



Assured Guaranty Corp.June 30, 2022



Assured Guaranty Corp. June 30, 2022 Financial Supplement

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This financial supplement should be read in conjunction with documents filed by Assured Guaranty Ltd. (AGL and, together with its subsidiaries, Assured Guaranty) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 and its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022. For the purposes of this financial supplement, all references to the "Company" shall mean Assured Guaranty Corp. (AGC) and its consolidated entities. Some amounts in this financial supplement may not add due to rounding.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements

Any forward looking statements made in this supplement reflect the current views of Assured Guaranty with respect to future events and financial performance and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in these statements. Assured Guaranty's forward looking statements could be affected by many events. These events include (1) changes in inflation, interest rates, the world's credit markets or segments thereof, credit spreads or general economic conditions; (2) consequences of the conflict in Ukraine, including economic sanctions, volatility in energy prices, and the potential for increased cyberattacks; (3) the development, course and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic and the governmental and private actions taken in response, the effectiveness, acceptance and distribution of COVID-19 vaccines and therapeutics, and the global consequences of the pandemic and such actions, including their impact on the factors listed in this section; (4) developments in the world's financial and capital markets that adversely affect insured obligors' repayment rates, Assured Guaranty's insurance loss or recovery experience, investments of Assured Guaranty or assets it manages; (5) reduction in the amount of available insurance opportunities and/or in the demand for Assured Guaranty's insurance; (6) the loss of investors in Assured Guaranty's asset management strategies or the failure to attract new investors to Assured Guaranty's asset management business: (7) the possibility that budget or pension shortfalls or other factors will result in credit losses or impairments on obligations of state, territorial and local governments and their related authorities and public corporations that Assured Guaranty insures or reinsures; (8) insured losses in excess of those expected by Assured Guaranty or the failure of Assured Guaranty to realize loss recoveries that are assumed in its expected loss estimates for insurance exposures, including as a result of the failure to resolve Assured Guaranty's exposures to Puerto Rico (Puerto Rico or the Commonwealth) in a manner substantially consistent with the support agreements signed to date; (9) increased competition, including from new entrants into the financial guaranty industry; (10) poor performance of Assured Guaranty's asset management strategies compared to the performance of the asset management strategies of Assured Guaranty's competitors; (11) the possibility that investments made by Assured Guaranty for its investment portfolio, including alternative investments and investments it manages, do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to reduced liquidity at a time it requires liquidity or to unanticipated consequences; (12) the impact of market volatility on the mark-to-market of Assured Guaranty's assets and liabilities subject to mark-to-market, including certain of its investments, most of its financial guaranty contracts written in credit default swap form, and certain consolidated variable interest entities; (13) rating agency action, including a ratings downgrade, a change in outlook, the placement of ratings on watch for downgrade, or a change in rating criteria, at any time, of AGL or any of its insurance subsidiaries, and/or of any securities AGL or any of its subsidiaries have issued, and/or of transactions that AGL's insurance subsidiaries have insured; (14) the inability of Assured Guaranty to access external sources of capital on acceptable terms; (15) changes in applicable accounting policies or practices; (16) changes in applicable laws or regulations, including insurance, bankruptcy and tax laws, or other governmental actions; (17) the possibility that acquisitions made by Assured Guaranty, including its acquisition of BlueMountain Capital Management, LLC (now known as Assured Investment Management LLC) and its associated entities (BlueMountain Acquisition), do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to unanticipated consequences; (18) difficulties with the execution of Assured Guaranty's business strategy; (19) loss of key personnel; (20) the effects of mergers, acquisitions and divestitures; (21) natural or man-made catastrophes or pandemics; (22) other risk factors identified in AGL's filings with the U.S. SEC; (23) other risks and uncertainties that have not been identified at this time; and; (24) management's response to these factors. Assured Guaranty undertakes no obligation to update publicly or review any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Selected Financial Highlights (1 of 2) (dollars in thousands)

	 Three	Mont June (Ended		Six Months E June 30,			nded
	2022		2021		2022			2021
GAAP Highlights								
Net income (loss)	\$ 28,358	1	\$ 6,487		\$ 95,527		\$	(17,951)
Gross written premiums (GWP)	293		11,831		4,322			21,120
Effective tax rate on net income	16.6	%	12.9	%	18.6	%		22.3 %
GAAP return on equity (ROE) ⁽¹⁾	5.5	%	1.2	%	9.0	%		(1.6)%
Non-GAAP Highlights ⁽²⁾								
Adjusted operating income (loss) ⁽²⁾	\$ 33,986		\$ 24,563		\$ 101,064		\$	23,517
Present value of new business production (PVP) ⁽²⁾	7,363		8,627		15,564			20,034
Gross par written	703,408		479,280		1,211,955			667,057
Effective tax rate on adjusted operating income ⁽³⁾	17.4	%	19.1	%	18.7	%		20.4 %
Adjusted operating ROE ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	6.6	%	4.9	%	9.7	%		2.3 %
Effect of refundings and terminations on GAAP measures:								
Net earned premiums, pre-tax	\$ 764	;	\$ 2,567		\$ 110,966		\$	3,462
Fair value gains (losses) of credit derivatives, pre-tax	_		_		1,951			306
Net income effect	602		2,063		89,058			2,982
Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures:								
Operating net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues ⁽⁴⁾ ,	764		2.567		112.017			2 472
pre-tax Adjusted operating income ⁽⁴⁾ effect	764 602		2,567		112,917			3,472
Adjusted operating incomes reflect	602		2,063		89,058			2,748

¹⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns. See page 6 for additional information on calculation.

²⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

³⁾ Represents the ratio of adjusted operating provision for income taxes to adjusted operating income before income taxes.

⁴⁾ Condensed consolidated statement of operations items mentioned in this Financial Supplement that are described as operating (i.e. operating net earned premiums) are non-GAAP measures and represent components of adjusted operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights (2 of 2) (dollars in thousands)

		As	of	
	J	une 30, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021
Shareholder's equity	\$	2,018,020	\$	2,237,340
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity ⁽¹⁾		2,051,656		2,109,931
Adjusted book value ⁽¹⁾		2,430,678		2,530,787
Gain (loss) related to the effect of consolidating financial guaranty variable interest entities' (FG VIE consolidation) included in adjusted operating shareholder's equity		(1,978)		(8,793)
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in adjusted book value		(1,767)		(8,920)
Exposure				
Financial guaranty net debt service outstanding	\$	31,133,482	\$	32,802,599
Financial guaranty net par outstanding		20,202,796		21,365,671
Claims-paying resources ⁽²⁾		3,047,938		3,171,264

¹⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ See page 8 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) (dollars in thousands)

	As of						
	June 30, 2022	D	December 31, 2021				
Assets							
Investments:							
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value	\$ 2,178,721	\$	2,397,328				
Fixed-maturity securities, trading, at fair value	38,923		30				
Short-term investments, at fair value	155,538		231,374				
Equity method investments	207,662		225,038				
Other invested assets, at fair value	952		1,136				
Total investments	 2,581,796		2,854,906				
Cash	59,079		55,603				
Loan receivable from parent	87,500		87,500				
Premiums receivable, net of commissions payable	274,479		302,427				
Ceded unearned premium reserve	181,731		193,144				
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses	143,627		150,424				
Salvage and subrogation recoverable	166,494		367,709				
Financial guaranty variable interest entities' (FG VIEs') assets, at fair value	64,131		30,586				
Other assets	161,419		181,697				
Total assets	\$ 3,720,256	\$	4,223,996				
Liabilities							
Unearned premium reserve	\$ 671,612	\$	795,436				
Loss and loss adjustment expense (LAE) reserve	361,659		464,021				
Reinsurance balances payable, net	110,467		134,059				
Notes payable to affiliates	300,000		300,000				
Credit derivative liabilities	144,439		153,799				
FG VIEs' liabilities at fair value (with recourse of \$53,021 and \$26,144, without recourse							
of \$2,064 and \$2,351)	55,085		28,495				
Other liabilities	 58,974		110,846				
Total liabilities	1,702,236		1,986,656				
Shareholder's equity							
Preferred stock							
Common stock	15,000		15,000				
Additional paid-in capital	742,015		742,015				
Retained earnings	1,287,588		1,341,061				
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(26,583)		139,264				
Total shareholder's equity	2,018,020		2,237,340				
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 3,720,256	\$	4,223,996				

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) (dollars in thousands)

	Three Mor	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	2022	2021	2022		2021				
Revenues									
Net earned premiums	\$ 15,300	\$ 21,456	\$ 143,637	\$	41,141				
Net investment income	18,960	23,300	38,684		46,601				
Net realized investment gains (losses)	(11,095)	(539)	(6,866)		(1,439)				
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	6,063	(27,065)	3,126		(47,490)				
Fair value gains (losses) on committed capital securities (CCS)	4,802	(3,139)	5,382		(13,090)				
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	9,721	1,859	8,732		2,791				
Commutation gains (losses)		7,260	_		7,260				
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	(12,449)		(9,986)		_				
Other income (loss)	(887)	2,597	(1,095)		4,220				
Total revenues	30,415	25,729	181,614		39,994				
Expenses									
Loss and LAE (benefit)	(31,922)	12,892	22,490		39,315				
Interest expense on note payable to affiliate	2,625	2,625	5,250		5,250				
Employee compensation and benefit expenses	8,395	8,754	17,655		17,921				
Other expenses	5,697	6,590	10,711		12,709				
Total expenses	(15,205)	30,861	56,106		75,195				
Income (loss) before income taxes and equity in earnings	15 (00		107.700		(27.00)				
(losses) of investees	45,620	(5,132)	125,508		(35,201)				
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	(11,619)	 13,301	 (8,163)		16,890				
Income (loss) before income taxes	34,001	8,169	117,345		(18,311)				
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes	5,643	1,054	21,818		(4,077)				
Income (loss) before equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of									
investee	28,358	7,115	95,527		(14,234)				
Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee		(628)			(3,717)				
Net income (loss)	\$ 28,358	\$ 6,487	\$ 95,527	\$	(17,951)				

Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (dollars in thousands)

Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

Adjustments Interest of Consolidation Adjusted Operating Income Padjustments Effect of FG VIE Consolidation Adjusted Poperating Income Padjustments Effect of FG VIE Consolidation Adjustments Adjustments Secondary Secondary			Three Mor	ths End	led	Three Months Ended							
Adjustments to revenues: Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2) Operating Income Adjustments (1) Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2) Operating Income Adjustments (1) Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2) Net earned premiums \$ — \$ (56) \$ — \$ (108) \$ (108) Net investment income — (463) — (539) — Net realized investment gains (losses) (11,095) — (539) — Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives 4,148 — (29,498) — (70) Fair value gains (losses) on CCS 4,802 — (31,39) — (70) Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — (9,721) — (18,59) — (70) Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — (70) Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: — — (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments — (1,496) 1			June 3	0, 2022			June 3	0, 2021					
Net earned premiums \$ — \$ (56) \$ — \$ (108) Net investment income — (463) — (252) Net realized investment gains (losses) (11,095) — (539) — Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives 4,148 — (29,498) — Fair value gains (losses) on CCS 4,802 — (3,139) — Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — 9,721 — 1,859 Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: — 1 1 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: — 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — — 3,636		Opera	ting Income			Opera	ting Income						
Net investment income — (463) — (252) Net realized investment gains (losses) (11,095) — (539) — Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives 4,148 — (29,498) — Fair value gains (losses) on CCS 4,802 — (3,139) — Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — 9,721 — 1,859 Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: — — (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Adjustments to revenues:	' <u>-</u>											
Net realized investment gains (losses) (11,095) — (539) — Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives 4,148 — (29,498) — Fair value gains (losses) on CCS 4,802 — (3,139) — Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — 9,721 — 1,859 Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: — — 5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Net earned premiums	\$	_	\$	(56)	\$	_	\$	(108)				
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives 4,148 — (29,498) — Fair value gains (losses) on CCS 4,802 — (3,139) — Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — 9,721 — 1,859 Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Net investment income		_		(463)		_		(252)				
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS 4,802 — (3,139) — Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — 9,721 — 1,859 Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: Loss expense 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Net realized investment gains (losses)		(11,095)		_		(539)		_				
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs — 9,721 — 1,859 Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: Loss expense 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		4,148		_		(29,498)		_				
Other income (loss) (4,653) (942) 230 — Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: Uses expense Loss expense 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		4,802		_		(3,139)		_				
Total revenue adjustments (6,798) 8,260 (32,946) 1,499 Adjustments to revenues: Loss expense 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_		9,721		_		1,859				
Adjustments to revenues: Loss expense 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Other income (loss)		(4,653)		(942)		230		_				
Loss expense 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Total revenue adjustments		(6,798)		8,260		(32,946)		1,499				
Total expense adjustments 326 (1,042) (5,464) 886 Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Adjustments to revenues:												
Pre-tax adjustments (7,124) 9,302 (27,482) 613 Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Loss expense		326		(1,042)		(5,464)		886				
Less: Tax effect of adjustments (1,496) 1,953 (5,770) 128 Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee — — 3,636 —	Total expense adjustments		326		(1,042)		(5,464)		886				
Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee	Pre-tax adjustments		(7,124)		9,302		(27,482)		613				
	Less: Tax effect of adjustments		(1,496)		1,953		(5,770)		128				
After-tax adjustments \$ (5,628) \$ 7,349 \$ (18,076) \$ 485	Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee		_		_		3,636	_					
	After-tax adjustments	\$	(5,628)	\$	7,349	\$	(18,076)	\$	485				

Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

		ths Ended 30, 2022	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021					
	Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments (1)	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2)	Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments (1)	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (2)				
Adjustments to revenues:								
Net earned premiums	\$ —	\$ (130)	\$ —	\$ (213)				
Net investment income	_	(563)	_	(509)				
Net realized investment gains (losses)	(6,866)	_	(1,439)	_				
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	(2,514)	_	(52,756)	_				
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	5,382	_	(13,090)	_				
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	_	8,732	_	2,791				
Other income (loss)	(6,232)	(1,191)	563	_				
Total revenue adjustments	(10,230)	6,848	(66,722)	2,069				
Adjustments to revenues:								
Loss expense	(3,221)	(1,773)	(10,137)	1,953				
Total expense adjustments	(3,221)	(1,773)	(10,137)	1,953				
Pre-tax adjustments	(7,009)	8,621	(56,585)	116				
Less: Tax effect of adjustments	(1,472)	1,810	(11,882)	24				
Equity in after-tax earnings (losses) of investee	_	_	3,235	_				
After-tax adjustments	\$ (5,537)	\$ 6,811	\$ (41,468)	\$ 92				

The "Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments" column represents the amounts recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations that the Company removes to arrive at adjusted operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents the amounts included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and adjusted operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1 of 2)

(dollars in thousands)

Adjusted Operating Income Reconciliation		Three Mon Jun	 		nded		
		2022	2021		2022		2021
Net income (loss)	\$	28,358	\$ 6,487	\$	95,527	\$	(17,951)
Less pre-tax adjustments:							
Realized gains (losses) on investments ⁽¹⁾		(11,554)	4,063		(7,325)		2,654
Non-credit impairment unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		3,823	(24,035)		707		(42,618)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		4,802	(3,139)		5,382		(13,090)
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves ⁽²⁾		(4,195)	230		(5,773)		563
Total pre-tax adjustments	\$	(7,124)	\$ (22,881)	\$	(7,009)	\$	(52,491)
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		1,496	4,805		1,472		11,023
Adjusted operating income (loss)		33,986	\$ 24,563	\$	101,064	\$	23,517

¹⁾ This is net of reinsurer's share of realized gains (losses)

²⁾ Included in other income (loss) in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

ROE Reconciliation and Calculation	110 V1													
	June 30, 2022		March 31, 2022	D	ecember 31, 2021		June 30, 2021		March 31, 2021	D	ecember 31, 2020			
Shareholder's equity Adjusted operating shareholder's equity	\$ 2,018,020 2,051,656		2,078,437 2,054,186		52,237,340 2,109,931	\$2,190,618 2,020,893			\$2,194,914 2,017,090		\$2,265,008 2,031,871			
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in adjusted operating shareholder's equity	(1,978)	(1,978)			(8,793)		(5,764)		(6,093)		(5,829)			
					Three Mon June				Six Mont Jun					
					2022		2021	2022			2021			
Net income (loss) Adjusted operating income (loss)				\$	28,358 33,986	\$	6,487 24,563	\$	95,527 101,064	\$	(17,951) 23,517			
Average shareholder's equity				\$	2,048,229	\$2	2,192,766	\$	2,127,680	\$	2,227,813			
Average adjusted operating shareholder's equity					2,052,921	2	2,018,992		2,080,794		2,026,382			
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in average adjusted operating shareholder's equity					(5,610)		(5,929)		(5,386)		(5,797)			
GAAP ROE (1)					5.5 %		1.2 %		9.0 %		(1.6)%			
Adjusted operating ROE ⁽¹⁾					6.6 %		4.9 %		9.7 %		2.3 %			

¹⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (2 of 2)

(dollars in thousands)

	As of June 30, March 31, December 31, June 30, March 31, December 31,													
	June 30,	March 31,	March 31,	D	ecember 31,									
	2022	2022		2021	2021	2021	_	2020						
Reconciliation of shareholder's equity to adjusted book value:														
Shareholder's equity	\$ 2,018,020	\$2,078,437	\$	2,237,340	\$ 2,190,618	\$2,194,914	\$	2,265,008						
Less pre-tax reconciling items:														
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	(29,143)	(32,966)		(29,849)	(16,823)	7,213		25,796						
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	18,160	13,357		12,778	14,792	17,931		27,882						
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio Less taxes	(43,301) 20,648	38,600 5,260		166,642 (22,162)	205,166 (33,410)	186,081 (33,401)		226,424 (46,965)						
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity	2,051,656	2,054,186		2,109,931	2,020,893	2,017,090		2,031,871						
Pre-tax reconciling items:														
Less: Deferred acquisition costs	(16,737)	(19,819)		(23,216)	(21,928)	(20,738)		(21,927)						
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future credit derivative revenue	108,259	110,671		114,085	129,205	131,322		133,792						
Plus: Net unearned premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed	354,779	364,283		395,427	364,385	378,777		379,110						
Plus taxes	(100,753)	(103,903)		(111,872)	(108,259)	(111,476)		(112,314)						
Adjusted book value	\$ 2,430,678	\$2,445,056	\$	2,530,787	\$ 2,428,152	\$2,436,451	\$	2,454,386						
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE consolidation included in:														
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity (net of tax benefit of \$526, \$2,456, \$2,338, \$1,533, \$1,620 and \$1,551)	\$ (1,978)	\$ (9,242)	\$	(8,793)	\$ (5,764)	\$ (6,093)	\$	(5,829)						
Adjusted book value (net of tax benefit of \$469, \$2,540, \$2,373, \$1,577, \$1,668 and \$1,606)	\$ (1,767)	\$ (9,559)	\$	(8,920)	\$ (5,930)	\$ (6,278)	\$	(6,038)						

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Claims-Paying Resources (dollars in thousands)

	2,309,946 2,417,889 327,195 352,782 25,988 7,072 2,663,129 2,777,743 184,809 193,521 200,000 200,000							As of					
	J	une 30, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021									
Claims-paying resources		_											
Policyholders' surplus	\$	1,961,812	\$	2,069,827									
Contingency reserve		348,134		348,062									
Qualified statutory capital		2,309,946		2,417,889									
Unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income		327,195		352,782									
Loss and LAE reserves		25,988		7,072									
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		2,663,129		2,777,743									
Present value of installment premium		184,809		193,521									
CCS		200,000		200,000									
Total claims-paying resources		3,047,938		3,171,264									
Statutory net par outstanding (1)	\$	20,428,667	\$	21,603,648									
Net debt service outstanding (1)	\$	31,433,766	\$	33,024,098									
Ratios:													
Statutory net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		9:1		9:1									
Capital ratio (2)		14:1		14:1									
Financial resources ratio (3)		10:1		10:1									
Statutory net par outstanding to claims-paying resources		7:1		7:1									

¹⁾ Net par outstanding and net debt service outstanding are presented on a statutory basis.

²⁾ The capital ratio is calculated by dividing net debt service outstanding by qualified statutory capital.

³⁾ The financial resources ratio is calculated by dividing net debt service outstanding by total claims-paying resources.

New Business Production (1 of 2) (dollars in thousands)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

	Three Months Ended										Three Months Ended												
					Jun	e 30, 202	2				June 30, 2021												
		Public F	ina	nce	S	Structured Finance						Public I	inaı	ıce	Structured Finance				_				
	U.S.		U.S. Non- U.S.			U.S. Non- U.S.						Total		U.S.		Non- U.S.		U.S.		Non- U.S.		Total	
Total GWP	\$	(2,365)	\$	1,910	\$	340	\$	408	\$	293	\$	206	\$	475	\$	10,969	\$	181	\$	11,831			
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments (1)		(8,064)		1,910		340		408		(5,406)		158		475		10,605		181		11,419			
Upfront GWP		5,699						_		5,699		48		_		364				412			
Plus: Installment premiums and other ⁽²⁾				1,496		48		120		1,664		163		26		8,026		_		8,215			
Total PVP	\$	5,699	\$	1,496	\$	48	\$	120	\$	7,363	\$	211	\$	26	\$	8,390	\$		\$	8,627			
Gross par written	\$	640,675	\$	17,619	\$	12,271	\$3	2,843	\$	703,408	\$	19,145	\$	_	\$4	160,135	\$	_	\$4	179,280			

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

			Six	Months En	ded							Six	Months En	ded		
			J	une 30, 202	2							J	June 30, 202	1		
		Public F	Public Finance Structured Finance						Public Finance Structured Finance							
		U.S.	Non- U.S.	U.S.		Non- U.S.		Total		U.S.		on- J.S.	U.S.		Non- U.S.	Total
Total GWP	\$	2,500	\$ (3,142)	\$ 4,569	\$	395	\$	4,322	\$	6,738	\$ 1	,174	\$ 13,023	\$	185	\$ 21,120
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments																
(1)		(8,100)	(3,142)	2,569		395		(8,278)		6,690	1	1,174	10,509		185	18,558
Upfront GWP		10,600		2,000				12,600		48			2,514			2,562
Plus: Installment premiums and other ⁽²⁾		_	2,795	49		120		2,964		9,420		26	8,026		_	17,472
Total PVP	\$	10,600	\$ 2,795	\$ 2,049	\$	120	\$	15,564	\$	9,468	\$	26	\$ 10,540	\$		\$ 20,034
Gross par written	\$1,	,033,735	\$73,456	\$71,921	<u>\$3</u>	32,843	\$	1,211,955	<u>\$</u>	161,792	\$		\$505,265	<u>\$</u>	_	667,057

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

¹⁾ This includes the present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, GWP adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions, any cancellations of assumed reinsurance contracts, and other GAAP adjustments.

²⁾ This includes the present value of future premiums and fees on new business paid in installments discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturities such as loss mitigation securities.

New Business Production (2 of 2) (dollars in thousands)

		7		e Months End une 30, 2022	ed		Three Months Ended June 30, 2021						
	Ass	irect and umed from ird Parties	A	ssumed from Affiliates		Total Gross	Ass	irect and umed from ird Parties		sumed from Affiliates	T	otal Gross	
GWP	\$	(6,724)	\$	7,017	\$	293	\$	11,981	\$	(150)	\$	11,831	
PVP		_		7,363		7,363		8,627		_		8,627	
Gross par written		_		703,408		703,408		479,280		_		479,280	
		,	Civ N	Months Ended					Siv M	onths Ended			
		1		ne 30, 2022						ne 30, 2021			
	Assu	rect and med from d Parties		sumed from Affiliates]	Total Gross	Assu	rect and imed from rd Parties		umed from Affiliates	Т	otal Gross	
GWP	\$	(9,007)	\$	13,329	\$	4,322	\$	21,022	\$	98	\$	21,120	
PVP		2,000		13,564		15,564		20,034		_		20,034	
Gross par written		59,650		1,152,305		1,211,955		667,057		_		667,057	

Gross Par Written (1 of 2) (dollars in thousands)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 2021 Average Internal Rating Gross Par **Average Internal Gross Par** Written Rating Written Sector: U.S. public finance: \$ \$ General obligation 193,202 A Transportation 80,953 BBB+ Municipal utilities 157,365 A+ Healthcare 100,527 A-Tax backed 84,212 A Higher education 19,052 A-BBB Infrastructure finance 5,364 Other public finance 19,145 Total U.S. public finance 640,675 19,145 A Non-U.S. public finance: BBB-Infrastructure finance 17,619 17,619 Total non-U.S. public finance BBB-Total public finance 658,294 A 19,145 U.S. structured finance: 452,944 Insurance securitization A+Other structured finance 12,271 A 7,191 Α-Total U.S. structured finance 12,271 460,135 A A+ Non-U.S. structured finance: Other structured finance 32,843 A Total non-U.S. structured finance 32,843 A **Total structured finance** 45,114 460,135 Total gross par written 703,408 A 479,280 \mathbf{A} +

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of internal ratings and sectors.

Gross Par Written (2 of 2) (dollars in thousands)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

		Six Months E	nded J	June 30,	
	20	22		20	21
	Gross Par Written	Average Internal Rating		Gross Par Written	Average Internal Rating
Sector:	 				
U.S. public finance:					
General obligation	\$ 337,708	A	\$	_	_
Transportation	221,611	A-		_	_
Municipal utilities	186,582	A		_	_
Healthcare	136,075	BBB+			_
Tax backed	121,596	A		_	_
Higher education	24,299	A-		_	_
Infrastructure finance	5,864	BBB		142,647	A+
Other public finance	_	_		19,145	A
Total U.S. public finance	 1,033,735	A-		161,792	A+
Non-U.S. public finance:					
Regulated utilities	55,837	BBB		_	_
Infrastructure finance	17,619	BBB-		_	
Total non-U.S. public finance	73,456	BBB		_	_
Total public finance	1,107,191	A-		161,792	A+
U.S. structured finance:					
Insurance securitization	_	_		452,944	A+
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	_	_		37,000	A
Other structured finance	 71,921	A-		15,321	A-
Total U.S. structured finance	 71,921	A-		505,265	A+
Non-U.S. structured finance:					
Other structured finance	 32,843	A			_
Total non-U.S. structured finance	32,843	A			_
Total structured finance	104,764	A -		505,265	A +
Total gross par written	\$ 1,211,955	A-	\$	667,057	A +

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of internal ratings and sectors.

Fixed-Maturity Securities, Short-Term Investments and Cash

As of June 30, 2022

(dollars in thousands)

Fixed-Maturity, Short-Term Investments and Cash	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Credit Losses	Pre-Tax Book Yield	After-Tax Book Yield	Fair Value	Inv	nualized vestment come ⁽¹⁾
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale:							
Obligations of states and political subdivisions ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	\$ 1,340,963	\$ (14,128)	3.38 %	3.04 %	\$ 1,320,772	\$	45,379
U.S. government and agencies	25,047	_	1.29	1.02	24,436		322
Corporate securities	410,021	(1,409)	3.24	2.56	369,123		13,270
Mortgage-backed securities:							
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) ⁽³⁾	18,588	(1,021)	4.82	3.81	17,478		896
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	28,170		3.50	2.76	27,396		985
Asset-backed securities (ABS)							
Collateralized loan obligations	63,411	_	2.81	2.22	60,900		1,782
Other ABS ⁽³⁾	367,335	(17,335)	3.27	2.59	358,616		12,025
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	2,253,535	(33,893)	3.31	2.84	2,178,721		74,659
Short-term investments	155,538	_	0.57	0.45	155,538		882
Cash (4)	59,079	_		_	59,079		_
Total	\$ 2,468,152	(33,893)	3.14 %	2.68 %	\$ 2,393,338	\$	75,541

Fixed-maturity	coounities	trading (7)
rixeu-maturity	securities.	traumy **

\$ 38,923

Ratings (5):	Fair Value	% of Portfolio
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 24,436	1.1 %
AAA/Aaa	190,586	8.7
AA/Aa	881,247	40.5
A/A	353,469	16.2
BBB	267,624	12.3
Below investment grade (BIG)	363,221	16.7
Not rated ⁽⁶⁾	98,138	4.5
Total fixed-maturity securities, available-for- sale	\$ 2,178,721	100.0 %

Duration of available-for-sale fixed-maturity securities and short-term investments (in years):

4.2

Average ratings of available-for-sale fixedmaturity securities and short-term investments

A-

- 1) Represents annualized investment income based on amortized cost and pre-tax book yields.
- 2) Includes obligations of state and local political subdivisions that have been insured by other financial guarantors. The underlying ratings of these bonds average A, after giving effect to the lower of the rating assigned by S&P Global Ratings, a division of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P) or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's).
- 3) Includes securities purchased or obtained for loss mitigation purposes and other risk management securities.
- 4) Cash is not included in the yield calculation.
- 5) Ratings are represented by the lower of the Moody's or S&P classifications except for purchased securities that it has insured, and for which it had expected losses to be paid (loss mitigation securities) and certain other securities, which use internal ratings classifications. Loss mitigation and other securities for which internal ratings are used total \$482.1 million in par with carrying value of \$363.2 million and are included in the BIG category.
- 6) Includes \$50.1 million of new recovery bonds received in connection with the consummation of the March Puerto Rico Resolutions (see page 21).
- 7) Includes primarily contingent value instruments received in connection with the consummation of the March Puerto Rico Resolutions (see page 21). These securities are not rated.

Estimated Net Exposure Amortization⁽¹⁾ and Estimated Future Financial Guaranty Net Premium and Credit Derivative Revenues

(dollars in thousands)

			Fina	ncial Guaranty	Insurance ⁽²⁾	
	Estimated Net Debt Service Amortization	Estimated Ending Net Debt Service Outstanding	Expected PV Net Earned Premiums (i.e. Net Deferred Premium Revenue)	Accretion of Discount	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation on Expected PV Net Earned Premiums and Accretion of Discount	Future Credit Derivative Revenues ⁽³⁾
2022 (as of June 30)		\$ 31,133,482				
2022 Q3	\$ 557,546	30,575,936	\$ 13,426	\$ 673	\$ 83	\$ 1,857
2022 Q4	600,825	29,975,111	13,170	662	81	1,840
2023	1,674,314	28,300,797	48,861	2,498	305	7,127
2024	1,555,275	26,745,522	44,719	2,314	280	6,844
2025	2,023,837	24,721,685	41,237	2,124	259	6,542
2026	1,647,872	23,073,813	37,390	1,946	242	6,271
2022-2026	8,059,669	23,073,813	198,803	10,217	1,250	30,481
2027-2031	7,532,323	15,541,490	141,155	7,447	1,038	28,195
2032-2036	5,927,597	9,613,893	88,807	4,274	840	23,463
2037-2041	4,570,676	5,043,217	35,363	2,128	215	16,452
After 2041	5,043,217	_	33,896	1,215	_	12,903
Total	\$ 31,133,482		\$ 498,024	\$ 25,281	\$ 3,343	\$ 111,494

¹⁾ Represents the future expected amortization of current debt service outstanding (principal and interest), assuming no advance refundings, as of June 30, 2022. Actual amortization differs from expected maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay guaranteed obligations, terminations and because of management's assumptions on structured finance amortization.

²⁾ See page 17, "Net Expected Loss to be Expensed."

³⁾ Represents expected future premiums on insured credit derivatives.

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (dollars in thousands)

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2022

	Paid (pected Loss to be Recovered) as of arch 31, 2022	Develo	onomic Loss pment (Benefit) rring 2Q-22	Paid) Recovered es During 2Q-22	Paid (Ì	pected Loss to be Recovered) as of one 30, 2022
Public Finance:							·
U.S. public finance	\$	168,278	\$	(21,077)	\$ 26,753	\$	173,954
Non-U.S public finance		1,524		(193)	(3)		1,328
Public Finance		169,802		(21,270)	26,750		175,282
Structured Finance:							
U.S. RMBS		77,429		(13,301)	4,972		69,100
Other structured finance		(47,443)		(4,145)	(424)		(52,012)
Structured Finance		29,986		(17,446)	4,548		17,088
Total	\$	199,788	\$	(38,716)	\$ 31,298	\$	192,370

Rollforward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

	Paid (R	ected Loss to be lecovered) as of nber 31, 2021	Develo	nomic Loss pment (Benefit) uring 2022	(Paid) Recovered sees During 2022	Paid (R	ected Loss to be ecovered) as of ne 30, 2022
Public Finance:							
U.S. public finance	\$	149,471	\$	(56,743)	\$ 81,226	\$	173,954
Non-U.S public finance		1,696		(365)	(3)		1,328
Public Finance		151,167		(57,108)	81,223		175,282
Structured Finance:							
U.S. RMBS		64,757		(8,242)	12,585		69,100
Other structured finance		(40,496)		(7,253)	(4,263)		(52,012)
Structured Finance		24,261		(15,495)	8,322		17,088
Total	\$	175,428	\$	(72,603)	\$ 89,545	\$	192,370

¹⁾ Includes net expected loss to be paid, economic loss development and paid (recovered) losses for all contracts (i.e. those accounted for as insurance, credit derivatives and FG VIEs).

Loss Measures As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

			Three Months Ended June 30, 2022					Six Months Ended June 30, 2022					
	Out	otal Net Par estanding for BIG ransactions	GAAP Loss and LAE (1)	LAE in A	oss and Included Adjusted Derating Come (2)		ect of FG VIE olidation ⁽³⁾	L	GAAP Loss and LAE (1)	LAI in O	Loss and E Included Adjusted perating ncome (2)		affect of FG VIE nsolidation ⁽³⁾
Public finance:													
U.S. public finance	\$	803,112	\$ (18,746)	\$	(18,746)	\$	(1,832)	\$	40,137	\$	40,137	\$	(2,628)
Non-U.S. public finance		63,090	(1)		(1)		_		(2)		(2)		_
Public finance		866,202	(18,747)		(18,747)		(1,832)		40,135		40,135		(2,628)
Structured finance:													
U.S. RMBS		350,723	(7,308)		(7,634)		790		(8,765)		(5,737)		855
Other structured finance		11,177	(5,867)		(5,867)		_		(8,880)		(8,687)		_
Structured finance		361,900	(13,175)		(13,501)		790		(17,645)		(14,424)		855
Total	\$	1,228,102	\$ (31,922)	\$	(32,248)	\$	(1,042)	\$	22,490	\$	25,711	\$	(1,773)

- 1) Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts.
- 2) Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts and credit derivatives.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

³⁾ The "Effect of FG VIE Consolidation" column represents amounts included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and adjusted operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Net Expected Loss to be Expensed⁽¹⁾ As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

	 GAAP
2022 Q3	\$ 2,311
2022 Q4	2,917
2023	11,271
2024	10,223
2025	10,335
2026	12,891
2022-2026	 49,948
2027-2031	52,254
2032-2036	34,996
2037-2041	5,821
After 2041	 226
Total expected present value of net expected loss to be expensed ⁽²⁾	143,245
Future accretion	 104,686
Total expected future loss and LAE	\$ 247,931

The present value of net expected loss to be paid is discounted using risk-free rates ranging from 1.67% to 3.41% for U.S. dollar denominated obligations.
 Excludes \$2.8 million related to FG VIEs, which are eliminated in consolidation.

Financial Guaranty Profile (1 of 3) (dollars in thousands)

Net Par Outstanding and Average Internal Rating by Asset Type

	As of Jun	As of June 30, 2022		ıber 31, 2021
	Net Par Outstanding	Average Internal Rating	Net Par Outstanding	Average Internal Rating
U.S. public finance:				
General obligation	\$ 3,431,139	A	\$ 3,402,588	A-
Tax backed	2,835,738	BBB-	3,145,417	BBB-
Transportation	2,619,690	A-	2,634,675	A-
Infrastructure finance	1,707,399	AA-	1,830,544	A+
Municipal utilities	1,317,381	A	1,205,084	A-
Healthcare	432,520	BBB+	326,718	BBB+
Higher education	326,687	A	355,706	A
Investor-owned utilities	248,572	A-	321,233	A-
Renewable energy	123,706	A-	123,706	A-
Housing revenue	86,421	В	89,176	В
Other public finance	543,224	A-	557,308	A-
Total U.S. public finance	13,672,477	A-	13,992,155	A-
Non-U.S. public finance:				
Regulated utilities	1,672,945	BBB+	1,733,458	BBB+
Infrastructure finance	620,162	BBB	1,130,079	BBB
Pooled infrastructure	574,908	AAA	685,913	AAA
Sovereign and sub-sovereign	232,048	A-	238,873	A-
Renewable energy	43,448	BB+	61,308	BBB-
Total non-U.S. public finance	3,143,511	A-	3,849,631	A-
Total public finance	16,815,988	A -	17,841,786	A -
U.S. structured finance:				
Life insurance transactions	958,075	AA-	950,535	AA-
RMBS	600,657	BB+	676,905	BB+
Pooled corporate obligations	464,917	AA+	486,320	AA+
Consumer receivables	288,682	AA	330,123	AA
Other structured finance	593,720	BBB+	554,128	BBB+
Total U.S. structured finance	2,906,051	A	2,998,011	A
Non-U.S. structured finance:				
Pooled corporate obligations	255,927	AAA	278,554	AAA
RMBS	156,235	A+	183,393	A+
Other structured finance	68,595	A	63,927	A-
Total non-U.S. structured finance	480,757	AA	525,874	AA
Total structured finance	3,386,808	Α	3,523,885	Α
Total	\$ 20,202,796	A -	\$ 21,365,671	<u>A</u> -

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (2 of 3) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Distribution by Ratings of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	Public Fina U.S.	ance -		Public Fina Non-U.S		Structured Finance - U.S.				Structured Finance - Non-U.S.			Total		
Ratings:	Net Par Outstanding	%	o	Net Par outstanding	%	o	Net Par utstanding	%	О	Net Par utstanding	%	0	Net Par Outstanding	%	
AAA	\$ 7,767	0.1 %	\$	648,346	20.6 %	\$	438,615	15.1 %	\$	275,825	57.4 %	\$	1,370,553	6.8 %	
AA	3,124,014	22.8		156,700	5.0		1,257,801	43.3		11,150	2.3		4,549,665	22.4	
A	5,444,508	39.8		270,080	8.6		513,282	17.6		168,921	35.1		6,396,791	31.7	
BBB	4,293,076	31.4		2,005,295	63.8		334,453	11.5		24,861	5.2		6,657,685	33.0	
BIG	803,112	5.9		63,090	2.0		361,900	12.5		_	_		1,228,102	6.1	
Net Par Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	\$ 13,672,477	100.0 %	\$	3,143,511	100.0 %	\$	2,906,051	100.0 %	\$	480,757	100.0 %	\$	20,202,796	100.0 %	

¹⁾ As of June 30, 2022, the company excluded \$496 million of net par attributable to loss mitigation securities.

Ceded Par Outstanding

	Ceded Par atstanding ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	% of Total
Affiliated reinsurers	\$ 7,892,563	99.7 %
Non-affiliated reinsurers	25,500	0.3 %
Total	\$ 7,918,063	100.0 %

¹⁾ Of the total par ceded to non-affiliates, none is rated BIG.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

²⁾ There was no collateral posted by third party reinsurers and \$184.5 million posted by affiliated reinsurers as of June 30, 2022.

Financial Guaranty Profile (3 of 3) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Geographic Distribution of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	Net Par Outstanding	% of Total
U.S.:		
U.S. public finance:		
California	\$ 4,321,370	21.4 %
Texas	1,555,393	7.7
New Jersey	1,100,144	5.5
Virginia	739,382	3.7
New York	675,842	3.3
Illinois	669,483	3.3
Puerto Rico	629,862	3.1
Florida	606,296	3.0
Pennsylvania	411,761	2.0
Georgia	265,998	1.3
Other	2,696,946	13.3
Total U.S public finance	13,672,477	67.6
U.S. structured finance	2,906,051	14.4
Total U.S.	16,578,528	82.0
Non-U.S.:		
United Kingdom	2,606,180	12.9
Australia	172,760	0.9
Mexico	146,187	0.7
Italy	133,474	0.7
France	124,252	0.6
Other	441,415	2.2
Total non-U.S.	3,624,268	18.0
Total net par outstanding	\$ 20,202,796	100.0 %

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (1 of 2) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Exposure to Puerto Rico

 Par Outstanding
 Debt Service Outstanding

 Gross
 Net
 Gross
 Net

 Total
 \$ 820,584
 \$ 629,862
 \$ 1,289,148
 \$ 977,457

Exposure to Puerto Rico by Risk(1)

	Net Par utstanding	Fross Par Itstanding
Puerto Rico Exposures Subject to a Plan or Support Agreement		
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - General Obligation Bonds (GO) ⁽²⁾	\$ 20,557	\$ 27,225
Puerto Rico Public Buildings Authority (PBA) ⁽²⁾	4,500	4,563
Subtotal - GO/PBA Plan	25,057	31,788
Puerto Rico Highways and Transportation Authority (PRHTA) (Transportation revenue)	467,024	590,406
PRHTA (Highways revenue)	 51,094	 54,724
Subtotal - HTA/CCDA PSA	518,118	645,130
Subtotal Subject to a Plan or Support Agreement	543,175	676,918
Other Puerto Rico Exposures		
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA)	69,459	118,616
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency (MFA) ⁽³⁾	15,673	23,495
Puerto Rico Aqueduct and Sewer Authority (PRASA) and University of Puerto Rico (U of PR) ⁽³⁾	1,555	1,555
Subtotal Other Puerto Rico Exposures	86,687	143,666
Total exposure to Puerto Rico	\$ 629,862	\$ 820,584

¹⁾ The general obligation bonds of Puerto Rico and various obligations of its related authorities and public corporations are rated BIG.

²⁾ On March 15, 2022, the Modified Eighth Amended Title III Joint Plan of Adjustment, confirmed on January 18, 2022 (GO/PBA Plan), was consummated, pursuant to which the Company, among other things, fully paid claims on all of its directly insured Puerto Rico GO bonds, other than certain GO bonds whose holders made certain elections. On the same date and pursuant to the same GO/PBA Plan, the Company fully paid claims on all of its directly insured PBA bonds, other than certain PBA bonds whose holders made certain elections. Also on March 15, 2022, orders modifying the debt of the Puerto Rico Convention Center District Authority and the Puerto Rico Infrastructure Financing Authority were consummated, resulting in the extinguishment of the Company's obligations under its related policies (such modifications orders together with the GO/PBA Plan, the March Puerto Rico Resolutions).

³⁾ All debt service on these insured exposures have been paid to date without any insurance claim being made on the Company.

Exposure to Puerto Rico (2 of 2) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Amortization Schedule of Net Par Outstanding of Puerto Rico

	2022 (3Q)	2022 (4Q)	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032- 2036	2037- 2041	2042	Total
Puerto Rico Exposures Subject to a Plan or Support Agreement															
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - GO	\$ 554	s —	s —	s —	s —	\$ 1,219	\$ 3,439	\$ 169	\$15,176	s —	s —	s —	s —	s —	\$ 20,557
PBA		_	2,251	_	2,249	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,500
Subtotal - GO/PBA Plan	554	_	2,251	_	2,249	1,219	3,439	169	15,176	_	_	_	_	_	25,057
PRHTA (Transportation revenue)	13,975	_	19,192	4,173	21,127	16,986	7,943	11,590	20,921	4,606	2,841	248,125	90,545	5,000	467,024
PRHTA (Highway revenue)		_	477	493	509	16	_	877	1,567	1,882	21,904	23,369	_	_	51,094
Subtotal - HTA/CCDA PSA	13,975	_	19,669	4,666	21,636	17,002	7,943	12,467	22,488	6,488	24,745	271,494	90,545	5,000	518,118
Subtotal Subject to a Plan or Support Agreement	14,529	_	21,920	4,666	23,885	18,221	11,382	12,636	37,664	6,488	24,745	271,494	90,545	5,000	543,175
Other Puerto Rico Exposures															
PREPA	577	_	1,269	1,331	1,398	19,264	17,031	16,652	1,053	2,784	1,839	6,011	250	_	69,459
MFA	7,243	_	2,639	395	360	1,617	1,270	1,064	614	471	_	_	_	_	15,673
PRASA and U of PR	45	_	47	885	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	151	_	_	1,555
Subtotal Other Puerto Rico Exposures	\$ 7,865	s —	\$ 3,955	\$ 2,611	\$ 1,810	\$20,936	\$ 18,359	\$17,777	\$ 1,731	\$ 3,322	\$ 1,909	\$ 6,162	\$ 250	\$ —	\$ 86,687
Total	\$22,394	<u>s</u> –	\$25,875	\$ 7,277	\$25,695	\$39,157	\$ 29,741	\$30,413	\$39,395	\$ 9,810	\$26,654	\$277,656	\$ 90,795	\$5,000	\$ 629,862

Amortization Schedule of Net Debt Service Outstanding of Puerto Rico

	2022 (3Q)	2022 (4Q)	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032- 2036	2037- 2041	2042	Total
Puerto Rico Exposures Subject to a Plan or Support Agreement															
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico - GO	\$ 847	\$ —	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,100	\$ 2,319	\$ 4,472	\$ 1,013	\$16,012	s —	s –	s —	s –	s —	\$ 27,963
PBA	60	_	2,487	118	2,368	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,033
Subtotal - GO/PBA Plan	907	_	3,587	1,218	3,468	2,319	4,472	1,013	16,012	_	_	_	_	_	32,996
PRHTA (Transportation revenue)	26,151	_	42,768	26,778	43,525	38,256	28,312	31,563	40,313	22,869	20,875	320,956	108,206	5,250	755,822
PRHTA (Highway revenue)	1,364	_	3,206	3,198	3,190	2,672	2,656	3,533	4,174	4,406	24,327	27,087	_	_	79,813
Subtotal - HTA/CCDA PSA	27,515	_	45,974	29,976	46,715	40,928	30,968	35,096	44,487	27,275	45,202	348,043	108,206	5,250	835,635
Subtotal Subject to a Plan or Support Agreement	28,422	_	49,561	31,194	50,183	43,247	35,440	36,109	60,499	27,275	45,202	348,043	108,206	5,250	868,631
Other Puerto Rico Exposures															
PREPA	2,175	52	4,542	4,542	4,528	22,336	19,161	18,051	1,627	3,320	2,250	6,393	263	_	89,240
MFA	7,644	_	3,065	685	630	1,869	1,441	1,171	668	493	_	_	_	_	17,666
PRASA and U of PR	89	_	132	967	81	81	81	82	82	81	81	163	_	_	1,920
Subtotal Other Puerto Rico Exposures	9,908	52	7,739	6,194	5,239	24,286	20,683	19,304	2,377	3,894	2,331	6,556	263	_	108,826
Total	\$38,330	\$ 52	\$57,300	\$37,388	\$55,422	\$ 67,533	\$ 56,123	\$55,413	\$62,876	\$31,169	\$ 47,533	\$354,599	\$108,469	\$5,250	\$ 977,457

U.S. RMBS Profile As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Distribution of U.S. RMBS by Rating and Type of Exposure (1)

Ratings:	Pr	ime First Lien	Alt-	A First Lien	0	ption ARMs	Su	lbprime First Lien	Se	cond Lien	tal Net Par utstanding
AAA	\$	2,631	\$	28,007	\$	6,428	\$	88,025	\$	609	\$ 125,700
AA		4,568		43,418		96		3,588		783	52,453
A		2,674		13,545		373		4,942		38,195	59,729
BBB		4,079						7,811		162	12,052
BIG		14,850		52,893		3,608		254,538		24,834	350,723
Total exposures	\$	28,802	\$	137,863	\$	10,505	\$	358,904	\$	64,583	\$ 600,657

Distribution of U.S. RMBS by Year Insured and Type of Exposure

Year insured:	P	rime First Lien	Alt	-A First Lien	0	ption ARMs	S	ubprime First Lien	Se	econd Lien	tal Net Par utstanding
2004 and prior	\$	8,642	\$	558	\$	26	\$	54,342	\$	7,047	\$ 70,615
2005		15,325		33,666		6,573		93,617		13,925	163,106
2006		4,835		404		_		42,995		6,888	55,122
2007		_		103,235		3,906		167,950		36,723	311,814
Total exposures	\$	28,802	\$	137,863	\$	10,505	\$	358,904	\$	64,583	\$ 600,657

¹⁾ AGC has not insured any new U.S. RMBS transactions since 2008.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and a description of sectors.

Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations Profile As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Ratings

	o	Net Par outstanding	% of Total	Avg. Initial Credit Enhancement	Avg. Current Credit Enhancement
Ratings:					
AAA	\$	347,418	67.1 %	44.3%	62.4%
AA		71,736	13.9	42.6%	53.1%
A		76,339	14.8	37.8%	46.8%
BBB		21,944	4.2	42.5%	44.4%
Total exposures	\$	517,437	100.0 %	43.0%	58.1%

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Asset Class

	% of Total	Avg. Initial Credit Enhancement	Avg. Current Credit Enhancement	Number of Transactions	Avg. Rating
\$ 362,548	70.1	44.0%	62.4%	12	AAA
65,775	12.7	47.3%	64.5%	3	A+
89,114	17.2	35.9%	35.5%	6	AAA
\$ 517,437	100.0 %	43.0%	58.1%	21	AA+
	65,775 89,114	Outstanding % of Total \$ 362,548 70.1 65,775 12.7 89,114 17.2	Net Par Outstanding % of Total Credit Enhancement \$ 362,548 70.1 44.0% 65,775 12.7 47.3% 89,114 17.2 35.9%	Net Par Outstanding % of Total Credit Enhancement Credit Enhancement \$ 362,548 70.1 44.0% 62.4% 65,775 12.7 47.3% 64.5% 89,114 17.2 35.9% 35.5%	Net Par Outstanding % of Total Credit Enhancement Credit Enhancement Number of Transactions \$ 362,548 70.1 44.0% 62.4% 12 65,775 12.7 47.3% 64.5% 3 89,114 17.2 35.9% 35.5% 6

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of internal ratings, performance indicators and sectors.

Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding Profile
As of June 30, 2022
(dollars in thousands)

Distribution of Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding by Rating

Rating:	(Net Par Outstanding	% of Total
AAA	\$	735,209	33.5 %
AA		1,047,905	47.7
A		167,128	7.6
BBB		196,197	8.9
BIG		49,751	2.3
Total credit derivative net par outstanding	\$	2,196,190	100.0 %

Distribution of Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding by Sector and Average Rating

	(Average Internal Rating	
Public finance:		8	
U.S. public finance	\$	983,163	AA
Non-U.S. public finance		764,349	AA
Total public finance		1,747,512	AA
U.S. structured finance:			
Pooled corporate obligations		191,598	AAA
RMBS		135,300	A-
Total U.S. structured finance		326,898	AA-
Non-U.S. structured finance:			
RMBS		121,780	A
Total non-U.S. structured finance		121,780	A
Total structured finance		448,678	AA-
Total credit derivative net par outstanding	\$	2,196,190	AA

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (1 of 3) (dollars in thousands)

BIG Exposures by Asset Exposure Type

	As of			
	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
U.S. public finance:	·			_
Tax backed	\$	549,926	\$	719,158
Municipal utilities		84,404		84,599
General obligation		77,349		344,109
Housing revenue		57,845		58,325
Transportation		15,043		24,053
Healthcare		14,890		16,910
Higher education		3,655		14,745
Total U.S. public finance		803,112		1,261,899
Non-U.S. public finance:				
Infrastructure finance		38,877		43,244
Renewable energy		23,249		28,216
Sovereign and sub-sovereign		964		1,026
Total non-U.S. public finance		63,090		72,486
Total public finance		866,202		1,334,385
U.S. structured finance:				
RMBS		350,723		367,533
Life insurance transactions		6,385		6,385
Consumer receivables		130		1,241
Other structured finance		4,662		6,651
Total U.S. structured finance		361,900		381,810
Non-U.S. structured finance:				
Total non-U.S. structured finance				
Total structured finance		361,900		381,810
Total BIG net par outstanding	\$	1,228,102	\$	1,716,195

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (2 of 3) (dollars in thousands)

Net Par Outstanding by BIG Category⁽¹⁾

	As of			
	June 30, 2022		Dece	ember 31, 2021
BIG Category 1				
U.S. public finance	\$	122,673	\$	162,425
Non-U.S. public finance		62,945		72,325
U.S. structured finance		8,470		23,083
Non-U.S. structured finance				
Total BIG Category 1		194,088		257,833
BIG Category 2	·	_		
U.S. public finance		67,805		52,985
Non-U.S. public finance		_		_
U.S. structured finance		28,471		20,217
Non-U.S. structured finance				
Total BIG Category 2		96,276		73,202
BIG Category 3	·	_		
U.S. public finance		612,634		1,046,489
Non-U.S. public finance		145		161
U.S. structured finance		324,959		338,510
Non-U.S. structured finance		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total BIG Category 3		937,738		1,385,160
BIG Total	\$	1,228,102	\$	1,716,195

¹⁾ BIG Category 1: Below-investment-grade transactions showing sufficient deterioration to make future losses possible, but for which none are currently expected. BIG Category 2: Below-investment-grade transactions for which future losses are expected but for which no claims (other than liquidity claims which are claims that the Company expects to be reimbursed within one year) have yet been paid. BIG Category 3: Below-investment-grade transactions for which future losses are expected and on which claims (other than liquidity claims) have been paid.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors

Below Investment Grade Exposures (3 of 3) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

Public Finance and Structured Finance BIG Exposures with Revenue Sources Greater Than \$50 Million

	Net Par Outstanding		Internal Rating (1)
Name or description			
U.S. public finance:			
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority	\$	518,118	CCC
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority		69,459	CCC
Subtotal U.S. public finance		587,577	
Non-U.S. public finance		_	
U.S. structured finance			
RMBS:			
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust 2007-HL1		100,317	CCC
Argent Securities Inc. 2005-W4		92,617	CCC
Subtotal RMBS		192,934	
Non-RMBS		_	
Subtotal U.S. structured finance		192,934	
Non-U.S. structured finance			
Total	\$	780,511	

¹⁾ Transactions below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of performance indicators and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (1 of 3) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

50 Largest U.S. Public Finance Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating (1)
New Jersey (State of)	\$ 957,637	BBB
San Diego Family Housing, LLC	917,615	AA
North Texas Tollway Authority	833,785	A
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority	518,118	CCC
Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority, California	424,573	BBB+
LCOR Alexandria LLC	390,464	A-
Metro Washington Airports Authority (Dulles Toll Road)	309,613	BBB+
New York Metropolitan Transportation Authority	210,250	BBB+
Miami-Dade County, Florida	207,927	AA-
Houston Hotel Occupancy Tax, Texas	206,708	BBB
California (State of)	159,227	AA-
Dodger Tickets LLC	152,043	BBB
Palomar Health	145,498	BBB+
Southern California Logistic Airport, California	133,378	BBB-
San Joaquin Hills Transportation, California	131,485	BBB
Navy Midwest Family Housing LLC	122,215	AA-
Washington Water Power (Avista Project)	107,250	A-
San Diego County, California	105,695	AA-
Escondido Union High School District, California	104,943	AA-
Municipal Gas Authority of Georgia	90,583	A+
Offutt Air Force Base, Nebraska - America First Communities, LLC	89,375	A+
New York (City of), New York	85,207	AA
St. Louis, Missouri	84,350	BBB+
Grossmont-Cuyamaca Community College District, California	83,668	AA-
Ohana Military Communities, LLC	82,661	A
Santa Ana Unified School District, California	82,190	A+
West Contra Costa Unified School District, California	81,009	AA-
Dade County Seaport, Florida	80,033	A
Denver (City & County) Airport System, Colorado	78,880	A+
Duke Energy Florida	77,613	A
Aurora Military Housing I & II (Elmendorf Air Force Base), LLC	73,289	AA
Yankee Stadium LLC New York City Industrial Development Authority	72,219	BBB
Long Beach Bond Financing Authority (Natural Gas Prepayment Transaction), California	69,617	A
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority	69,459	CCC
Chicago Water, Illinois	68,826	BBB+
Duke Energy Ohio	67,210	BBB+
Fort Benning Family Communities LLC	66,355	A-
North Carolina Turnpike Authority	65,154	BBB-
E-470 Public Highway Authority, Colorado	65,101	A-
New Haven Unified School District, California	65,071	A+
Massachusetts State College Building Authority	61,798	AA-
New York Power Authority	60,831	AA-
Los Medanos California Community Development Pittsburg, California	60,067	A-
Los Angeles Department of Airports (LAX Project), California	59,466	A
Maine (State of)	55,571	A
Piedmont Municipal Power Authority, South Carolina	51,528	A-
BMC Special Care Facilities Financing Authority, Alabama	51,319	BBB+
ACTS Retirement Life Communities, Pennsylvania	50,720	BBB+
Fairfield Water, California	50,346	AA-
Chicago Public Schools, Illinois	49,150	BBB
Total top 50 U.S. public finance exposures	\$ 8,287,090	
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¹⁾ Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (2 of 3) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

25 Largest U.S. Structured Finance Exposures

Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating (1)
SLM Student Loan Trust 2007-A	\$ 205,341	AA
Private US Insurance Securitization	177,317	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	165,700	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	165,000	AA
Private US Insurance Securitization	130,593	A
Private US Insurance Securitization	115,800	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	111,647	AA
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust 2007-HL1	100,317	CCC
Argent Securities Inc. 2005-W4	92,618	CCC
Private US Insurance Securitization	81,134	AA-
SLM Student Loan Trust 2006-C	65,885	AA
ALESCO Preferred Funding XIII, Ltd.	65,388	AAA
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	59,500	BBB
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	56,630	A-
CAPCO - Excess SIPC Excess of Loss Reinsurance	53,550	BBB
Preferred Term Securities XXIV, Ltd.	50,994	AAA
CWALT Alternative Loan Trust 2007-HY9	48,998	A+
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	48,238	A-
Alesco Preferred Funding XVI, Ltd.	44,475	A
Sonic Capital LLC 2020-1	39,612	BBB
Preferred Term Securities XXIII	38,801	AAA
ALESCO Preferred Funding XII, Ltd.	37,642	AAA
Augusta Funding Limited 02Perpetual Note Issue	36,667	AA
DB Master Finance LLC	32,023	BBB
Taberna Preferred Funding II, Ltd.	31,864	A
Total top 25 U.S. structured finance exposures	\$ 2,055,734	

¹⁾ Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (3 of 3) As of June 30, 2022 (dollars in thousands)

50 Largest Non-U.S. Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:	Country		Internal Rating	
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	\$ 191,636	AAA	
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	191,636	AAA	
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	191,636	AAA	
National Grid Gas PLC	United Kingdom	183,378	BBB+	
Thames Water Utilities Finance Plc	United Kingdom	180,287	BBB	
Comision Federal De Electricidad (CFE) El Cajon Project	Mexico	145,437	BBB-	
Yorkshire Water Services Finance Plc	United Kingdom	138,856	BBB	
Northumbrian Water PLC	United Kingdom	134,504	BBB+	
Wessex Water Services Finance plc	United Kingdom	125,264	AA	
Private International Residential Mortgage Transaction	United Kingdom	121,780	A	
Regione Lazio	Italy	112,683	BBB-	
M77 - Glasgow Southern Orbital PFI Road Project	United Kingdom	99,453	BBB-	
Anglian Water Services Financing PLC	United Kingdom	98,654	A-	
	France, United			
Channel Link Enterprises Finance PLC	Kingdom	97,644	BBB	
National Grid Company PLC	United Kingdom	91,653	BBB+	
Bain Capital EURO CLO 2021-2	Refer to Note 1	90,218	AAA	
United Utilities Water PLC	United Kingdom	84,822	BBB+	
North Westerly V Leveraged Loan Strategies CLO	Refer to Note 2	84,534	AAA	
Southern Gas Networks PLC	United Kingdom	81,399	BBB	
Tymon Park CLO DAC Reset	Refer to Note 3	81,176	AAA	
Ancora (OAHS) Pty Ltd.	Australia	80,865	BBB	
Envestra Limited	Australia	74,977	A-	
Verbund, Lease and Sublease of Hydro-Electric Equipment	Austria	73,158	AAA	
Dwr Cymru Financing Limited	United Kingdom	61,769	A-	
Southern Water Services Limited	United Kingdom	61,175	BBB	
Sociedad Concesionaria Autopista Vespucio Sur S.A., Chile	Chile	58,361	BBB	
Electricity North West Ltd	United Kingdom	47,293	BBB+	
Capital Hospitals (Issuer) PLC	United Kingdom	43,856	BBB-	
Severn Trent Water Utilities Finance Plc	United Kingdom	36,289	BBB+	
Newcastle Hospitals PFI Project	United Kingdom	31,173	BB+	
Feria Muestrario Internacional de Valencia	Spain	31,149	BBB-	
ALBA 2005-1 PLC	United Kingdom	26,182	AAA	
Private Subscription Finance Transaction	Refer to Note 4	24,632	Α	
Southern Electric Power Distribution Plc	United Kingdom	24,356	BBB+	
Breeze Finance S.A.	Germany	23,249	B-	
Private Subscription Finance Transaction	Refer to Note 5	22,509	A	
Derby Healthcare PLC	United Kingdom	21,079	BBB	
Western Power Distribution (South Wales) PLC	United Kingdom	20,487	BBB+	
Heathrow Funding Limited	United Kingdom	20,238	BBB	
Western Power Distribution (South West) PLC	United Kingdom	20,203	BBB+	
Quebec Province	Canada	20,199	AA-	
Verdun Participations 2 S.A.S.	France	17,547	BBB-	
Scotland Gas Networks plc	United Kingdom	15,583	BBB	
NewHospitals (St Helens & Knowsley) Finance PLC	United Kingdom	15,261	BBB+	
University of Essex, United Kingdom	United Kingdom	14,438	A-	
MPC Funding Limited	Australia	13,866	BBB+	
South Tees	United Kingdom	13,485	BBB+	
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	Guatemala	11,719	BBB-	
Belfast Gas Transmission Financing plc	United Kingdom	9,951	A	
Central Nottinghamshire Hospitals PLC	United Kingdom	9,886	BBB-	
Total top 50 non-U.S. exposures	2-111041 11111 840111	\$ 3,471,585		
- start top ev non east exposures		÷ 5,171,500		

- Primarily France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, United Kingdom, and Germany.
 Primarily France, Germany, Netherlands, United Kingdom, and Luxembourg,
 Primarily United Kingdom, Netherlands, France, Luxembourg, and Germany
- 4) Primarily Switzerland, Sweden, United Kingdom, Germany, and Finland
- 5) Primarily Canada, China, Singapore, Denmark, and Finland.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Summary of Statutory Financial and Statistical Data (dollars in thousands)

		s of and for the Six Months nded June 30,	As of and for Year Ended December 31,			er 31,
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Claims-Paying Resources(1)						
Policyholders' surplus	\$	1,961,812	\$2,069,827	\$1,716,777	\$1,775,111	\$1,792,961
Contingency reserve		348,134	348,062	617,634	621,131	628,738
Qualified statutory capital		2,309,946	2,417,889	2,334,411	2,396,242	2,421,699
Unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding						
commission income		327,195	352,782	363,452	430,665	483,836
Loss and LAE reserves		25,988	7,072	13,118	150,811	236,295
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		2,663,129	2,777,743	2,710,981	2,977,718	3,141,830
Present value of installment premium		184,809	193,521	189,445	187,369	167,058
CCS		200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Excess of loss reinsurance facility						180,000
Total claims-paying resources (including proportionate MAC ownership for AGC)		3,047,938	3,171,264	3,100,426	3,365,087	3,688,888
Adjustment for MAC				234,852	239,643	281,013
Total claims-paying resources (excluding proportionate MAC ownership for AGC)	\$	3,047,938	\$3,171,264	\$2,865,574	\$3,125,444	\$3,407,875
Ratios:						
Net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		9:1	9:1	11:1	13:1	15:1
Capital ratio		14:1	14:1	16:1	19:1	22:1
Financial resources ratio		10:1	10:1	12:1	14:1	14:1
Adjusted statutory net par outstanding to claims-paying resources (including MAC adjustment for AGC)		7:1	7:1	8:1	9:1	10:1
Other Financial Information (Statutory Basis) ⁽²⁾	ф	21 422 766	#22 024 000	#20 015 005	A45 707 250	Ф 52 212 1 00
Net debt service outstanding (end of period)	\$	31,433,766	\$33,024,098	\$38,015,005	\$45,707,258	\$53,213,108
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period)		42,880,892	45,424,851	50,842,602	60,496,257	70,087,190
Net par outstanding (end of period)		20,428,667	21,603,648	25,377,477	30,069,673	35,545,662
Gross par outstanding (end of period) Ceded to Assured Guaranty affiliates		28,550,899	30,328,782	34,273,962	40,158,338	47,201,518
Ceded to Assured Guaranty annates		8,096,733	8,699,634	8,870,984	9,989,191	11,556,382
Gross debt service written:						
Public finance - U.S.	\$	1,803,767	\$3,480,668	\$ —	\$ 922,886	\$10,932,113
Public finance - non-U.S.		81,586	56,226	_	663,929	6,369,827
Structured finance - U.S.		72,034	1,311,776	508,015	1,703,593	1,190,662
Structured finance - non-U.S.		33,145	357,051	<i>-</i>	· · ·	230,439
Total gross debt service written	\$	1,990,532	\$5,205,721	\$ 508,015	\$3,290,408	\$18,723,041

¹⁾ See page 8 for additional detail on claims-paying resources and exposure. The December 31, 2018 - 2020 numbers shown for AGC have been adjusted to include its indirect share of MAC. Until April 1, 2021, AGM and AGC owned 60.7% and 39.3%, respectively, of the outstanding stock of Municipal Assurance Holdings Inc., which owned 100% of the outstanding common stock of MAC. On April 1, 2021, as part of a multi-step transaction, AGC sold its interest in MAC Holdings to AGM and MAC was merged with and into AGM, with AGM as the surviving company.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

²⁾ The National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual Statements for U.S. Domiciled Insurance Companies are prepared on a stand-alone basis.

Glossary

Net Par Outstanding and Internal Ratings

<u>Net Par Outstanding</u> is insured par exposure, net of reinsurance cessions. Unless otherwise indicated, GAAP net par outstanding amounts exclude amounts as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including securities the Company has purchased for loss mitigation purposes that are held in the investment portfolio.

<u>Internal Rating</u> utilizes the Company's ratings scale, which is similar to that used by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; however, the ratings in the tables may not be the same as ratings assigned by any such rating agency.

<u>Statutory Net Par and Net Debt Service Outstanding.</u> Under statutory accounting, net par and net debt service outstanding would be reduced both when an outstanding issue is legally defeased (i.e., an issuer has legally discharged its obligations with respect to a municipal security by satisfying conditions set forth in defeasance provisions contained in transaction documents and is no longer responsible for the payment of debt service with respect to such obligations) and when such issue is economically defeased (i.e., transaction documents for a municipal security do not contain defeasance provisions but the issuer establishes an escrow account with U.S. government securities in amounts sufficient to pay the refunded bonds when due; the refunded bonds are not considered paid and continue to be outstanding under the transaction documents and the issuer remains responsible to pay debt service when due to the extent monies on deposit in the escrow account are insufficient for such purpose).

Performance Indicators

The performance information described below is obtained from third parties and/or provided by the trustee and may be subject to revision as updated or additional information is obtained:

<u>Average Credit Enhancement</u> is intended to provide a measure of the amount of equity and/or subordinated tranches that are junior in the capital structure to Assured Guaranty's exposure, expressed as a percentage of the total transaction size, and reflects any reduction of that credit support resulting from defaults or other factors. For transactions where excess spread may be available to absorb certain losses, the amounts shown do not include any benefit from excess spread. The calculation methodologies differ for the various asset classes to reflect differences in transaction structures in order to provide a measure that management believes is comparable across asset classes. Some asset classes may not have subordinated tranches so they are excluded from the weighted averages.

Sectors

Below are brief descriptions of selected types of public and structured finance obligations that the Company insures and reinsures. For a more complete description, please refer to Assured Guaranty Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Public Finance:

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> are full faith and credit obligations that are issued by states, their political subdivisions and other municipal issuers, and are supported by the general obligation of the issuer to pay from available funds and by a pledge of the issuer to levy property taxes in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the bonds.

<u>Tax-Backed Bonds</u> are obligations that are supported by the issuer from specific and discrete sources of taxation and tax-backed revenue bonds. Tax-backed obligations may be secured by a lien on specific pledged tax revenues, such as a gasoline or excise tax, or an income tax, or incrementally from growth in property tax revenue associated with growth in property values. These obligations also include obligations secured by special assessments levied against property owners and often benefit from issuer covenants to enforce collections of such assessments and to foreclose on delinquent properties. Lease revenue bonds typically are general fund obligations of a municipality or other governmental authority that are subject to annual appropriation or abatement; projects financed and subject to such lease payments ordinarily include real estate or equipment serving an essential public purpose.

<u>Municipal Utility Bonds</u> are obligations of all forms of municipal utilities, including electric, water and sewer utilities and resource recovery revenue bonds. These utilities may be organized in various forms, including municipal enterprise systems, authorities or joint action agencies.

<u>Transportation Bonds</u> include a wide variety of revenue-supported obligations, such as bonds for airports, ports, tunnels, municipal parking facilities, toll roads and toll bridges.

<u>Healthcare Bonds</u> are obligations of healthcare facilities, including community-based hospitals and systems, as well as of health maintenance organizations and long-term care facilities.

<u>Higher Education Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenue collected by either public or private secondary schools, colleges and universities. Such revenue can encompass all of an institution's revenue, including tuition and fees, or in other cases, can be specifically restricted to certain auxiliary sources of revenue or revenue relating to student accommodation.

<u>Infrastructure Bonds</u> include obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure and other physical assets delivering essential services supported by long-term concession arrangements with a public sector entity.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

<u>Investor-Owned Utility Bonds</u> are obligations primarily backed by investor-owned utilities, first mortgage bond obligations of for-profit electric or water utilities providing retail, industrial and commercial service, and also include sale-leaseback obligation bonds supported by such entities.

<u>Renewable Energy Bonds</u> are obligations backed by revenue from renewable energy sources.

<u>Housing Revenue Bonds</u> are obligations relating to both single and multi-family housing, issued by states and localities, supported by cash flow and, in some cases, insurance from entities such as the Federal Housing Administration.

<u>Regulated Utility Obligations</u> are obligations issued by government-regulated providers of essential services and commodities, including electric, water and gas utilities, supported by the rates and charges paid by the utilities' customers. The majority of the Company's international regulated utility business is conducted in the United Kingdom.

<u>Pooled Infrastructure Obligations</u> are synthetic asset-backed obligations that take the form of credit default swap obligations or credit-linked notes that reference either infrastructure finance obligations or a pool of such obligations, with a defined deductible to cover credit risks associated with the referenced obligations.

<u>Sovereign and Sub-Sovereign Obligations</u> primarily include obligations of local, municipal, regional or national governmental authorities or agencies outside of the United States.

Other Public Finance are obligations of or backed by local, municipal, regional or national governmental authorities or agencies not generally described in any of the other described categories.

Structured Finance:

<u>Pooled Corporate Obligations</u> are securities primarily backed by various types of corporate debt obligations, such as secured or unsecured bonds, bank loans or loan participations and trust preferred securities (TruPS). These securities are often issued in "tranches," with subordinated tranches providing credit support to the more senior tranches. The Company's financial guaranty exposures generally are to the more senior tranches of these issues.

<u>Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities</u> are obligations backed by first and second lien mortgage loans on residential properties. The credit quality of borrowers covers a broad range, including "prime," "subprime" and "Alt-A." A prime borrower is generally defined as one with strong risk characteristics as measured by factors such as payment history, credit score, and debt-to-income ratio. A subprime borrower is a borrower with higher risk characteristics. An Alt-A borrower is generally defined as a prime quality borrower that lacks certain ancillary characteristics, such as fully documented income. RMBS include home equity lines of credit, which refers to a type of residential mortgage-backed transaction backed by second-lien loan collateral. The Company has not provided insurance for RMBS in the primary market since 2008.

<u>Consumer Receivables Securities</u> are obligations backed by non-mortgage consumer receivables, such as student loans, automobile loans and leases, manufactured home loans and other consumer receivables.

<u>Life Insurance Transactions</u> are obligations secured by the future earnings from pools of various types of insurance/reinsurance policies and income produced by invested assets.

Other Structured Finance Obligations are obligations backed by assets not generally described in any of the other described categories.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company discloses both (a) financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP and (b) financial measures not determined in accordance with GAAP (non-GAAP financial measures). Financial measures identified as non-GAAP should not be considered substitutes for GAAP financial measures. The primary limitation of non-GAAP financial measures is the potential lack of comparability to financial measures of other companies, whose definitions of non-GAAP financial measures may differ from those of the Company.

The Company believes its presentation of non-GAAP financial measures provides information that is necessary for analysts to calculate their estimates of Assured Guaranty's financial results in their research reports on Assured Guaranty and for investors, analysts and the financial news media to evaluate Assured Guaranty's financial results.

GAAP requires the Company to consolidate entities where it is deemed to be the primary beneficiary which include:

- FG VIEs, which the Company does not own and where its exposure is limited to its obligation under the financial guaranty insurance contract, and
- CIVs in which certain subsidiaries invest and which are managed by AssuredIM.

The Company discloses the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation that is embedded in each non-GAAP financial measure, as applicable. The Company believes this information may also be useful to analysts and investors evaluating Assured Guaranty's financial results. In the case of both the consolidated FG VIEs and the CIVs, the economic effect of the Company of each of the consolidated FG VIEs and CIVs is reflected primarily in the results of the Insurance segment.

Management of the Company and AGL's Board of Directors use non-GAAP financial measures further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation (which the Company refers to as its core financial measures), as well as GAAP financial measures and other factors, to evaluate the Company's results of operations, financial condition and progress towards long-term goals. The Company uses core financial measures in its decision-making process for and in its calculation of certain components of management compensation. The financial measures that AGL and the Company use to help determine compensation are: (1) adjusted operating income, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation; (2) adjusted operating shareholder's equity, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation; (4) PVP, and (5) gross third-party assets raised.

Management believes that many investors, analysts and financial news reporters use adjusted operating shareholder's equity and/or adjusted book value, each further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, as the principal financial measures for valuing AGL's current share price or projected share price and also as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell AGL's common shares. Management also believes that many of the Company's fixed income investors also use adjusted operating shareholder's equity, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation to evaluate the Company's capital adequacy.

Adjusted operating income, further adjusted for the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation enables investors and analysts to evaluate the Company's financial results in comparison with the consensus analyst estimates distributed publicly by financial databases.

The following paragraphs define each non-GAAP financial measure disclosed by the Company and describe why it is useful. To the extent there is a directly comparable GAAP financial measure, a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure and the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is presented within this financial supplement.

Adjusted Operating Income: Management believes that adjusted operating income is a useful measure because it clarifies the understanding of the operating results of the Company. Adjusted operating income is defined as net income (loss) attributable to the Company, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of realized gains (losses) on the Company's investments, except for gains and losses on securities classified as trading. The timing of realized gains and losses, which depends largely on market credit cycles, can vary considerably across periods. The timing of sales is largely subject to the Company's discretion and influenced by market opportunities, as well as the Company's tax and capital profile.
- 2) Elimination of non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives that are recognized in net income, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS that are recognized in net income. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

- 4) Elimination of foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of net premium receivables and loss and LAE reserves that are recognized in net income. Long-dated receivables and loss and LAE reserves represent the present value of future contractual or expected cash flows. Therefore, the current period's foreign exchange remeasurement gains (losses) are not necessarily indicative of the total foreign exchange gains (losses) that the Company will ultimately recognize.
- 5) Elimination of the tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Adjusted Operating Shareholder's Equity and Adjusted Book Value: Management believes that adjusted operating shareholder's equity is a useful measure because it excludes the fair value adjustments on investments, credit derivatives and CCS that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss.

Adjusted operating shareholder's equity is defined as shareholder's equity attributable to the Company, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, credit spreads and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 2) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's investments that are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). The AOCI component of the fair value adjustment on the investment portfolio is not deemed economic because the Company generally holds these investments to maturity and therefore would not recognize an economic gain or loss.
- 4) Elimination of the tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Management uses adjusted book value, further adjusted for FG VIE and CIV consolidation, to measure the intrinsic value of the Company, excluding franchise value. Adjusted book value per share, further adjusted for FG VIE and CIV consolidation (core adjusted book value), is one of the key financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation elements to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors. Management believes that adjusted book value is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the Company's in-force premiums and revenues net of expected losses. Adjusted book value is adjusted operating shareholder's equity, as defined above, further adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of deferred acquisition costs, net. These amounts represent net deferred expenses that have already been paid or accrued and will be expensed in future accounting periods.
- 2) Addition of the net present value of estimated net future revenue. See below.
- 3) Addition of the deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed, net of reinsurance. This amount represents the present value of the expected future net earned premiums, net of the present value of expected losses to be expensed, which are not reflected in GAAP equity.
- 4) Elimination of the tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

The unearned premiums and revenues included in adjusted book value will be earned in future periods, but actual earnings may differ materially from the estimated amounts used in determining current adjusted book value due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults and other factors.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

Adjusted Operating Return on Equity (Adjusted Operating ROE): Adjusted Operating ROE represents adjusted operating income for a specified period divided by the average of adjusted operating shareholder's equity at the beginning and the end of that period. Management believes that adjusted operating ROE is a useful measure to evaluate the Company's return on invested capital. Many investors, analysts and members of the financial news media use adjusted operating ROE, adjusted for VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Quarterly and year-to-date adjusted operating ROE are calculated on an annualized basis. Adjusted operating ROE, adjusted for VIE consolidation, is one of the key management financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors.

Net Present Value of Estimated Net Future Revenue: Management believes that this amount is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the present value of estimated net future revenue for non-financial guaranty insurance contracts. This amount represents the net present value of estimated future revenue from these contracts (other than credit derivatives with net expected losses), net of reinsurance, ceding commissions and premium taxes.

Future installment premiums are discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than loss mitigation securities. The discount rate is recalculated annually and updated as necessary. Net present value of estimated future revenue for an obligation may change from period to period due to a change in the discount rate or due to a change in estimated net future revenue for the obligation, which may change due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation. There is no corresponding GAAP financial measure.

PVP or Present Value of New Business Production: Management believes that PVP is a useful measure because it enables the evaluation of the value of new business production in the Insurance segment by taking into account the value of estimated future installment premiums on all new contracts underwritten in a reporting period as well as additional installment premiums and fees on existing contracts (which may result from supplements or fees or from the issuer not calling an insured obligation the Company projected would be called), regardless of form, which management believes GAAP gross written premiums and changes in fair value of credit derivatives do not adequately measure. PVP in respect of contracts written in a specified period is defined as gross upfront and installment premiums received and the present value of gross estimated future installment premiums.

Future installment premiums are discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturity securities such as loss mitigation securities. The discount rate is recalculated annually and updated as necessary. Under GAAP, financial guaranty installment premiums are discounted at a risk-free rate. Additionally, under GAAP, management records future installment premiums on financial guaranty insurance contracts covering non-homogeneous pools of assets based on the contractual term of the transaction, whereas for PVP purposes, management records an estimate of the future installment premiums the Company expects to receive, which may be based upon a shorter period of time than the contractual term of the transaction.

Actual installment premiums may differ from those estimated in the Company's PVP calculation due to factors including, but not limited to, changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults, or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.



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