporate Obligations Profile As of March 31, 2017 (dollars in millions)

Distribution of Pooled Corporate Obligations by Ratings

	let Par tstanding	% of Total	Avg. Initial Credit Enhancement	Avg. Current Credit Enhancement
Ratings:				
AAA	\$ 4,648	90.3 %	22.3 %	23.0 %
AA	357	6.9	37.4	50.3
A	_	_	_	_
BBB	7	0.2	_	_
BIG	 134	2.6		
Total exposures	\$ 5,146	100.0%	22.7%	24.3%

Distribution of Pooled Corporate Obligations by Asset Class

	 et Par standing	% of Total	Avg. Initial Credit Enhancement	Avg. Current Credit Enhancement	Avg. Rating
Asset class:	 				
Synthetic investment grade pooled corporates	\$ 3,875	75.3 %	22.3 %	20.6 %	AAA
CBOs/CLOs	1,100	21.4	28.0	41.0	AAA
Other pooled corporates	 171	3.3			BBB-
Total exposures	\$ 5,146	100.0%	22.7%	24.3%	AAA

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of internal ratings, performance indicators and sectors.

Consolidated U.S. RMBS Profile
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Distribution of U.S. RMBS by Rating and Type of Exposure (1)

Ratings:	Pı	rime First Lien	Alt-A	First Lien	OĮ	ption ARMs	Sub	oprime First Lien	Se	econd Lien	Fotal Net Par Outstanding
AAA	\$	0	\$	23	\$		\$	678	\$		\$ 701
AA		0		61		37		218		56	372
A		0		_		_		6		_	6
BBB		_				_		55		0	55
BIG		39		339		34		835		755	2,002
Total exposures	\$	39	\$	423	\$	71	\$	1,791	\$	811	\$ 3,135

Distribution of U.S. RMBS by Year Insured and Type of Exposure

Year insured:	P	rime First Lien	Alt-	A First Lien	C	Option ARMs	Sul	bprime First Lien	S	econd Lien	Total Net Par Outstanding
2004 and prior	\$	0	\$	23	\$		\$	665	\$	47	\$ 736
2005		_		158		12		153		121	444
2006		39		71		5		31		294	440
2007		_		171		54		889		349	1,463
2008								53			53
Total exposures	\$	39	\$	423	\$	71	\$	1,791	\$	811	\$ 3,135

¹⁾ Assured Guaranty Municipal has not insured any U.S. RMBS transactions since 2008.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding, and a description of sectors.

Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding Profile
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Distribution of Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding by Rating

Rating:	et Par standing	% of Total		
AAA	\$ 4,649	72.4 %		
AA	734	11.4		
A	588	9.1		
BBB	456	7.1		
BIG	 			
Total credit derivative net par outstanding	\$ 6,427	100.0%		

Distribution of Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding by Sector and Average Rating

	Net Par Outstanding	Average Rating	
Public finance			
U.S. public finance	\$ 985	A-	
Non-U.S. public finance	203	A-	
Total public finance	1,188	A-	
U.S. structured finance			
Pooled corporate obligations	4,494	AAA	
RMBS	61	AA+	
Commercial receivables	23	BBB-	
Other structured finance	73	AA	
Total U.S. structured finance	4,651	AAA	
Non-U.S. structured finance:			
Pooled corporate obligations	481	AAA	
RMBS	107	AA	
Total non-U.S. structured finance	588	AAA	
Total structured finance	5,239	AAA	
Total credit derivative net par outstanding	<u>\$ 6,427</u>	AAA	

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. Below Investment Grade Exposures (1 of 4) (dollars in millions)

BIG Exposures by Asset Exposure Type

	March 31, 2017		December 31, 2016		
U.S. public finance:					
General obligation	\$	1,417	\$	1,428	
Tax backed		1,026		848	
Municipal utilities		536		436	
Transportation		64		64	
Higher education		4		5	
Healthcare		_		5	
Other public finance		3		3	
Total U.S. public finance		3,050		2,789	
Non-U.S. public finance:					
Infrastructure finance		537		546	
Other public finance		231		231	
Total non-U.S. public finance		768		777	
Total public finance		3,818		3,566	
U.S. structured finance:					
RMBS		2,002		2,093	
Consumer receivables		74		76	
Other structured finance		_		6	
Total U.S. structured finance		2,076		2,175	
Non-U.S. structured finance:				_	
Pooled corporate obligations		134		134	
RMBS				40	
Total non-U.S. structured finance		134		174	
Total structured finance		2,210		2,349	
Total BIG net par outstanding	\$	6,028	\$	5,915	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (2 of 4) (dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by BIG Category(1)

	March 31	March 31, 2017		
Category 1				
U.S. public finance	\$	1,097	\$	967
Non-U.S. public finance		768		777
U.S. structured finance		34		45
Non-U.S. structured finance		134		174
Total Category 1		2,033		1,963
Category 2				
U.S. public finance		1,194		1,082
Non-U.S. public finance		_		_
U.S. structured finance		234		303
Non-U.S. structured finance				
Total Category 2		1,428		1,385
Category 3				
U.S. public finance		759		740
Non-U.S. public finance				_
U.S. structured finance		1,808		1,827
Non-U.S. structured finance				
Total Category 3		2,567		2,567
BIG Total	\$	6,028	\$	5,915

¹⁾ Assured Guaranty's surveillance department is responsible for monitoring the Company's portfolio of credits and maintains a list of BIG credits. BIG Category 1: Below-investment-grade transactions showing sufficient deterioration to make future losses possible, but for which none are currently expected. BIG Category 2: Below-investment-grade transactions for which future losses are expected but for which no claims (other than liquidity claims which is a claim that the Company expects to be reimbursed within one year) have yet been paid. BIG Category 3: Below-investment-grade transactions for which future losses are expected and on which claims (other than liquidity claims) have been paid.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (3 of 4)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Public Finance BIG Exposures with Revenue Sources Greater Than \$50 Million

	Net Par Outstanding		Internal Rating
Name or description			
U.S. public finance:			
Puerto Rico, General Obligation, Appropriations and Guarantees of the Commonwealth	\$	696	CCC-
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority		470	CC
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority		462	CC
Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation		262	CCC+
Oyster Bay, New York		209	BB+
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency		195	CCC-
Penn Hills School District, Pennsylvania		106	BB
Virgin Islands Public Finance Authority (Gross Receipts)		101	BB
Butler County General Authority, Pennsylvania		68	BB
Detroit-Wayne County Stadium Authority, Michigan		61	BB-
Stockton Pension Obligation Bonds, California		60	D
Total		2,690	
Non-U.S. public finance:			
Reliance Rail Finance Pty Limited		228	BB+
Valencia Fair		159	BB-
M6 Duna Autopalya Koncesszios Zartkoruen Mukodo Reszvenytarsasag		158	BB+
Autovia de la Mancha, S.A.		107	BB
Metropolitano de Porto Lease and Sublease of Railroad Equipment		52	B+
Total		704	
Total	\$	3,394	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (4 of 4)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

Structured Finance BIG Exposures Greater Than \$50 Million

	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating	60+ Day Delinquencies
Name or description			
U.S. structured finance:			
RMBS:			
Option One 2007-FXD2	\$ 2	28 CCC	15.9%
Countrywide HELOC 2006-I	1	68 B	2.9
Soundview 2007-WMC1	1	61 CCC	42.9
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	1	53 CCC	24.5
MABS 2007-NCW	1	35 CCC	32.6
New Century 2005-A	1	06 CCC	19.6
Countrywide HELOC 2006-F		91 CCC	5.9
Countrywide HELOC 2007-A		83 CCC	3.8
Countrywide HELOC 2005-D		83 CCC	3.7
Countrywide HELOC 2007-B		81 B	2.4
IndyMac 2007-H1 HELOC		62 CCC	3.9
Soundview (Delta) 2008-1		53 CCC	23.3
Ace Home Equity Loan Trust 2007-SL1		52 CCC	7.7
Total RMBS	1,4	56	
Subtotal U.S. structured finance	1,4	56	
Non-U.S. structured finance:			
Private Pooled Corporate Transaction		81 BB	N/A
Gleneagles Funding Ltd.		53 BB	N/A
Subtotal Non-U.S. structured finance	1	34	
Total	\$ 1,5	90	

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of performance indicators and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (1 of 4)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

50 Largest U.S. Public Finance Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name	et Par standing	Internal Rating		
New Jersey (State of)	\$ 2,140	BBB+		
Illinois (State of)	1,440	BBB+		
Pennsylvania (Commonwealth of)	1,183	A-		
Chicago (City of) Illinois	1,036	BBB+		
Massachusetts (Commonwealth of)	990	AA		
Los Angeles Unified School District, California	930	AA-		
New York (City of) New York	917	AA-		
Arizona (State of)	907	A+		
Wisconsin (State of)	834	A+		
Massachusetts (Commonwealth of) Water Resources	803	AA		
California (State of)	785	A		
New York (State of)	764	A+		
Chicago Public Schools, Illinois	757	BBB-		
Atlanta, Georgia Water & Sewer System	756	A-		
Puerto Rico, General Obligation, Appropriations and Guarantees of the Commonwealth	710	CCC-		
Port Authority of New York & New Jersey	685	BBB+		
Great Lakes Water Authority (Sewerage), Michigan	683	BBB+		
Miami-Dade County, Florida Water & Sewer	665	A+		
Philadelphia (City of) Pennsylvania	638	BBB+		
Long Island Power Authority	596	BBB+		
New York Metropolitan Transportation Authority	566	A		
San Diego Unified School District, California	556	AA		
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority	545	CCC		
Regional Transportation Authority, Illinois	541	AA-		
Central Florida Expressway Authority, Florida	538	A+		
Oglethorpe Power Corporation, Georgia	525	BBB+		
Miami-Dade County Aviation, Florida	513	A		
Maryland Transportation Authority	488	A+		
Garden State Preservation Trust (Open Space & Farmland), New Jersey	487	A-		
Sacramento County, California	481	A-		
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority	470	CC		
Utah Transit Authority, Utah	468	AA+		
Philadelphia School District, Pennsylvania	461	A-		
Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission	451	A-		
New York City Municipal Water Finance Authority	434	AA		
Kansas (State of)	432	A+		
Michigan (State of) Grant Anticipation Demand Notes	423	A+		
New Jersey Turnpike Authority, New Jersey	413	A-		
California (State of) Department of Water Resources - Electric Power Revenue	395	AA-		
Metropolitan Pier & Exposition Authority, Illinois	390	BBB		
Jefferson County Alabama Sewer	390	BBB-		
Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit Authority, Georgia	389	AAA		
Las Vegas-McCarran International Airport, Nevada	383	A		
Sacramento (County of), California Airport System	375	A-		
Georgia Board of Regents	373	A		
Houston, Texas Water and Sewer Authority	365	AA-		
Regional Transportation District, Colorado	363	AA		
Oregon School Boards Association, Oregon Limited Tax Pension Obligations	361	A+		
Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission Registration Fee	361	BBB		
Nassau County, New York	358	A-		
Total top 50 U.S. public finance exposures	\$ 31,514			

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (2 of 4)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

50 Largest U.S. Structured Finance Exposures

Credit Name	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating	Credit Enhancement
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	\$ 764	AAA	14.8%
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	742	AAA	26.7
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	515	AAA	14.3
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	380	AAA	29.2
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	342	AAA	16.3
Fortress Credit Opportunities I, LP.	334	AA	50.3
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	297	AAA	14.2
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	281	AAA	30.3
Cent CDO 15 Limited	245	AAA	21.0
Option One 2007-FXD2	228	CCC	0.0
Cent CDO 12 Limited	205	AAA	30.5
Synthetic Investment Grade Pooled Corporate CDO	169	AAA	27.6
Countrywide HELOC 2006-I	168	B B	0.0
Soundview 2007-WMC1	161	CCC	0.0 —
		CCC	0.0
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	153		
CWABS 2007-4 MADS 2007 NGW	140	A+	0.0
MABS 2007-NCW	135	CCC	0.0
New Century 2005-A	107	CCC	5.4
Countrywide 2007-13	106	AA-	19.8
Countrywide HELOC 2006-F	91	CCC	0.0
Countrywide HELOC 2007-A	83	CCC	0.0
Countrywide HELOC 2005-D	82	CCC	0.0
Countrywide HELOC 2007-B	81	В	0.0
NRG Peaker	73	AA	N/A
Wells Fargo Home Equity 2004-2	69	AAA	25.9
IndyMac 2007-H1 HELOC	62	CCC	
Lime Street CLO, LTD.	61	AAA	48.5
Soundview (Delta) 2008-1 A1	53	CCC	0.3
Ace Home Equity Loan Trust 2007-SL1	52	CCC	_
Ace 2007-D1	48	CCC	1.9
GMACM 2004-HE3	47	CCC	0.0
Long Beach 2004-1	43	AAA	71.0
Symphony CLO II, Ltd.	43	AAA	67.4
Grayson CLO	42	AAA	77.8
Conseco Finance Manufactured Housing Series 2001-2	41	CCC	18.7
Mid-State Trust X	40	AAA	40.7
Terwin Mortgage Trust 2005-16HE	40	CCC	_
Countrywide Home Loans (CWABS) 2004-1	40	AAA	62.8
GSAMP 2007-HSBC1	39	AAA	64.8
Asset Backed Funding Corp. 2005-AQ1	39	AA	16.4
Doral 2006-1	39	В	7.0
Long Beach 2004-3N	39	AAA	51.2
Countrywide HELOC 2005-C	38	CCC	0.0
Ameriquest 2003-5	38	BBB-	16.5
Renaissance (Delta) 2004-2	38	AAA	37.6
Tralee CDO I Ltd.	37	AAA	46.2
Deutsche Alt-B 2006-AB1	36	CCC	0.0
GreenPoint 2000-4	33	CCC	0.0
ACE 2005-HE6	31	AAA	79.1
Renaissance (Delta) 2005-4	31	В	14.3
Total top 50 U.S. structured finance exposures	\$ 7,001	_	
	7,001		

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (3 of 4)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

25 Largest Non-U.S. Exposures by Revenue Source

dit Name Country		Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating	
Hydro-Quebec, Province of Quebec	Canada	\$ 1,786	A+	
Thames Water Utility Finance PLC	United Kingdom	748	A-	
Channel Link Enterprises Finance PLC	France, United Kingdom	740	BBB	
Verbund - Lease and Sublease of Hydro-Electric equipment	Austria	600	AAA	
Sydney Airport Finance Company	Australia	488	BBB	
Southern Water Services Limited	United Kingdom	448	A-	
Capital Hospitals (Barts)	United Kingdom	442	BBB-	
Campania Region - Healthcare receivable	Italy	440	BBB-	
Central Nottinghamshire Hospitals PLC	United Kingdom	377	BBB	
Societe des Autoroutes du Nord et de l'Est de France S.A.	France	373	BBB+	
InspirED Education (South Lanarkshire) plc	United Kingdom	372	BBB-	
The Hospital Company (QAH Portsmouth) Limited	United Kingdom	309	BBB	
NewHospitals (St Helens & Knowsley) Finance PLC	United Kingdom	291	BBB	
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	Cayman Islands	287	AAA	
Envestra Limited	Australia	285	BBB+	
South East Water	United Kingdom	281	BBB+	
Province of Nova Scotia	Canada	276	A+	
MPC Funding Limited	Australia	262	BBB+	
Integrated Accommodation Services PLC	United Kingdom	257	BBB+	
Octagon Healthcare Funding PLC	United Kingdom	245	BBB	
Plenary Health North Bay Finco Inc.	Canada	238	BBB+	
Reliance Rail Finance Pty. Limited	Australia	228	BB+	
Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency	Japan	214	A+	
St. James's Oncology Financing plc	United Kingdom	211	BBB	
Bakethin Finance Plc	United Kingdom	208	A-	
Total top 25 non-U.S. exposures		\$ 10,406		

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (4 of 4)
As of March 31, 2017
(dollars in millions)

10 Largest U.S. Residential Mortgage Servicer Exposures

Servicer:	 Net Par Outstanding			
Specialized Loan Servicing, LLC	\$ 1,138			
Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC (1)	943			
Bank of America, N.A. (2)	465			
Wells Fargo Bank N.A.	286			
JPMorgan Chase Bank	106			
Select Portfolio Servicing, Inc.	78			
Ditech Financial LLC	41			
Banco Popular de Puerto Rico	39			
EverHome Mortgage Company	18			
Citicorp Mortgage Securities, Inc.	 8			
Total top 10 U.S. residential mortgage servicer exposures	\$ 3,122			

¹⁾ Includes Homeward Residential Inc.

10 Largest U.S. Healthcare Exposures

Credit Name:	- 1	et Par standing	Internal Rating	State
Dignity Health, California	\$	248		CA
Carolina HealthCare System		220	AA-	NC
Children's National Medical Center, District of Columbia		208	A-	DC
Palmetto Health Alliance, South Carolina		205	A-	SC
Asante Health System		199	A+	OR
Columbus Regional Healthcare System Inc.		167	BBB-	GA
Methodist Healthcare		166	A+	TN
Mercy Health (f/k/a Catholic Health Partners)		160	A	OH
MedStar Health		156	A-	MD
Carilion Clinic		153	A-	VA
Total top 10 U.S. healthcare exposures	\$	1,882		

Please refer to the Glossary for the Company's internal rating approach and presentation of net par outstanding.

²⁾ Includes Countrywide Home Loans Servicing LP.

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (dollars in millions)

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

	Loss to (Recove Decer	expected be Paid ered) as of other 31, 016	Paid a) as of Economic Loss r 31, Development			covered During 17	Net Expected Loss to be Paid (Recovered) as of March 31, 2017		
Public finance:									
U.S. public finance	\$	323	\$	30	\$	0	\$	353	
Non-U.S. public finance		21		(3)				18	
Public finance		344		27		0		371	
Structured finance:									
U.S. RMBS ⁽²⁾		147		(12)		12		147	
Other structured finance		16		(3)		0		13	
Structured finance		163		(15)		12		160	
Total	\$	507	\$	12	\$	12	\$	531	

¹⁾ Includes expected loss to be paid, economic loss development and paid (recovered) losses for all contracts (i.e. those accounted for as insurance, credit derivatives and FG VIEs).

²⁾ Includes future net representations and warranties (R&W) recoverable (payable) of \$(41) million as of December 31, 2016 and \$(58) million as of March 31, 2017.

Loss Measures As of March 31, 2017 (dollars in millions)

Total Net Par Outstanding for BIG Transactions			IQ-17 Loss and LAE included in		1Q-17 Effect of FG VIE Consolidation ⁽²⁾
\$	3,050	\$	40	\$ 40	\$ —
	768		(1)	(1)	_
3,818			39	39	
	2,002		(15)	(21)	(2)
	208		0	(2)	_
	2,210		(15)	(23)	(2)
\$	6,028	\$	24	\$ 16	\$ (2)
	Outst BIG T	\$ 3,050 768 3,818 2,002 208 2,210	Outstanding for BIG Transactions \$ 3,050	Outstanding for BIG Transactions 1Q-17 Loss and LAE \$ 3,050 \$ 40 768 (1) 3,818 39 2,002 (15) 208 0 2,210 (15)	Outstanding for BIG Transactions 1Q-17 Loss and LAE LAE included in Operating Income ⁽¹⁾ \$ 3,050 \$ 40 \$ 40 768 (1) (1) 3,818 39 39 2,002 (15) (21) 208 0 (2) 2,210 (15) (23)

¹⁾ Operating income includes financial guaranty insurance and credit derivatives.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

²⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents amounts included in the consolidated statements of operations and operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Summary of Statutory Financial and Statistical Data (dollars in millions)

As of and for Three Months

	Ended March 31,				Y	ear Ended	r Ended December 31,					
	2017		2016		2015		2014			2013		
Statutory Data												
Policyholders' surplus	\$	2,204	\$	2,321	\$	2,441	\$	2,267	\$	1,746		
Contingency reserve		1,263		1,236		1,357		1,496		1,783		
Qualified statutory capital		3,467		3,557		3,798		3,763		3,529		
Unearned premium reserve		1,349		1,328		1,597		1,769		1,891		
Loss and LAE reserves		448	_	410	_	438	_	487	_	340		
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		5,264		5,295		5,833		6,019		5,760		
Present value of installment premium		219		200		275		315		395		
CCS Excess of loss reinsurance facility		200 360		200 360		200 360		200 450		200 435		
Total claims-paying resources (including		300	_	300	_	300	_	430	_	433		
proportionate MAC ownership for AGM)		6,043		6,055		6,668		6,984		6,790		
Adjustment for MAC		646		657		940		954		917		
Total claims-paying resources (excluding proportionate MAC ownership for AGM)	\$	5,397	\$	5,398	\$	5,728	\$	6,030	<u>\$</u>	5,873		
Other Financial Information (Statutory Basis)												
Net debt service outstanding (end of period) ⁽¹⁾	\$	210,279	\$	213,198	\$	262,652	\$	309,272	\$	350,905		
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period) ⁽¹⁾		305,353		310,057		371,282		431,626		486,413		
Net par outstanding (end of period) ⁽¹⁾		136,859		139,420		170,925		201,290		229,637		
Gross par outstanding (end of period) ⁽¹⁾		196,280		200,061		238,062		276,304		311,891		
Ceded to Assured Guaranty affiliates		51,715		60,641		54,855		54,704		57,019		
Ceded par to other companies		7,707		9,170		12,282		20,309		25,237		
Ratios:												
Net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		39:1		39:1		45:1		53:1		65:1		
Capital ratio (1)		61:1		60:1		69:1		82:1		99:1		
Financial resources ratio (1)		35:1		35:1		39:1		44:1		52:1		
Gross debt service written:												
Public finance	\$	7,570	\$	26,269	\$	27,849	\$	21,022	\$	16,204		
Structured finance	<u></u>	7.570	•	26.260	Φ.	27.040	Φ.	21.022	•	16 204		
Total gross debt service written	<u> </u>	7,570	\$	26,269	\$	27,849	\$	21,022	\$	16,204		

¹⁾ See page 8 for additional detail on claims-paying resources and exposure.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Glossary

Net Par Outstanding and Internal Ratings

<u>Net Par Outstanding</u> is insured par exposure, net of reinsurance cessions. Unless otherwise indicated, GAAP net par outstanding amounts exclude amounts as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including securities the Company has purchased for loss mitigation purposes that are held in the investment portfolio.

<u>Internal Rating</u> utilizes the Company's ratings scale, which is similar to that used by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; however, the ratings in the tables may not be the same as ratings assigned by any such rating agency.

<u>Statutory Net Par and Net Debt Service Outstanding.</u> Under statutory accounting, net par and net debt service outstanding would be reduced both when an outstanding issue is legally defeased (i.e., an issuer has legally discharged its obligations with respect to a municipal security by satisfying conditions set forth in defeasance provisions contained in transaction documents and is no longer responsible for the payment of debt service with respect to such obligations) and when such issue is economically defeased (i.e., transaction documents for a municipal security do not contain defeasance provisions but the issuer establishes an escrow account with United States (U.S.) government securities in amounts sufficient to pay the refunded bonds when due; the refunded bonds are not considered paid and continue to be outstanding under the transaction documents and the issuer remains responsible to pay debt service when due to the extent monies on deposit in the escrow account are insufficient for such purpose).

Performance Indicators

The performance information described below is obtained from third parties and/or provided by the trustee and may be subject to revision as updated or additional information are obtained:

60+ Day Delinquencies are defined as loans that are greater than 60 days delinquent and all loans that are in foreclosure, bankruptcy or real estate owned divided by current collateral balance.

<u>Average Credit Enhancement</u> is intended to provide a measure of the amount of equity and/or subordinated tranches that are junior in the capital structure to Assured Guaranty's exposure, expressed as a percentage of the total transaction size, and reflects any reduction of that credit support resulting from defaults or other factors. For transactions where excess spread may be available to absorb certain losses, the amounts shown do not include any benefit from excess spread. The calculation methodologies differ for the various asset classes to reflect differences in transaction structures in order to provide a measure that management believes is comparable across asset classes. Some asset classes may not have subordinated tranches so they are excluded from the weighted averages.

Sectors

Below are brief descriptions of selected types of public and structured finance obligations that the Company insures and reinsures. For a more complete description, please refer to Assured Guaranty Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Public Finance.

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> are full faith and credit bonds that are issued by states, their political subdivisions and other municipal issuers, and are supported by the general obligation of the issuer to pay from available funds and by a pledge of the issuer to levy ad valorem taxes in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the bonds.

<u>Tax-Backed Bonds</u> are obligations that are supported by the issuer from specific and discrete sources of taxation. They include tax-backed revenue bonds, general fund obligations and lease revenue bonds. Tax-backed obligations may be secured by a lien on specific pledged tax revenues, such as a gasoline or excise tax, or incrementally from growth in property tax revenue associated with growth in property values. These obligations also include obligations secured by special assessments levied against property owners and often benefit from issuer covenants to enforce collections of such assessments and to foreclose on delinquent properties. Lease revenue bonds typically are general fund obligations of a municipality or other governmental authority that are subject to annual appropriation or abatement; projects financed and subject to such lease payments ordinarily include real estate or equipment serving an essential public purpose. Bonds in this category also include moral obligations of municipalities or governmental authorities.

<u>Municipal Utility Bonds</u> are obligations of all forms of municipal utilities, including electric, water and sewer utilities and resource recovery revenue bonds. These utilities may be organized in various forms, including municipal enterprise systems, authorities or joint action agencies.

<u>Transportation Bonds</u> include a wide variety of revenue-supported bonds, such as bonds for airports, ports, tunnels, municipal parking facilities, toll roads and toll bridges.

<u>Healthcare Bonds</u> are obligations of healthcare facilities, including community-based hospitals and systems, as well as of health maintenance organizations and long-term care facilities.

<u>Higher Education Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenue collected by either public or private secondary schools, colleges and universities. Such revenue can encompass all of an institution's revenue, including tuition and fees, or in other cases, can be specifically restricted to certain auxiliary sources of revenue.

<u>Infrastructure Bonds</u> include obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure and other physical assets delivering essential services supported by long-term concession arrangements with a public sector entity.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

<u>Investor-Owned Utility Bonds</u> are obligations primarily backed by investor-owned utilities, first mortgage bond obligations of for-profit electric or water utilities providing retail, industrial and commercial service, and also include sale-leaseback obligation bonds supported by such entities.

<u>Housing Revenue Bonds</u> are obligations relating to both single and multi-family housing, issued by states and localities, supported by cash flow and, in some cases, insurance from entities such as the Federal Housing Administration.

<u>Regulated Utilities Obligations</u> are issued by government-regulated providers of essential services and commodities, including electric, water and gas utilities. The majority of the Company's international regulated utility business is conducted in the United Kingdom.

<u>Pooled Infrastructure Obligations</u> are synthetic asset-backed obligations that take the form of credit default swap obligations or credit-linked notes that reference either infrastructure finance obligations or a pool of such obligations, with a defined deductible to cover credit risks associated with the referenced obligations.

<u>Other Public Finance</u> primarily includes government insured student loans, government-sponsored project finance and structured municipal transactions, which includes excess of loss reinsurance on portfolios of municipal credits.

Structured Finance:

<u>Pooled Corporate Obligations</u> are securities primarily backed by various types of corporate debt obligations, such as secured or unsecured bonds, bank loans or loan participations and trust preferred securities (TruPS). These securities are often issued in "tranches," with subordinated tranches providing credit support to the more senior tranches. The Company's financial guaranty exposures generally are to the more senior tranches of these issues.

Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities (RMBS) are obligations backed by closed-end and open-end first and second lien mortgage loans on one-to-four family residential properties, including condominiums and cooperative apartments. First lien mortgage loan products in these transactions include fixed rate, adjustable rate (ARM) and option adjustable-rate (Option ARM) mortgages. The credit quality of borrowers covers a broad range, including "prime", "subprime" and "Alt-A". A prime borrower is generally defined as one with strong risk characteristics as measured by factors such as payment history, credit score, and debt-to-income ratio. A subprime borrower is a borrower with higher risk characteristics, usually as determined by credit score and/or credit history. An Alt-A borrower is generally defined as a prime quality borrower that lacks certain ancillary characteristics, such as fully documented income.

Additional insured obligations within RMBS include Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs), which refers to a type of residential mortgage-backed transaction backed by second-lien loan collateral consisting of home equity lines of credit. U.S. Prime First Lien is a type of residential mortgage-backed securities transaction backed primarily by prime first-lien loan collateral plus an insignificant amount of other miscellaneous RMBS transactions.

<u>CBOs/CLOs (collateralized bond obligations and collateralized loan obligations)</u> are asset-backed securities largely backed by non-investment grade/high yield collateral.

<u>Financial Products Business</u> is how the Company refers to the guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) portion of a line of business previously conducted by Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc. (AGMH) that the Company did not acquire when it purchased AGMH in 2009 from Dexia SA and that is being run off. That line of business was comprised of AGMH's GICs business, its medium term notes business and the equity payment agreements associated with AGMH's leveraged lease business. Assured Guaranty is indemnified by Dexia SA and certain of its affiliates against loss from the former Financial Products Business.

<u>Consumer Receivables Securities</u> are obligations backed by non-mortgage consumer receivables, such as student loans, automobile loans and leases, manufactured home loans and other consumer receivables.

<u>Commercial Receivables Securities</u> are obligations backed by equipment loans or leases, aircraft and aircraft engine financings, business loans and trade receivables. Credit support is derived from the cash flows generated by the underlying obligations, as well as property or equipment values as applicable.

<u>Insurance Securitization Obligations</u> are obligations secured by the future earnings from pools of various types of insurance/reinsurance policies and income produced by invested assets.

Other Structured Finance Obligations are obligations backed by assets not generally described in any of the other described categories. One such type of asset is a tax benefit to be realized by an investor in one of the Federal or state programs that permit such investor to receive a credit against taxes (such as Federal corporate income tax or state insurance premium tax) for making qualified investments in specified enterprises, typically located in designated low-income areas.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To reflect the key financial measures that management analyzes in evaluating the Company's operations and progress towards long-term goals, the Company discloses both financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP and financial measures not determined in accordance with GAAP (non-GAAP financial measures).

Financial measures identified as non-GAAP should not be considered substitutes for GAAP financial measures. The primary limitation of non-GAAP financial measures is the potential lack of comparability to financial measures of other companies, whose definitions of non-GAAP financial measures may differ from those of Assured Guaranty. Beginning in fourth quarter 2016, the Company's publicly disclosed non-GAAP financial measures are different from the financial measures used by management in its decision making process and in its calculation of certain components of management compensation (core financial measures). The Company had previously excluded the effect of consolidating FG VIEs (FG VIE consolidation) in its calculation of its non-GAAP financial measures of operating income (non-GAAP), operating ROE, non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity and non-GAAP adjusted book value. Starting in fourth quarter 2016, based on the SEC's May 17, 2016 release of new and updated Compliance and Disclosure Interpretations of the rules and regulations on the use of non-GAAP financial measures, the Company will no longer adjust for FG VIE consolidation. However, wherever possible, the Company has separately disclosed the effect of FG VIE consolidation that is included in its non-GAAP financial measures. The prior-year's quarterly non-GAAP financial measures have been updated to reflect the revised calculation.

Management and the Board of Directors use core financial measures, which are based on non-GAAP financial measures adjusted to remove FG VIE consolidation, as well as GAAP financial measures and other factors, to evaluate the Company's results of operations, financial condition and progress towards long-term goals. The Company removes FG VIE consolidation in its core financial measures because, although GAAP requires the Company to consolidate certain VIEs that have issued debt obligations insured by the Company, the Company does not own such VIEs and its exposure is limited to its obligation under its financial guaranty insurance contract. By disclosing non-GAAP financial measures, along with FG VIE consolidation, the Company gives investors, analysts and financial news reporters access to information that management and the Board of Directors review internally. Assured Guaranty believes its presentation of non-GAAP financial measures and FG VIE consolidation provides information that is necessary for analysts to calculate their estimates of Assured Guaranty's financial results in their research reports on Assured Guaranty and for investors, analysts and the financial news media to evaluate Assured Guaranty's financial results.

Many investors, analysts and financial news reporters use non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, as the principal financial measure for valuing AGL's current share price or projected share price and also as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell AGL's common shares. Many of the Company's fixed income investors also use this measure to evaluate the Company's capital adequacy.

Many investors, analysts and financial news reporters also use non-GAAP adjusted book value, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Operating income adjusted for the effect of FG VIE consolidation enables investors and analysts to evaluate the Company's financial results as compared with the consensus analyst estimates distributed publicly by financial databases.

The core financial measures that are used to help determine compensation are: (1) operating income, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, (2) non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, (3) growth in non-GAAP adjusted book value per share, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, and (4) PVP.

The following paragraphs define each non-GAAP financial measure disclosed by the Company and describe why it is useful. A reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure and the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is presented within this financial supplement.

Operating Income (non-GAAP): Management believes that operating income is a useful measure because it clarifies the understanding of the underwriting results and financial condition of the Company and presents the results of operations of the Company excluding the fair value adjustments on credit derivatives and CCS that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss, as well as other adjustments described below. Management adjusts operating income further by removing FG VIE consolidation to arrive at its core operating income measure. Operating income is defined as net income (loss) attributable to AGL, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of realized gains (losses) on the Company's investments, except for gains and losses on securities classified as trading. The timing of realized gains and losses, which depends largely on market credit cycles, can vary considerably across periods. The timing of sales is largely subject to the Company's discretion and influenced by market opportunities, as well as the Company's tax and capital profile.
- 2) Elimination of non-credit-impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

- 4) Elimination of foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of net premium receivables and loss and LAE reserves. Long-dated receivables and loss and LAE reserves represent the present value of future contractual or expected cash flows. Therefore, the current period's foreign exchange remeasurement gains (losses) are not necessarily indicative of the total foreign exchange gains (losses) that the Company will ultimately recognize.
- 5) Elimination of the tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Non-GAAP Operating Shareholders' Equity: Management believes that non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity is a useful measure because it presents the equity of the Company excluding the fair value adjustments on investments, credit derivatives and CCS, that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss, along with other adjustments described below. Management adjusts non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity further by removing FG VIE consolidation to arrive at its core operating shareholders' equity and core adjusted book value.

Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity is the basis of the calculation of non-GAAP adjusted book value (see below). Non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity is defined as shareholders' equity attributable to AGL, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of non-credit-impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, credit spreads and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 2) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's investments that are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) (excluding foreign exchange remeasurement). The AOCI component of the fair value adjustment on the investment portfolio is not deemed economic because the Company generally holds these investments to maturity and therefore should not recognize an economic gain or loss.
- 4) Elimination of the tax asset or liability related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Non-GAAP Adjusted Book Value: Management uses non-GAAP adjusted book value, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, to measure the intrinsic value of the Company, excluding franchise value. Growth in non-GAAP adjusted book value per share adjusted for FG VIE consolidation (core adjusted book value) is one of the key financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation elements to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors. Management believes that this is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the net present value of the Company's in-force premiums and revenues net of expected losses. Non-GAAP adjusted book value is non-GAAP operating shareholders' equity, as defined above, further adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of deferred acquisition costs, net. These amounts represent net deferred expenses that have already been paid or accrued and will be expensed in future accounting periods.
- 2) Addition of the net present value of estimated net future revenue on non financial guaranty contracts. See below.
- 3) Addition of the deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed, net of reinsurance. This amount represents the expected future net earned premiums, net of expected losses to be expensed, which are not reflected in GAAP equity.
- 4) Elimination of the tax asset or liability related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

The premiums and revenues included in non-GAAP adjusted book value will be earned in future periods, but actual earnings may differ materially from the estimated amounts used in determining current non-GAAP adjusted book value due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults and other factors.

Operating Return on Equity (Operating ROE): Operating ROE represents operating income for a specified period divided by the average of operating shareholders' equity at the beginning and the end of that period. Management believes that operating ROE is a useful measure to evaluate the Company's return on invested capital. Many investors, analysts and members of the financial news media use operating ROE, adjusted for FG VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Quarterly and year-to-date operating ROE are calculated on an annualized basis. Operating ROE, adjusted for FG VIE

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

consolidation, is one of the key management financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors.

Net Present Value of Estimated Net Future Revenue: Management believes that this amount is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the value of future estimated revenue. There is no corresponding GAAP financial measure. This amount represents the present value of estimated future revenue from the Company's non financial guaranty contracts, net of reinsurance, ceding commissions and premium taxes, for contracts without expected economic losses, and is discounted at 6%. Estimated net future revenue may change from period to period due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.

PVP or Present Value of New Business Production: Management believes that PVP is a useful measure because it enables the evaluation of the value of new business production for the Company by taking into account the value of estimated future installment premiums on all new contracts underwritten in a reporting period as well as premium supplements and additional installment premium on existing contracts as to which the issuer has the right to call the insured obligation but has not exercised such right, whether in insurance or credit derivative contract form, which management believes GAAP gross written premiums and the net credit derivative premiums received and receivable portion of net realized gains and other settlements on credit derivatives (Credit Derivative Realized Gains (Losses)) do not adequately measure. PVP in respect of contracts written in a specified period is defined as gross upfront and installment premiums received and the present value of gross estimated future installment premiums, discounted, in each case, at 6%. For purposes of the PVP calculation, management discounts estimated future installment premiums on insurance contracts at 6%. Under GAAP, financial guaranty installment premiums are discounted at a risk free rate. Additionally, under GAAP, management records future installment premiums on financial guaranty insurance contracts covering non-homogeneous pools of assets based on the contractual term of the transaction, whereas for PVP purposes, management records an estimate of the future installment premiums the Company expects to receive, which may be based upon a shorter period of time than the contractual term of the transaction. Actual future net earned or written premiums and Credit Derivative Realized Gains (Losses) may differ from PVP due to factors including, but not limited to, changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults, or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.



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