September 30, 2024 Financial Supplement





Assured Guaranty Ltd. September 30, 2024 Financial Supplement

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This financial supplement should be read in conjunction with documents filed by Assured Guaranty Ltd. (AGL and, together with its subsidiaries, Assured Guaranty or the Company) with the United States (U.S.) Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 and its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024 and September 30, 2024.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements

Any forward looking statements made in this supplement reflect the current views of Assured Guaranty with respect to future events and financial performance and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in these statements. Assured Guaranty's forward looking statements could be affected by many events. These events include:

(i) significant changes in inflation, interest rates, the world's credit markets or segments thereof, credit spreads, foreign exchange rates or general economic conditions, including the possibility of a recession or stagflation; (ii) geopolitical risk, terrorism and political violence risk, including those arising out of Russia's invasion of Ukraine and intentional or accidental escalation between The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and Russia, conflict in the Middle East and confrontation over Iran's nuclear program, the polarized political environment in the United States (U.S.), and U.S. - China strategic competition; (iii) cybersecurity risk and the impacts of artificial intelligence, machine learning and other technological advances, including potentially increasing the risks of malicious cyber attacks, dissemination of misinformation, and disruption of markets; (iv) the possibility of a U.S. government shutdown, payment defaults on the debt of the U.S. government or instruments issued, insured or guaranteed by related institutions, agencies or instrumentalities, and downgrades to their credit ratings; (v) developments in the world's financial and capital markets, including stresses in the financial condition of banking institutions in the U.S. and the possibility that increasing participation of unregulated financial institutions in these markets results in losses or lower valuations of assets, reduced liquidity and credit and/or contraction of these markets, that adversely affect repayment rates of insured obligors, Assured Guaranty's insurance loss or recovery experience, or investments of Assured Guaranty; (vi) reduction in the amount of available insurance opportunities and/or in the demand for Assured Guaranty's insurance; (vii) the possibility that budget or pension shortfalls, difficulties in obtaining additional financing or other factors will result in credit losses or liquidity claims on obligations of state, territorial and local governments, their related authorities, public corporations and other obligors that Assured Guaranty insures or reinsures; (viii) insured losses, including losses with respect to related legal proceedings, in excess of those expected by Assured Guaranty or the failure of Assured Guaranty to realize loss recoveries that are assumed in its expected loss estimates for insurance exposures, including as a result of the final resolution of Assured Guaranty's Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA) exposure or the amounts recovered on securities received in connection with the resolution of Puerto Rico exposures already resolved; (ix) the impact of Assured Guaranty satisfying its obligations under insurance policies with respect to legacy insured Puerto Rico bonds; (x) the possibility that underwriting insurance in new jurisdictions and/or covering new sectors or classes of business does not result in the benefits anticipated or subjects Assured Guaranty to negative consequences; (xi) increased competition, including from new entrants into the financial guaranty industry, nonpayment insurance and other forms of capital saving or risk syndication available to banks and insurers; (xii) the possibility that investments made by Assured Guaranty for its investment portfolio, including alternative investments, do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to reduced liquidity at a time it requires liquidity, or to other negative or unanticipated consequences; (xiii) the impacts of Assured Guaranty's transactions with Sound Point Capital Management, LP (Sound Point, LP) and certain of its investment management affiliates (together with Sound Point, LP, Sound Point) and/or Assured Healthcare Partners LLC (AHP) on Assured Guaranty and its relationships with its shareholders, regulators, rating agencies, employees and the obligors it insures and on the asset management business contributed to Sound Point, LP and on the business of AHP and their relationships with their respective clients and employees; (xiv) the possibility that strategic transactions made by Assured Guaranty, including the transactions with Sound Point and/or AHP and/or merger of Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (AGM) with and into Assured Guaranty Inc. (AG, formerly Assured Guaranty Corp.), do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to negative consequences; (xv) the inability to control the business, management or policies of entities in which Assured Guaranty holds a minority interest; (xvi) the impact of market volatility on the fair value of Assured Guaranty's assets and liabilities subject to mark-to-market, including certain of its investments, contracts accounted for as derivatives, its committed capital securities, its consolidated investment vehicles and certain consolidated variable interest entities (VIEs); (xvii) rating agency action, including a ratings downgrade, a change in outlook, the placement of ratings on watch for downgrade, or a change in rating criteria, at any time, of AGL or any of its insurance subsidiaries, and/or of any securities AGL or any of its subsidiaries have issued, and/or of transactions that AGL's insurance subsidiaries have insured; (xviii) the inability of Assured Guaranty to access external sources of capital on acceptable terms; (xix) changes in applicable accounting policies or practices; (xx) changes in applicable laws or regulations, including insurance, bankruptcy and tax laws, or other governmental actions; (xxi) the possibility that legal or regulatory decisions or determinations subject obligations that Assured Guaranty insures or reinsures to negative consequences; (xxii) difficulties with the execution of Assured Guaranty's business strategy; (xxiii) loss of key personnel; (xxiv) the effects of mergers, acquisitions and divestitures; (xxv) public health crises, including pandemics and endemics, and the governmental and private actions taken in response to such events; (xxvi) natural or man-made catastrophes; (xxvii) the impact of climate change on Assured Guaranty's business and regulatory actions taken related to such risk; (xxviii) other risk factors identified in AGL's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); (xxix) other risks and uncertainties that have not been identified at this time; and (xxx) management's response to these factors.

Assured Guaranty undertakes no obligation to update publicly or review any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Selected Financial Highlights (1 of 2) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

		Three Me Septe	onths Ei mber 30			Nine Mo Septe		
		2024		2023	_	2024		2023
GAAP ⁽¹⁾ Highlights Net income (loss) attributable to AGL	\$	171	\$	157	\$	358	\$	363
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL per diluted share Weighted average shares outstanding	\$	3.17	\$	2.60	\$	6.44	\$	5.99
Basic shares outstanding		52.4		58.5		54.1		58.9
Diluted shares outstanding		53.4		59.6		55.2		60.0
Effective tax rate on net income		19.9 %		21.4 %		19.2 %		18.1 %
GAAP return on equity (ROE) ⁽⁴⁾		12.1 %	, O	11.9 %	, 0	8.3 %	D	9.4 %
Non-GAAP Highlights ⁽²⁾								
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	130	\$	206	\$	323	\$	310
Adjusted operating income (loss) per diluted share ⁽²⁾	\$	2.42	\$	3.42	\$	5.80	\$	5.12
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding		53.4		59.6		55.2		60.0
Effective tax rate on adjusted operating income ⁽³⁾		20.7 %		20.4 %		19.2 %		18.4 %
Adjusted operating ROE ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾		8.9 %	0	14.5 %	0	7.2 %	0	7.3 %
Components of adjusted operating income (loss) ⁽²⁾								
Insurance segment	\$	162	\$	59	\$	427	\$	282
Asset Management segment		4				5		(3)
Corporate division		(29)		155		(101)		61
Other ⁽⁶⁾	-	(7)		(8)		(8)		(30)
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	130	\$	206	\$	323	\$	310
Insurance Segment								
Gross written premiums (GWP)	\$	61	\$	40	\$	254	\$	221
Present value of new business production (PVP) ⁽²⁾		63		46		281		249
Gross par written		7,437		5,948		20,603		20,285
Effect of refundings and terminations on GAAP measures:								
Net earned premiums, pre-tax	\$	14	\$	14	\$	56	\$	26
Fair value gains (losses) of credit derivatives, pre-tax				1				1
Net income effect		11		11 0.19		43 0.78		21 0.36
Net income per diluted share		0.20		0.19		0.78		0.30
Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures:								
Operating net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues ⁽³⁾ , pre-tax	\$	14	\$	15	\$	56	\$	27
Adjusted operating income ⁽⁵⁾ effect	ψ	14	Ψ	15	ψ	43	φ	27
Adjusted operating income per diluted share ⁽⁵⁾		0.20		0.19		0.78		0.36
requised operating meenie per unated share		0.20		0.17		0.70		0.50

1) Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

2) Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

3) Represents the ratio of adjusted operating provision for income taxes to adjusted operating income before income taxes.

4) Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns. See page 6 for additional information on calculation.

5) Condensed consolidated statement of operations items mentioned in this Financial Supplement that are described as operating (i.e. operating net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues) are non-GAAP measures and represent components of adjusted operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

6) Represents the effect of consolidating financial guaranty variable interest entities (FG VIEs) and consolidated investment vehicles (CIVs) (FG VIE and CIV consolidation).

Selected Financial Highlights (2 of 2)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	As of										
	 Septembe	er 30, 2	2024		Decembe	r 31, 2	2023				
	Amount	Per Share		Amount		Р	er Share				
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL	\$ 5,728	\$	111.09	\$	5,713	\$	101.63				
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity ⁽¹⁾	5,875		113.96		5,990		106.54				
Adjusted book value ⁽¹⁾	8,582		166.47		8,765		155.92				
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in:											
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity	(5)		(0.08)		5		0.07				
Adjusted book value	(9)		(0.17)		—		—				
Shares outstanding at the end of period	51.6				56.2						
Exposure											
Financial guaranty net debt service outstanding	\$ 411,637			\$	397,636						
Financial guaranty net par outstanding:											
Investment grade	\$ 247,546			\$	243,716						
Below-investment-grade (BIG)	10,650				5,437						
Total	\$ 258,196			\$	249,153						
Claims-paying resources ⁽²⁾	\$ 10,354			\$	10,665						

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.
 See page 19 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three Mor Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2024	 2023		2024		2023
Revenues						
Net earned premiums	\$ 97	\$ 95	\$	300	\$	261
Net investment income	82	100		247		270
Asset management fees	_	—		—		53
Net realized investment gains (losses)	_	(9)		2		(20)
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	3	9		19		115
Fair value gains (losses) on committed capital securities (CCS)	(3)	(20)		(12)		(35)
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	(7)	6		(11)		(2)
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs	21	(4)		54		60
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement	55	(39)		43		9
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	9	4		52		42
Gain on sale of asset management subsidiaries	_	255		_		255
Other income (loss)	12	6		22		38
Total revenues	 269	403		716		1,046
Expenses						
Loss and loss adjustment expense (LAE) (benefit)	(51)	100		(54)		159
Interest expense	22	24		68		67
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs (DAC)	5	4		14		10
Employee compensation and benefit expenses	47	47		153		199
Other operating expenses	44	44		124		170
Total expenses	67	219		305		605
Income (loss) before income taxes and equity in earnings (losses) of investees	202	 184		411		441
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	18	18		47		25
Income (loss) before income taxes	 220	 202		458		466
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes	44	43		88		84
Net income (loss)	176	159		370		382
Less: Noncontrolling interests	5	2	\$	12	\$	19
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL	\$ 171	\$ 157	\$	358	\$	363
Earnings per share:						
Basic	\$ 3.23	\$ 2.65	\$	6.57	\$	6.11
Diluted	\$ 3.17	\$ 2.60	\$	6.44	\$	5.99

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(dollars in millions)

		As of
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed-maturity securities available-for-sale, at fair value	\$ 6,284	4 \$ 6,307
Fixed-maturity securities, trading, at fair value	16.	3 318
Short-term investments, at fair value	1,48	7 1,661
Other invested assets	912	2 829
Total investments	8,84	6 9,115
Cash	14	7 97
Premiums receivable, net of commissions payable	1,51	3 1,468
DAC	172	2 161
Salvage and subrogation recoverable	412	2 298
FG VIEs' assets	15	6 328
Assets of CIVs	35	9 366
Other assets	68	6 706
Total assets	\$ 12,29	1 \$ 12,539
Liabilities		
Unearned premium reserve	\$ 3,63	1 \$ 3,658
Loss and LAE reserve	253	3 376
Long-term debt	1,69	8 1,694
Credit derivative liabilities, at fair value	3	9 53
FG VIEs' liabilities, at fair value	392	2 554
Other liabilities	490	6 439
Total liabilities	6,50	9 6,774
Shareholders' equity		
Common shares		1 1
Retained earnings	5,95	7 6,070
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(23	1) (359)
Deferred equity compensation		1 1
Total shareholders' equity attributable to AGL	5,72	8 5,713
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests	54	4 52
Total shareholders' equity	5,78	2 5,765
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 12,29	1 \$ 12,539

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1 of 3) (dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Adjusted Operating Income Reconciliation		Three Mor			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		Septem 2024	iber :	2023		2024	iber :	2023	
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL	\$	171	\$	157	\$	358	\$	363	
Less pre-tax adjustments:									
Realized gains (losses) on investments		_		(9)		2		(20)	
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		(2)		6		11		109	
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		(3)		(20)		(12)		(35)	
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves		54		(37)		42		9	
Total pre-tax adjustments		49		(60)		43		63	
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(8)		11		(8)		(10)	
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	130	\$	206	\$	323	\$	310	
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in adjusted operating income	\$	(7)	\$	(8)	\$	(8)	\$	(30)	
Components of adjusted operating income:									
Segments:									
Insurance	\$	162		59	\$	427	\$	282	
Asset Management		4				5		(3)	
Total segments		166		59		432		279	
Corporate division		(29)		155		(101)		61	
Other		(7)		(8)		(8)	_	(30)	
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	130	\$	206	\$	323	\$	310	
Per diluted share:									
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL	\$	3.17	\$	2.60	\$	6.44	\$	5.99	
Less pre-tax adjustments:	Ψ	0.17	Ψ	2.00	Ψ	0.11	Ψ	5.77	
Realized gains (losses) on investments				(0.16)		0.03		(0.33)	
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		(0.03)		0.12		0.21		1.81	
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		(0.06)		(0.33)		(0.21)		(0.58)	
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves		1.00		(0.61)		0.76		0.14	
Total pre-tax adjustments		0.91		(0.98)		0.79		1.04	
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(0.16)		0.16		(0.15)		(0.17)	
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	2.42	\$	3.42	\$	5.80	\$	5.12	
	-		_		-		_		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in adjusted operating income	\$	(0.12)	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.49)	

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (2 of 3) (dollars in millions)

ROE Reconciliation and Calculation						Α	s of							
	Sept	September 30,		eptember 30, June 3		June 30, Dece		cember 31,	Sej	ptember 30,	June 30,		De	ecember 31,
		2024		2024		2023		2023		2023		2022		
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL	\$	5,728	\$	5,539	\$	5,713	\$	5,252	\$:	5,276	\$	5,064		
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity		5,875		5,844		5,990		5,735		5,628		5,543		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in adjusted operating shareholders' equity		(5)		3		5		4		(3)		17		
						Three Mo Septer				Nine M Sept	onthe			
						2024		2023		2024		2023		
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL					\$	171	\$	157	\$	358	\$	363		
Adjusted operating income (loss)						130		206		323		310		
Average shareholders' equity attributable to AGL					\$	5,634	\$	5,264	¢ i	5,721	\$	5,158		
Average adjusted operating shareholders' equity					φ	5,860	φ	5,682		5,933	φ	5,639		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in average adjusted						5,000		5,002		5,755		5,057		
operating shareholders' equity						(1)		1		—		11		
GAAP ROE ⁽¹⁾						12.1 %		11.9 %		8.3 %		9.4 %		

8.9 %

14.5 % 7.2 %

7.3 %

Adjusted operating ROE (1)

1) Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns.

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (3 of 3)

(dollars in millions)

					As	of				
	Sept	ember 30,	June 30,	D	ecember 31,	Se	ptember 30,	June 30,	De	ecember 31,
		2024	 2024		2023		2023	 2023		2022
Reconciliation of shareholders' equity attributable to AGL to adjusted book value:										
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL	\$	5,728	\$ 5,539	\$	5,713	\$	5,252	\$ 5,276	\$	5,064
Less pre-tax reconciling items:										
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		45	47		34		38	31		(71)
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		1	4		13		12	32		47
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio		(211)	(400)		(361)		(609)	(463)		(523)
Less taxes		18	 44		37		76	 48		68
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity		5,875	 5,844		5,990		5,735	5,628		5,543
Pre-tax reconciling items:										
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		172	169		161		158	155		147
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future revenue		189	190		199		190	192		157
Plus: Net deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		3,370	3,424		3,436		3,404	3,445		3,428
Plus taxes		(680)	(691)		(699)		(612)	(623)		(602)
Adjusted book value	\$	8,582	\$ 8,598	\$	8,765	\$	8,559	\$ 8,487	\$	8,379
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in:										
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity (net of tax provision (benefit) of \$(1), \$1, \$1, \$1, \$(1), and \$4)	\$	(5)	\$ 3	\$	5	\$	4	\$ (3)	\$	17
Adjusted book value (net of tax provision (benefit) of \$(2), \$(1), \$0, \$(1), \$(3), and \$3)	\$	(9)	\$ (2)	\$	_	\$	(2)	\$ (7)	\$	11

Income Components (1 of 4)

(in millions)

Components of Income for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

		Segn	nents		С	orporate	and O	ther				
	Insura	ance	Asset Managem		Corp	oorate	0	ther ⁽¹⁾	Reconci Item		Consolidated	
Revenues												
Net earned premiums	\$	98	\$		\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	_	\$	97
Net investment income		82				3		(3)		_		82
Asset management fees		_		_		_		_		_		_
Net realized investment gains (losses)		_				_		_		_		_
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives ⁽²⁾		3		_				_				3
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		_								(3)		(3)
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_						(7)		_		(7)
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs		_						21				21
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement		1		_		_		_		54		55
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities		9		_		_		_		_		9
Other income (loss)		11		2		1		(2)		_		12
Total revenues		204		2		4		8		51		269
Expenses												
Loss and LAE (benefit) ⁽³⁾		(53)		—		_		_		2		(51)
Interest expense		—		—		24		(2)		—		22
Amortization of DAC		5		—		_		_		—		5
Employee compensation and benefit expenses		40				7		_				47
Other operating expenses		36		2		6		_		_		44
Total expenses		28		2		37		(2)		2		67
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		28		4		_		(14)		_		18
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		42				(4)		(2)		8		44
Less: Noncontrolling interests		_				_		5				5
Total	\$	162	\$	4	\$	(29)	\$	(7)	\$	41	\$	171

1) Includes the consolidation of the FG VIEs and CIVs and intersegment eliminations.

2) Insurance segment balances for this line include only the credit derivative revenues component of realized gains (losses) on credit derivatives.

Income Components (2 of 4)

(in millions)

Components of Income for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

		Segr	nents		Corporate	e and	Other			
	Insur	ance	Asset Manageme	ent	Corporate		Other ⁽¹⁾	Reconciling Items	Consolidated	
Revenues										
Net earned premiums	\$	96	\$		\$	\$	(1)	\$	\$ 95	
Net investment income		101			2		(3)	_	100	
Asset management fees		_			_		—		_	
Net realized investment gains (losses)		_			_		—	(9)	(9)	
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives ⁽²⁾		3			_		_	6	9	
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		_			_		_	(20)	(20)	
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_			_		6		6	
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs		_			_		(4)		(4)	
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement		(2)			_		_	(37)	(39)	
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities		4			_		_	_	4	
Gain on sale of asset management subsidiaries					255		_	_	255	
Other income (loss)		6			2		(2)	_	6	
Total revenues		208		_	259		(4)	(60)	403	
Expenses										
Loss and LAE (benefit) ⁽³⁾		101			_		(1)	_	100	
Interest expense		_			26		(2)	_	24	
Amortization of DAC		4			_		—	_	4	
Employee compensation and benefit expenses		37			10		_	_	47	
Other operating expenses		23			21		—	_	44	
Total expenses		165		_	57		(3)		219	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		25			_		(7)		18	
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		9			47		(2)	(11)	43	
Less: Noncontrolling interests		_					2		2	
Total	\$	59	\$		\$ 155	\$	(8)	\$ (49)	\$ 157	

1) Includes the consolidation of the FG VIEs and CIVs and intersegment eliminations.

2) Insurance segment balances for this line include only the credit derivative revenues component of realized gains (losses) on credit derivatives.

Income Components (3 of 4)

(in millions)

Components of Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024

		Segn	nents		Corporate	anc	l Other		
	Insu	rance	Asset Management	:	Corporate		Other ⁽¹⁾	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Revenues									
Net earned premiums	\$	302	\$	-	\$	\$	(2)	\$	\$ 300
Net investment income		246	_	-	10		(9)	_	247
Asset management fees		_		-			_	—	—
Net realized investment gains (losses)		_		-	_		_	2	2
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives ⁽²⁾		8	_	-	_		_	11	19
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS				-				(12)	(12)
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs				-	_		(11)	_	(11)
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs				-	_		54	_	54
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement		1		_	_		_	42	43
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities		52	_	_	_		_	_	52
Other income (loss)		13	10)	3		(4)	_	22
Total revenues		622	10)	13		28	43	716
Expenses									
Loss and LAE (benefit) ⁽³⁾		(49)		-			(5)	—	(54)
Interest expense		_		-	75		(7)	—	68
Amortization of DAC		14		-			_	—	14
Employee compensation and benefit expenses		128	_	_	25		_	_	153
Other operating expenses		90	6	5	28		_	_	124
Total expenses		183	6	5	128		(12)		305
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		83	2	2			(38)	—	47
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		95	1		(14)		(2)	8	88
Less: Noncontrolling interests				-			12		12
Total	\$	427	\$ 5	5	\$ (101)	\$	(8)	\$ 35	\$ 358

1) Includes the consolidation of the FG VIEs and CIVs and intersegment eliminations.

2) Insurance segment balances for this line include only the credit derivative revenues component of realized gains (losses) on credit derivatives.

Income Components (4 of 4)

(in millions)

Components of Income for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

	Seg	ments	Corporate	and Other		
	Insurance	Asset Management	Corporate	Other ⁽¹⁾	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Revenues						
Net earned premiums	\$ 264	\$	\$	\$ (3)	\$	\$ 261
Net investment income	273	_	6	(9)	_	270
Asset management fees	_	64	_	(11)	_	53
Net realized investment gains (losses)	_		_	_	(20)	(20)
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives ⁽²⁾	7		_		108	115
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	_	_	_	_	(35)	(35)
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	_	_	_	(2)	_	(2)
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs	_	_	_	60	_	60
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement	1	_	_	(1)	9	9
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	42	_	_	_	_	42
Gain on sale of asset management subsidiaries	_	_	255		_	255
Other income (loss)	35	7	2	(6)		38
Total revenues	622	71	263	28	62	1,046
Expenses						
Loss and LAE (benefit) ⁽³⁾	154	_		6	(1)	159
Interest expense	_	1	73	(7)	_	67
Amortization of DAC	10		—	—	—	10
Employee compensation and benefit expenses	112	59	28	_	_	199
Other operating expenses	78	15	64	13		170
Total expenses	354	75	165	12	(1)	605
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	60	_		(35)	_	25
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes	46	(1)	37	(8)	10	84
Less: Noncontrolling interests				19		19
Total	\$ 282	\$ (3)	\$ 61	\$ (30)	\$ 53	\$ 363

1) Includes the consolidation of the FG VIEs and CIVs and intersegment eliminations.

2) Insurance segment balances for this line include only the credit derivative revenues component of realized gains (losses) on credit derivatives.

Fixed-Maturity Securities, Short-Term Investments and Cash

As of September 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

	 nortized Cost	for	lowance Credit Losses	Pre-Tax Book Yield	After-Tax Book Yield	Fa	ir Value	Inve	ualized estment ome ⁽¹⁾
Fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale:									
Obligations of states and political subdivisions ⁽³⁾	\$ 2,171	\$	(14)	3.58 %	3.18 %	\$	2,119	\$	78
U.S. government and agencies	75			2.90	2.33		71		2
Corporate securities	2,503		(6)	3.48	2.90		2,404		87
Mortgage-backed securities:									
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)	613		(20)	5.14	4.11		544		32
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	180		_	3.85	3.07		180		7
Asset-backed securities (ABS)									
Collateralized loan obligation (CLOs)	384			7.08	5.60		383		27
Other ABS ⁽³⁾	556		(26)	4.19	3.36		508		23
Non-U.S. government securities	83			1.98	1.96		75		2
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	6,565		(66)	3.92	3.29		6,284		258
Short-term investments	1,487			4.83	3.85		1,487		71
Cash ⁽⁴⁾	147			_			147		
Total	\$ 8,199	\$	(66)	4.09 %	3.39 %	\$	7,918	\$	329

163

\$

Fixed maturity securities, trading⁽⁶⁾

Ratings ⁽⁵⁾ :	Fa	ir Value	% of Portfolio
U.S. government and agencies	\$	71	1.1 %
AAA/Aaa		792	12.6
AA/Aa		2,236	35.6
A/A		1,620	25.8
BBB		991	15.8
BIG		511	8.1
Not rated		63	1.0
Total fixed maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	6,284	100.0 %

Duration of available-for-sale fixed maturity securities and short-term investments (in years):

1) Represents annualized investment income based on amortized cost and pre-tax book yields.

2) Includes fair value of \$135 million in subprime RMBS, of which 92% were rated BIG.

3) Includes securities purchased or obtained as part of loss mitigation or other risk management strategies.

4) Cash is not included in the yield calculation.

5) Ratings generally reflect the lower of Moody's Ratings or S&P Global Ratings Services classifications except for purchased securities that the Company has insured, and for which it had expected losses to be paid (Loss Mitigation Securities) and certain other securities, which use internal ratings classifications. Loss mitigation and other securities total \$830 million in par with carrying value of \$569 million and are primarily included in the BIG category.

3.4

6) Primarily includes contingent value instruments (CVI) received in connection with the 2022 Puerto Rico Resolutions (see page 33). These securities are not rated.

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Investment Portfolio, Cash and CIVs

GAAP (1 of 2)

(dollars in millions)

Investment Portfolio, Cash and CIVs as of September 30, 2024

	R	urance elated diaries ⁽¹⁾	Ho Comp	lding panies ⁽²⁾	 Other ⁽³⁾	 AGL Consolidated
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	6,265	\$	19	\$ _	\$ 6,284
Fixed-maturity securities, trading		163			 	 163
Total fixed-maturity securities		6,428		19		6,447
Short-term investments		1,176		310	1	1,487
Cash		47		63	 37	 147
Total short-term investments and cash		1,223		373	 38	 1,634
Other invested assets						
Equity method investments:						
Sound Point				417		417
Funds:						
CLOs		349		—	(247)	102
Private healthcare investing		149		—	—	149
Asset-based/specialty finance		131		—	(31)	100
Middle market direct lending		10		_		10
Other		1		122	 	 123
Total funds		640		122	 (278)	 484
Other				3		 3
Total equity method investments		640		542	(278)	904
Other		5		3		8
Other invested assets		645		545	(278)	912
Total investment portfolio and cash ⁽⁴⁾	\$	8,296	\$	937	\$ (240)	\$ 8,993
CIVs						
Assets of CIVs	\$	_	\$	—	\$ 359	\$ 359
Liabilities of CIVs		—		—	(18)	(18)
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests		—			(54)	 (54)
Total CIVs	\$		\$		\$ 287	\$ 287

1) Includes the Company's U.S., Bermuda, United Kingdom (U.K.) and French insurance subsidiaries and AG Asset Strategies LLC (separate company, excluding the effect of consolidating CIVs).

2) Includes the Company's holding companies: AGL, Assured Guaranty US Holdings Inc. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc.

3) Includes the Company's non insurance subsidiaries, non-U.S. holding companies and CIVs and related intercompany eliminations.

4) The alternative investments, excluding Sound Point, had an inception-to-date annualized internal rate of return (IRR) of 12.8%, the year-to-date return of 10.3% and the quarter-to-date return of 3.6%. Returns are calculated using return on investment method. The inception-to-date returns are calculated using cash basis IRR method and are annualized; the quarterly and year-to-date returns are not annualized.

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Investment Portfolio, Cash and CIVs GAAP (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

Investment Portfolio, Cash and CIVs as of December 31, 2023

	Insurance Related Subsidiaries ⁽¹⁾	Holding Companies ⁽²⁾	Other ⁽³⁾	AGL Consolidated
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$ 6,286	\$ 21	\$	\$ 6,307
Fixed-maturity securities, trading	318	_	_	318
Total fixed-maturity securities	6,604	21		6,625
Short-term investments	1,328	332	1	1,661
Cash	52	7	38	97
Total short-term investments and cash	1,380	339	39	1,758
Other invested assets				
Equity method investments:				
Sound Point	_	429	_	429
Funds:				
CLOs	302	_	(223)	79
Private healthcare investing	102	—		102
Asset-based/specialty finance	166	—	(82)	84
Middle market direct lending	5	—	_	5
Other	117	_	_	117
Total funds	692		(305)	387
Other	_	7	_	7
Total equity method investments	692	436	(305)	823
Other	3	3		6
Other invested assets	695	439	(305)	829
Total investment portfolio and cash ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 8,679	<u>\$ 799</u>	\$ (266)	\$ 9,212
CIVs				
Assets of CIVs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 366	\$ 366
Liabilities of CIVs	—	—	(4)	(4)
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests			(52)	(52)
Total CIVs	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 310	\$ 310

 Includes the Company's U.S., Bermuda, U.K. and French insurance subsidiaries and AG Asset Strategies LLC (separate company, excluding the effect of consolidating CIVs).

2) Includes the Company's holding companies: AGL, Assured Guaranty US Holdings Inc. and Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc.

3) Includes the Company's non insurance subsidiaries, non-U.S. holding companies and CIVs and related intercompany eliminations.

4) The alternative investments, excluding Sound Point, had an inception-to-date annualized IRR of 12.8%, the year-to-date return of 13.8% and the quarter-to-date return of 3.4%.

Income from Investment Portfolio and CIVs by Segment (1 of 2)

(dollars in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024										
		Insurance	Asse Manage	t		orporate		Other	Total		
Net investment income		Insurance	wianage	ment		orporate		Other		Total	
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	62	\$		\$	_	\$	(1)	\$	61	
Short-term investments		18		_		3		_		21	
Other		2		_		_		(2)		_	
Total net investment income	\$	82	\$	_	\$	3	\$	(3)	\$	82	
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	\$	9	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	9	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees											
Sound Point	\$		\$	4	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4	
Funds:											
CLOs		12		_		_		(8)		4	
Private healthcare investing		6		—		_		_		6	
Asset-based/specialty finance		7		—		_		(6)		1	
Middle market direct lending		(3)		_		_		_		(3)	
Other		6		_		_		_		6	
Total funds ⁽¹⁾		28		_		_		(14)		14	
Other		_				—		_		_	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$	28	\$	4	\$	_	\$	(14)	\$	18	
CIVs											
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	21	\$	21	
Noncontrolling interests				_		_		(5)		(5)	
Total CIVs	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	16	\$	16	
			Th	M		J. J. C 4		. 2022			
			Asse		itins En	ded Septem	Jer Su	J, 2025			
		Insurance	Manage		Co	orporate		Other		Total	
Net investment income											
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	80	\$	—	\$	—	\$	(1)	\$	79	
Short-term investments		19		—		2				21	
Other		2				-					
Total net investment income	¢		-					(2)			
	\$	101	\$		\$	2	\$	(2)	\$	100	
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	ֆ \$	101 4	\$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$	100 4	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point	•										
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds:	\$	4	\$		\$		\$	(3)	\$		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs	\$	4 7	\$		\$		\$		\$	4	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing	\$	4	\$		\$		\$	(3)	\$		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance	\$	4 7 12 	\$		\$		\$	(3)	\$	4 12 	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other	\$	4 12 6	\$		\$		\$	(3) (7) 	\$	4 12 6	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾	\$	4 7 12 	\$		\$		\$	(3)	\$	4 12 	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other	\$	4 12 6 25 	\$		\$		\$	(3) (7) (7) (7) (7)	\$	4 	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$	4 12 6	\$		\$		\$	(3) (7) 	\$	4 12 6	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees CIVs	\$ \$ \$	4 12 6 25 	\$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ 		\$ \$ <u>\$</u>	(3) (7) (7) (7) (7)	\$	4 12 6 18 18	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees CIVs Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs	\$	4 12 6 25 	\$		\$		\$	(3) (7) (7) (7) (7) (4)	\$	4 — — 12 — 6 — 18 — — — [18] [18] (4)	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees CIVs	\$ \$ \$	4 12 6 25 	\$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ 		\$ \$ <u>\$</u>	(3) (7) (7) (7) (7)	\$ \$ <u>\$</u>	4 12 6 18 18	

1) Relates to funds managed by Sound Point and AHP, and certain other managers, as well as, prior to July 1, 2023, AssuredIM. Investments in funds are reported on a one-quarter lag.

Income from Investment Portfolio and CIVs by Segment (2 of 2)

(dollars in millions)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024										
	Inc	surance	Asset		Corporate		Other		Total		
Net investment income		surance	Management		Corporate		Other		Total		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	183	\$	\$	_	\$	(2)	\$	181		
Short-term investments		56			10		_		66		
Other		7			_		(7)		_		
Total net investment income	\$	246	\$ —	\$	10	\$. ,	\$	247		
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	\$	52	\$ _	\$	—	\$	_	\$	52		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees											
Sound Point	\$	_	\$ 5	\$	_	\$		\$	5		
Funds:											
CLOs		38			_		(26)		12		
Private healthcare investing		8	_		_				8		
Asset-based/specialty finance		18	_		_		(12)		6		
Middle market direct lending		1	_		_		_		1		
Other		18	_		_		_		18		
Total funds ⁽¹⁾		83					(38)		45		
Other			(3)		_				(3)		
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$	83	\$ 2	\$		\$	(38)	\$	47		
CIVs				: —		_					
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs	\$		\$	\$		\$	54	\$	54		
Noncontrolling interests	φ	_	\$	Φ		φ	(12)	φ	(12)		
Total CIVs	¢		<u> </u>	\$		\$	42	\$	42		
	Φ		φ	ф —		φ	72	φ	72		
			Nine Mor	ths l	Ended Septemb	er 30	, 2023				
	Ins	urance	Asset Management		Corporate		Other		Total		
Net investment income	Ins	surance	Asset Management		Corporate		Other		Total		
Net investment income Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale			Management		Corporate						
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	Ins \$	217		\$		\$	Other (2)	\$	215		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments		217 47	Management	\$	Corporate 6 	\$	(2)	\$	215 53		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other	\$	217 47 9	Management \$		6 		(2) (7)		215 53 2		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income		217 47	Management	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	(2)		215 53		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	\$	217 47 9 273	Management \$	\$	6 	\$	(2) (7)	\$	215 53 2 270		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) (7)	\$ \$	215 53 2 270		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point	\$	217 47 9 273	Management \$	\$	6 	\$	(2) (7)	\$	215 53 2 270		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds:	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) 	\$ \$	215 53 2 270		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23)	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 23 21	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23) (9)	\$ \$	215 53 2 270		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23)	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 — 12		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3 13	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23) (9) (3) —	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 — 12 — 13		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23) (9)	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 — 12		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3 13	Management \$	\$ \$	6 	\$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23) (9) (3) —	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 — 12 — 13		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3 13 60 —	Management	\$ \$ \$	6 	\$ \$ \$	(2) — (7) (9) — (23) (9) (3) — (35) —	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 12 13 25 		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$ \$ \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3 13 60 —	Management	\$ \$ \$	6 	\$ \$ \$	(2) - (7) (9) - (23) (9) (3) - (35) (35) (35)	\$ \$	215 53 2 270 42 12 13 25 		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	\$ \$ \$ <u></u> \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3 13 60 —	Management \$	\$ \$ \$	6 	\$ \$ \$	(2) - (7) (9) - (9) (- (23) (9) (3) (- (35) (35) (35) (35) (35) (35) (35) (35)	\$ \$ \$	$ \begin{array}{r} 215 \\ 53 \\ 2 \\ 270 \\ 42 \\ \\ 12 \\ \\ 13 \\ 25 \\ \\ 25$		
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale Short-term investments Other Total net investment income Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities Equity in earnings (losses) of investees Sound Point Funds: CLOs Private healthcare investing Asset-based/specialty finance Other Total funds ⁽¹⁾ Other Equity in earnings (losses) of investees CIVs Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs	\$ \$ \$ <u></u> \$	217 47 9 273 42 — 23 21 3 13 60 —	Management \$	\$ \$ \$	6 	\$ \$ \$	(2)	\$ \$ \$	$ \begin{array}{r} 215 \\ 53 \\ 270 \\ 42 \\ \\ 12 \\ \\ 13 \\ 25 \\ \\ 25 \\ 60 \\ \end{array} $		

1) Relates to funds managed by Sound Point and AHP, and certain other managers, as well as, prior to July 1, 2023, AssuredIM. Investments in funds are generally reported on a one-quarter lag.

Insurance Segment

Insurance Segment Results (dollars in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2024	iber e	2023		2024		2023	
Segment revenues									
Net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues	\$	101	\$	99	\$	310	\$	271	
Net investment income		82		101		246		273	
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities		9		4		52		42	
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement and other income (loss)		12		4		14		36	
Total segment revenues		204		208		622		622	
Segment expenses									
Loss expense (benefit)		(53)		101		(49)		154	
Amortization of DAC		5		4		14		10	
Employee compensation and benefit expenses		40		37		128		112	
Other operating expenses		36		23		90		78	
Total segment expenses		28		165		183		354	
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		28		25		83		60	
Segment adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		204		68		522		328	
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		42		9		95		46	
Segment adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	162	\$	59	\$	427	\$	282	

Claims-Paying Resources (dollars in millions)

	As of September 30, 2024							
		AG		AG Re ⁽⁶⁾	Elin	ninations ⁽²⁾		Total
Claims-paying resources								
Policyholders' surplus	\$	3,644	\$	770	\$	61	\$	4,475
Contingency reserve		1,374		—				1,374
Qualified statutory capital		5,018		770		61		5,849
Unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income $^{(1)}$		2,438		593		(61)		2,970
Loss and LAE reserves ⁽¹⁾⁽⁷⁾		_		113		_		113
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		7,456		1,476		_		8,932
Present value of installment premium		764		258		_		1,022
CCS		400		_		_		400
Total claims-paying resources	\$	8,620	\$	1,734	\$		\$	10,354
Statutory net exposure ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	\$	197,590	\$	63,930	\$	(622)	\$	260,898
Net debt service outstanding ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	\$	319,135	\$	96,479	\$	(1,126)	\$	414,488
Ratios:								
Net exposure to qualified statutory capital		39:1		83:1				45:1
Capital ratio ⁽⁴⁾		64:1		125:1				71:1
Financial resources ratio ⁽⁵⁾		37:1		56:1				40:1
Statutory net exposure to claims-paying resources		23:1		37:1				25:1
Separate company statutory basis:								
Admitted assets	\$	7,304	\$	1,497				
Total liabilities		3,660		727				
Loss and LAE reserves (recoverable)		(49)		113				
Paid in capital stock		441		826				

1) The numbers shown for AG have been adjusted to include its share of its U.K. and French insurance subsidiaries.

 Eliminations consist of intercompany deferred ceding commissions. Net exposure and net debt service outstanding eliminations relate to second-to-pay policies under which an Assured Guaranty insurance subsidiary guarantees an obligation already insured by another Assured Guaranty insurance subsidiary.

3) Net exposure and net debt service outstanding are presented on a statutory basis. Includes \$3,503 million of specialty business.

4) The capital ratio is calculated by dividing net debt service outstanding by qualified statutory capital.

5) The financial resources ratio is calculated by dividing net debt service outstanding by total claims-paying resources.

6) Assured Guaranty Re Ltd. (AG Re) numbers represent the Company's estimate of AG Re on a U.S. statutory-basis, except for contingency reserves.

7) Loss and LAE reserves exclude adjustments to claims-paying resources for AG because the balance was in a net recoverable position of \$47 million.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of changes in the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding.

New Business Production (dollars in millions)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2024								Three Months Ended September 30, 2023										
		Public	Fina	nce	St	ructure	d Fi	nance				Public	Fina	nce	St	ructure	d Fi	nance		
		U.S.		lon - U.S.	1	U.S.		lon - U.S.	,	Fotal		U.S.		on - J .S.	1	U.S.		lon - U.S.]	Fotal
Total GWP	\$	35	\$	7	\$	4	\$	15	\$	61	\$	29	\$	(5)	\$	15	\$	1	\$	40
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		2		(1)		2		15		18		6		(5)		15		1		17
Upfront GWP	_	33		8		2		_		43		23		_		_		_		23
Plus: Installment premiums and other ⁽²⁾		1		2		3		14		20		7		2		12		2		23
Total PVP	\$	34	\$	10	\$	5	\$	14	\$	63	\$	30	\$	2	\$	12	\$	2	\$	46
Gross par written	\$	5,387	\$	665	\$	551	\$	834	\$	7,437	\$	5,098	\$	61	\$	267	\$	522	\$	5,948

		Nine Months Ended							Nine Months Ended											
				Sep	temb	er 30, 2	2024	4						Sep	tem	ber 30, 2	2023			
		Public	Fina	nce	Sti	ructure	d F	inance				Public	Fina	nce	S	tructure	d Fi	nance		
	1	U.S.		on - J.S.	τ	J .S.		Non - U.S.	T	otal	1	U.S.		on - U .S.		U.S.		lon - U.S.	т	otal
Total GWP	\$	182	\$	34	\$	19	\$	19	\$	254	\$	129	\$	40	\$	48	\$	4	\$	221
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽¹⁾		99		14		16		19		148		55		37		48		4		144
Upfront GWP		83		20		3	_			106		74		3	_	_		_		77
Plus: Installment premiums and other ⁽²⁾		110		24		21		20		175		55		35		42		40		172
Total PVP	\$	193	\$	44	\$	24	\$	20	\$	281	\$	129	\$	38	\$	42	\$	40	\$	249
Gross par written	\$1	5,339	\$ 2	2,237	\$ 1	1,245	\$	1,782	\$2	0,603	\$1	5,752	\$	670	\$	1,101	\$	2,762	\$2	0,285

(1) Includes the present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, GWP adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions and other GAAP adjustments.

(2) Includes the present value of future premiums and fees on new business paid in installments, discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturity securities such as Loss Mitigation Securities. Nine months 2023 also includes the present value of future premiums and fees associated with other guaranties written by the Company that, under GAAP, are accounted for under ASC 460, *Guarantees*.

Gross Par Written (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

	Three Months E	nded September 30,
	2024	2023
Sector:		
U.S. public finance:		
General obligation	\$ 1,916	\$ 1,445
Municipal utilities	1,183	1,180
Tax backed	1,104	1,105
Transportation	459	815
Healthcare	436	242
Housing revenue	158	217
Higher education	127	94
Other public finance	4	
Total U.S. public finance	5,387	5,098
Non-U.S. public finance:		
Infrastructure finance	380	
Regulated utilities	285	61
Total non-U.S. public finance	665	61
Total public finance	6,052	5,159
U.S. structured finance:		
Structured credit	275	—
Insurance securitizations	200	250
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	25	
Subscription finance facilities	21	17
Pooled corporate obligations	12	—
Other structured finance	18	
Total U.S. structured finance	551	267
Non-U.S. structured finance:		
Subscription finance facilities	162	34
Pooled corporate obligations	50	488
Other structured finance	622	
Total non-U.S. structured finance	834	522
Total structured finance	1,385	789
Total gross par written	\$ 7,437	\$ 5,948

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of sectors.

Gross Par Written (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

	Nine Months Er	nded September 30,
	2024	2023
Sector:		
U.S. public finance:		
General obligation	\$ 5,735	\$ 6,114
Transportation	3,704	1,039
Tax backed	2,560	1,670
Municipal utilities	2,012	3,895
Healthcare	774	706
Higher education	372	299
Housing revenue	158	217
Infrastructure finance	_	- 1,785
Other public finance	24	27
Total U.S. public finance	15,339	15,752
Non-U.S. public finance:		
Regulated utilities	1,803	417
Infrastructure finance	434	
Sovereign and sub-sovereign	_	253
Total non-U.S. public finance	2,237	670
Total public finance	17,576	16,422
U.S. structured finance:		
Insurance securitizations	450	750
Structured credit	285	275
Pooled corporate obligations	218	
Subscription finance facilities	213	76
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	25	
Other structured finance	54	
Total U.S. structured finance	1,245	1,101
Non-U.S. structured finance:		
Subscription finance facilities	802	856
Pooled corporate obligations	358	488
Other structured finance	622	1,418
Total non-U.S. structured finance	1,782	
Total structured finance	3,027	
Total gross par written	<u>\$ 20,603</u>	\$ 20,285

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of sectors.

New Business Production by Quarter

(dollars in millions)

									Nine		lon	ths
	1	IQ-23	 2Q-23	 3Q-23	 4Q-23	 1Q-24	 2Q-24	 3Q-24		2024		2023
PVP:												
Public finance - U.S.	\$	22	\$ 77	\$ 30	\$ 83	\$ 43	\$ 116	\$ 34	\$	193	\$	129
Public finance - non-U.S.		30	6	2	45	1	33	10		44		38
Structured finance - U.S.		27	3	12	26	15	4	5		24		42
Structured finance - non-U.S.		33	5	2	1	4	2	14		20		40
Total PVP ⁽¹⁾	\$	112	\$ 91	\$ 46	\$ 155	\$ 63	\$ 155	\$ 63	\$	281	\$	249
Reconciliation of GWP to PVP:												
Total GWP	\$	86	\$ 95	\$ 40	\$ 136	\$ 61	\$ 132	\$ 61	\$	254	\$	221
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments		69	58	17	103	28	102	18		148		144
Upfront GWP		17	37	23	33	33	30	43		106		77
Plus: Installment premiums and other ⁽²⁾		95	54	23	122	30	125	20		175		172
Total PVP	\$	112	\$ 91	\$ 46	\$ 155	\$ 63	\$ 155	\$ 63	\$	281	\$	249
Gross par written:												
Public finance - U.S.	\$	2,907	\$ 7,747	\$ 5,098	\$ 6,712	\$ 2,909	\$ 7,043	\$ 5,387	\$	15,339	\$	15,752
Public finance - non-U.S.		360	249	61	874		1,572	665		2,237		670
Structured finance - U.S.		582	252	267	785	480	214	551		1,245		1,101
Structured finance - non-U.S.		1,514	726	522	304	354	594	834		1,782		2,762
Total	\$	5,363	\$ 8,974	\$ 5,948	\$ 8,675	\$ 3,743	\$ 9,423	\$ 7,437	\$	20,603	\$	20,285

1) PVP and gross par written include the present value (PV) of future premiums and total exposure, respectively, associated with other guaranties written by the Company that, under GAAP, are accounted for under ASC 460, *Guarantees*.

2) Includes the present value of future premiums and fees on new business paid in installments, discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturity securities such as Loss Mitigation Securities. Nine months 2023 also includes the present value of future premiums and fees associated with other guaranties written by the Company that, under GAAP, are accounted for under ASC 460, Guarantees.

Estimated Net Exposure Amortization⁽¹⁾ and Estimated Future Financial Guaranty Net Premium and Credit Derivative Revenues

edit Derivative Rever

(dollars in millions)

						Finar	(2)					
	De	imated Net bt Service iortization	Estimated Ending Net Debt Service Outstanding		Expected PV Net Earned Premiums (i.e. Net Deferred Premium Revenue)			ccretion of Discount	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation on Expected PV Net Earned Premiums and Accretion of Discount			uture Credit Derivative Revenues ⁽³⁾
2024 (as of September 30)			\$	411,637								
2024 4Q	\$	4,981		406,656	\$	74	\$	8	\$	1	\$	3
2025		23,229		383,427		281		31		3		10
2026		22,087		361,340		263		29		3		9
2027		19,797		341,543		247		27		2		8
2028		19,742		321,801		234		25		2		7
2024-2028		89,836		321,801		1,099		120		11		37
2029-2033		97,836		223,965		951		105		11		29
2034-2038		75,327		148,638		628		77		9		23
2039-2043		54,987		93,651		400		51		_		14
After 2043		93,651	_		543			62				8
Total	\$	411,637			\$	3,621	\$	415	\$	31	\$	111

Reconciliation of Net Deferred Premium Revenue to Net Unearned Premium Reserve⁽⁴⁾

	(GAAP	Consoli Net U	f FG VIE dation on nearned m Reserve
Net deferred premium revenue:				
Financial guaranty	\$	3,621	\$	30
Specialty		6		_
Net deferred premium revenue		3,627		30
Contra-paid		(24)		(3)
Net unearned premium reserve	\$	3,603	\$	27

 Represents the future expected amortization of current debt service outstanding (principal and interest), assuming no advance refundings, as of September 30, 2024. Actual amortization differs from expected maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay guaranteed obligations, terminations and because of management's assumptions on structured finance amortization.

2) See also page 27, for "Net Expected Loss to be Expensed."

3) Represents expected future premiums on insured credit derivatives.

4) Unearned premium reserve represents deferred premium revenue less claim payments made (net of recoveries received) that have been recognized in the statement of operations (contra-paid).

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Roll Forward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (dollars in millions)

Roll Forward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

	Loss (Recov	Expected to be Paid vered) as of 20, 2024	Deve (Bene	onomic Loss elopment fit) During iQ-24	Recover	(Paid) red Losses g 3Q-24	Loss to (Recove	xpected be Paid ered) as of er 30, 2024
Public Finance:								
U.S. public finance	\$	374	\$	(23)	\$	(113)	\$	238
Non-U.S public finance		37		46		(2)		81
Public Finance		411		23		(115)		319
Structured Finance:								
U.S. RMBS		—		(56)		10		(46)
Other structured finance		36		(1)		(2)		33
Structured Finance		36		(57)		8		(13)
Total	\$	447	\$	(34)	\$	(107)	\$	306

Roll Forward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid⁽¹⁾ for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024

	Loss ((Recov	Expected to be Paid ered) as of per 31, 2023	Deve (Benef	nomic Loss lopment it) During 2024	Net (Paid) Recovered Losses During 2024	Net Expected Loss to be Paid (Recovered) as of September 30, 2024		
Public Finance:								
U.S. public finance	\$	398	\$	(14)	\$ (146)	\$	238	
Non-U.S public finance		20		63	(2)		81	
Public Finance	418			49	(148)		319	
Structured Finance:								
U.S. RMBS		43		(69)	(20)		(46)	
Other structured finance		44			(11)		33	
Structured Finance	87			(69)	(31)		(13)	
Total	\$ 505 \$			(20)	\$ (179)	\$	306	

 Includes net expected loss to be paid (recovered), economic loss development (benefit) and (paid) recovered losses for all contracts (i.e. those accounted for as insurance, credit derivatives and FG VIEs).

Loss Measures As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

			Thr	ee Month	s Ended Septe	mbe	er 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024								
	Ou f	otal Net Par tstanding for BIG ansactions	GAAP Loss and LAE ⁽¹⁾		Loss and LAE included in Adjusted Operating Income ⁽²⁾		Insurance Segment Loss and LAE ⁽³⁾	GAAP Loss and LAE ⁽¹⁾		incl Ad Op	oss and LAE uded in ljusted erating come ⁽²⁾	Insurance Segment Loss and LAE ⁽³⁾				
Public finance:		-														
U.S. public finance	\$	3,132	\$	(11)	\$ (11)) \$	(8)	\$	(12)	\$	(12)	\$	(4)			
Non-U.S public finance		6,607		_			—		—				_			
Public finance		9,739		(11)	(11))	(8)		(12)		(12)		(4)			
Structured finance:						_										
U.S. RMBS		831		(39)	(41))	(44)		(42)		(45)		(48)			
Other structured finance		80		(1)	(1))	(1)		—		3		3			
Structured finance		911		(40)	(42))	(45)		(42)		(42)		(45)			
Total	\$	10,650	\$	(51)	\$ (53)) \$	(53)	\$	(54)	\$	(54)	\$	(49)			

1) Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts.

2) Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts and credit derivatives.

3) Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts, credit derivatives, and consolidated FG VIEs.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Net Expected Loss to be Expensed ⁽¹⁾ As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

	 GAAP
2024 (as of September 30)	
2024 4Q	\$ 3
2025	12
2026	12
2027	17
2028	18
2024-2028	 62
2029-2033	90
2034-2038	48
2039-2043	13
After 2043	39
Total expected present value of net expected loss to be expensed ⁽²⁾	252
Future accretion	 (76)
Total expected future loss and LAE	\$ 176

1) The present value of net expected loss to be paid is discounted using risk free rates ranging from 3.52% to 4.96% for U.S. dollar denominated obligations.

2) Excludes \$24 million related to FG VIEs, which are eliminated in consolidation.

Financial Guaranty Profile (1 of 3)

(dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by Asset Type

	As of September 30, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
U.S. public finance:		
General obligation	\$ 76,349	\$ 74,609
Tax backed	33,297	33,060
Municipal utilities	28,996	29,300
Transportation	25,312	22,052
Healthcare	13,081	12,604
Infrastructure finance	8,687	8,796
Higher education	7,405	7,250
Housing revenue	1,278	1,152
Investor-owned utilities	325	329
Renewable energy	167	167
Other public finance	940	970
Total U.S. public finance	195,837	190,289
Non-U.S public finance:		
Regulated utilities	23,474	20,545
Infrastructure finance	15,800	15,430
Sovereign and sub-sovereign	9,889	9,869
Renewable energy	1,739	2,030
Pooled infrastructure	1,181	1,133
Total non-U.S. public finance	52,083	49,007
Total public finance	247,920	239,296
U.S. structured finance:		
Insurance securitizations	4,665	4,379
RMBS	1,546	1,774
Pooled corporate obligations	689	631
Financial products	478	464
Subscription finance facilities	241	178
Consumer receivables	233	314
Other structured finance	865	892
Total U.S. structured finance	8,717	8,632
Non-U.S. structured finance:	- ,	- ,
Subscription finance facilities	767	444
Pooled corporate obligations	452	425
RMBS	243	252
Other structured finance	97	104
Total non-U.S. structured finance	1,559	1,225
Total structured finance	10,276	9,857
Total net par outstanding	<u>\$ 258,196</u>	\$ 249,153

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and various sectors.

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Financial Guaranty Profile (2 of 3) As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

Distribution by Ratings of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	Public Fin U.S.		Public Finance - Non-U.S.			Structured Finance - U.S.				Structured F Non-U		Total		
Ratings:			-	Net Par Outstanding %		0	Net Par Dutstanding	%	c	Net Par Dutstanding	%		Net Par utstanding	%
AAA	\$ 26	— %	\$	2,143	4.1 %	\$	657	7.5 %	\$	460	29.5 %	\$	3,286	1.3 %
AA	17,823	9.1		3,010	5.8		5,602	64.3		110	7.1		26,545	10.3
А	107,205	54.7		13,961	26.8		945	10.8		900	57.7		123,011	47.6
BBB	67,651	34.6		26,362	50.6		602	6.9		89	5.7		94,704	36.7
BIG	3,132	1.6		6,607	12.7		911	10.5		_	_		10,650	4.1
Net Par Outstanding ⁽¹⁾	\$ 195,837	100.0 %	\$	52,083	100.0 %	\$	8,717	100.0 %	\$	1,559	100.0 %	\$	258,196	100.0 %

1) As of September 30, 2024, the Company excluded \$1.2 billion of net par outstanding attributable to Loss Mitigation Securities.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and the Company's internal rating approach, and of the various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (3 of 3) As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

Geographic Distribution of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

		Net Par Outstanding		
U.S.:				
U.S. public finance:				
California	\$ 36	,060	14.0 %	
Texas	24	,602	9.5	
New York	18	,495	7.2	
Pennsylvania	17	,173	6.6	
Illinois	12	,958	5.0	
Florida	11	,003	4.2	
New Jersey	8	,945	3.4	
Michigan	4	,845	1.9	
Louisiana	4	,800	1.9	
Colorado	3	,584	1.4	
Other	53	,372	20.7	
Total U.S. public finance	195	,837	75.8	
U.S. structured finance (multiple states)	8	,717	3.4	
Total U.S.	204	,554	79.2	
Non-U.S.:				
United Kingdom	43	,189	16.7	
Spain	1	,665	0.7	
France	1	,579	0.6	
Canada	1	,361	0.5	
Australia	1	,326	0.5	
Other	4	,522	1.8	
Total non-U.S.		,642	20.8	
Total net par outstanding	<u>\$ 258</u>	3,196	100.0 %	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Specialty Business (dollars in millions)

		As of Septe	mber 30,	2024	As of December 31, 2023					
	Gross Exposure ⁽²⁾			xposure ⁽²⁾	Gross I	Exposure ⁽²⁾	Net Exposure ⁽²⁾			
Insurance securitizations ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,454	\$	1,124	\$	1,370	\$	1,043		
Diversified real estate		1,509		1,509		1,569		1,569		
Pooled corporate obligations		694		694		488		488		
Aircraft residual value insurance		308		176		355		200		

1) Insurance securitizations exposure is projected to reach \$1.6 billion gross and \$1.3 billion net in 2026.

2) All exposures are rated investment-grade, except gross exposure of \$144 million and net exposure of \$84 million of aircraft residual value insurance as of both September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Expected Amortization of Net Par Outstanding

(dollars in millions)

	Public Finance				Structured Finance												
	I	stimated Net Par ortization	E	Estimated nding Net Par utstanding	U.S. and Non-U.S. Pooled Corporate		U.S. RMBS		Financial Products		Other Structured Finance		Total		En	stimated ding Net Par tstanding	
2024 (as of September 30)			\$	247,920											\$	10,276	
2024 4Q	\$	1,987		245,933	\$	7	\$	57	\$	(7)	\$	107	\$	164		10,112	
2025		11,493		234,440		114		196		32		530		872		9,240	
2026		10,838		223,602		246		180		39		571		1,036		8,204	
2027		9,154		214,448		397		146		(9)		375		909		7,295	
2028		9,449		204,999		233		151		54		567		1,005		6,290	
2024-2028		42,921		204,999		997		730		109		2,150		3,986		6,290	
2029-2033		54,674		150,325		106		429		284		3,077		3,896		2,394	
2034-2038		46,439		103,886		38		380		69		544		1,031		1,363	
2039-2043		35,257		68,629		_		_		16		765		781		582	
After 2043		68,629		_		_		7		_		575		582		_	
Total	\$	247,920			\$	1,141	\$	1,546	\$	478	\$	7,111	\$	10,276			

Net par outstanding (end of period)

	 1Q-23		2Q-23		3Q-23		4Q-23		1Q-24		2Q-24		3Q-24	
Public finance - U.S.	\$ 180,837	\$	186,323	\$	185,973	\$	190,289	\$	189,895	\$	194,593	\$	195,837	
Public finance - non-U.S.	45,909		47,658		45,748		49,007		48,237		49,583		52,083	
Structured finance - U.S.	8,660		8,827		8,975		8,632		8,643		8,759		8,717	
Structured finance - non-U.S.	 977		1,205		1,137		1,225		1,369		1,461		1,559	
Net par outstanding	\$ 236,383	\$	244,013	\$	241,833	\$	249,153	\$	248,144	\$	254,396	\$	258,196	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Puerto Rico Profile (1 of 2) As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

Exposure to Puerto Rico

	Par Outstanding					Debt Service Outstanding					
-	Gross			Net		Gross		Net			
Total	\$	865	\$	851	\$	1,136	\$	1,119			
Exposure to Puerto Rico by Company											
		Net Par Outstanding									
		AG		AG Re		Total Net Par Outstanding	Gross Par Outstanding				
Defaulted Puerto Rico Exposures											
PREPA	\$	3	377	\$ 15	4 \$	531	\$	539			
Total Defaulted		3	377	15	4	531		539			
Resolved Puerto Rico Exposures ⁽¹⁾											
Puerto Rico Highways and Transportation Authority (PRHTA) (Transportation revenue)		1	30	7	4	204		204			
PRHTA (Highway revenue)			23		1	24		24			
Total Resolved		1	53	7	5	228		228			

Non-Defaulting Puerto Rico Exposures⁽²⁾ Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency (MFA)

University of Puerto Rico (U of PR)

Total Non-Defaulting Total exposure to Puerto Rico

1) In 2022, the Company resolved its exposure to insured Puerto Rico credits experiencing payment default other than PREPA (2022 Puerto Rico Resolutions). In connection with the resolution of PRHTA exposures, the Company received cash, new general obligation bonds (New GO Bonds), new bonds backed by toll revenues (Toll Bonds, and together with New GO Bonds, New Recovery Bonds) and CVIs. All of the Toll Bonds have been sold or redeemed; therefore, the remaining amounts owed for the insured PRHTA bonds are payable in full by the Company's insurance subsidiaries under their financial guaranty policies and are no longer dependent on the credit of the PRHTA.

S

76

1

77

607 \$

91

1

92

851 \$

15

15

244 \$

97

1

98

865

2) All debt service on these insured exposures have been paid to date without any insurance claim being made on the Company.

Puerto Rico Profile (2 of 2) As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

Amortization Schedule of Net Par Outstanding of Puerto Rico

	2024 (4Q)	2025 (1Q)	2025 (2Q)	2025 (3Q)	2025 (4Q)	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034 - 2038	2039 - 2041	Total
Defaulted Puerto Rico Exposures																
PREPA	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 68	\$ —	\$ 105	\$ 105	\$ 68	\$ 39	\$ 44	\$ 75	\$ 14	\$ 4	\$9	\$ - \$	531
Total Defaulted	_	_	_	68	_	105	105	68	39	44	75	14	4	9	_	531
Resolved Puerto Rico Exposures																
PRHTA (Transportation revenue)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	107	97	204
PRHTA (Highway revenue)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	3	16	_	24
Total Resolved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5	3	123	97	228
Non-Defaulting Puerto Rico Exposures																
MFA			_	16	_	35	15	13	7	5	_				_	91
U of PR	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	1
Total Non-Defaulting		_	_	16	_	35	15	13	7	5	_	_	1	_	_	92
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 84	\$ —	\$ 140	\$ 120	\$ 81	\$ 46	\$ 49	\$ 75	\$ 19	\$8	\$ 132	\$ 97 \$	851

Amortization Schedule of Net Debt Service Outstanding of Puerto Rico

)24 Q)	025 IQ)	25 Q))25 Q)	20 (4		2026	2027	2	028	2	029	20	030	20	031	2	032	2	033		34 - 38	39 - 041	Т	otal
Defaulted Puerto Rico Exposures																										
PREPA	\$ 3	\$ 10	\$ 2	\$	78	\$	2	\$ 126	\$ 122	\$	80	\$	47	\$	52	\$	81	\$	15	\$	5	\$	9	\$ —	\$	632
Total Defaulted	 3	10	2		78		2	126	122		80		47		52		81		15		5		9	_		632
Resolved Puerto Rico Exposures																										
PRHTA (Transportation revenue)	_	5	_		6		_	11	11		11		11		11		10		11		10	1	43	106		346
PRHTA (Highway revenue)	 —	1	—		—		—	1	1		1		2		1		1		6		5		18	—		37
Total Resolved	 _	6	_		6		_	12	12		12		13		12		11		17		15	1	61	106		383
Non-Defaulting Puerto Rico Exposures																										
MFA	_	2	_		18			39	17		14		7		6		_		_		_		_	_		103
U of PR	_	_	_		_			_	_		_		_		_		_		_		1		_	_		1
Total Non-Defaulting	 —	2	—		18		—	39	17		14		7		6		_		_		1		—	_		104
Total	\$ 3	\$ 18	\$ 2	\$:	102	\$	2	\$ 177	\$ 151	\$	106	\$	67	\$	70	\$	92	\$	32	\$	21	\$ 1	70	\$ 106	\$ 1	,119

Assured Guaranty Ltd. Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations Profile As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Ratings

	Net Par	Outstanding	% of Total	Average Initial Credit Enhancement	Average Current Credit Enhancement
Ratings:					
AAA	\$	667	58.4 %	41.0 %	48.0 %
AA		125	11.0	37.0	36.9
А		196	17.2	60.1	46.2
BBB		153	13.4	35.5	36.6
Total exposures	\$	1,141	100.0 %	43.1 %	45.0 %

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Asset Class

	Net Par itstanding	% of Total	Average Initial Credit Enhancement	Average Current Credit Enhancement	Number of Transactions
Asset class:					
Trust preferred					
Banks and insurance	\$ 202	17.7 %	42.4 %	66.9 %	7
U.S. mortgage and real estate investment trusts	53	4.6	48.4	65.1	3
CLOs	886	77.7	42.9	38.7	10
Total exposures	\$ 1,141	100.0 %	43.1 %	45.0 %	20

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of internal ratings, performance indicators and sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (1 of 3)

(dollars in millions)

BIG Exposures by Asset Exposure Type

		As of
	September 30,	December 31,
U.S. auklis frances	2024	2023
U.S. public finance:	ф.	1.070
Healthcare	\$ 1,200	,
Municipal utilities	813	
Tax backed	340	
General obligation	300	
Transportation	100	
Higher education	90	
Housing revenue	67	
Investor-owned utilities	47	
Infrastructure finance	44	5 45
Other public finance	112	
Total U.S. public finance	3,132	3,271
Non-U.S. public finance:		
Regulated utilities	4,792	!
Renewable energy	955	5 271
Infrastructure finance	820	815
Sovereign and sub-sovereign	40) 45
Total non-U.S. public finance	6,607	1,131
Total public finance	9,739	4,402
U.S. structured finance:		
RMBS	83	941
Insurance securitizations	40) 40
Consumer receivables	40) 52
Other structured finance	_	- 2
Total U.S. structured finance	911	1,035
Non-U.S. structured finance:		
Total non-U.S. structured finance	_	
Total structured finance	911	1,035
Total BIG net par outstanding	\$ 10,650	\$ 5,437

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (2 of 3)

(dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by BIG Surveillance Category⁽¹⁾

		As of
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
BIG Category 1		
U.S. public finance	\$ 1,34	1,257
Non-U.S. public finance	6,05	52 1,131
U.S. structured finance	ç	22
Non-U.S. structured finance	-	
Total BIG Category 1	7,48	35 2,410
BIG Category 2		
U.S. public finance	94	926
Non-U.S. public finance	55	
U.S. structured finance	5	63
Non-U.S. structured finance	-	
Total BIG Category 2	1,55	50 989
BIG Category 3		
U.S. public finance	84	1,088
Non-U.S. public finance	-	
U.S. structured finance	76	⁵⁹ 950
Non-U.S. structured finance	-	
Total BIG Category 3	1,61	2,038
BIG Total	\$ 10,65	

1) The Company assigns each BIG exposure to one of the three BIG surveillance categories below, which generally represent the following: BIG 1: Below-investment-grade exposures for which there are possible losses, on a present value basis, and the aggregate probability weighting of scenarios with losses is less than 50%. BIG 2: Below-investment-grade exposures for which there are possible losses, on a present value basis, and the aggregate probability weighting of scenarios with losses is at least 50%, but for which no claims (other than claims that the Company expects to be reimbursed within one year) have yet been paid. BIG 3: Below-investment-grade exposures for which losses are expected, on a present value basis, and the aggregate probability weighting of scenarios with losses is at least 50%, and for which claims have been paid that the Company does not expect to be reimbursed within one year.

For purposes of classifying BIG exposures into one of the three BIG categories, the Company calculates the present value of projected claim payments and recoveries using the pre-tax book yield of the relevant insurance subsidiary's investment portfolio as the applicable discount rate.

For financial statement measurement purposes, the Company uses risk-free rates (as determined each quarter) for discounting, rather than pre-tax book yield of the investment portfolio, to calculate the expected losses to be paid. Expected losses to be paid (recovered) are based on probability weighted scenarios and serve as the basis for the loss reserves reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (3 of 3)

As of September 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

Public Finance and Structured Finance BIG Exposures with Revenue Sources Greater Than \$50 Million

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Net Par tstanding	Internal Rating ⁽¹⁾	60+ Day Delinquencies
Name or description			
U.S. public finance:			
ProMedica Healthcare Obligated Group, Ohio	\$ 820	BB	
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority	531	CCC	
Palomar Health	375	BB+	
Puerto Rico Highways & Transportation Authority	228	CCC	
Jackson Water & Sewer System, Mississippi	151 91	BB CCC	
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency New Jersey City University	91 87	BB	
Stockton City, California	87	B	
Harrisburg Parking System, Pennsylvania	80	B	
San Jacinto River Authority (GRP Project), Texas	59	B BB+	
		CCC	
Indiana University of Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania Total U.S. public finance	 53 2,561		
Total U.S. public inflance	2,501		
Non-U.S. public finance:			
Southern Water Services Limited	2,544	BB	
Thames Water Utilities Finance Plc	2,248	В	
Coventry & Rugby Hospital Company (Walsgrave Hospital) Plc	555	B+	
Q Energy - Phase II - Pride Investments, S.A.	291	BB+	
Hypersol Solar Inversiones, S.A.U.	284	BB+	
Q Energy - Phase III - FSL Issuer, S.A.U.	264	\mathbf{B}^+	
Dartford & Gravesham NHS Trust The Hospital Company (Dartford) Plc	123	BB+	
Q Energy - Phase IV - Anselma Issuer, S.A.	117	BB+	
Road Management Services PLC (A13 Highway)	104	B+	
Total non-U.S. public finance	6,530		
Total public finance	 9,091		
U.S. structured finance:			
RMBS:			
Option One 2007-FXD2	99	В	15.9%
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust 2007-HL1	96	CCC	21.4%
Argent Securities Inc. 2005-W4	93	CCC	9.0%
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	 54	CCC	16.0%
Total RMBS-U.S. structured finance	342		
Total non-U.S. structured finance	 		
Total structured finance	342		
Total	\$ 9,433		

1) Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of performance indicators and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (1 of 3)

As of September 30, 2024

(dollars in millions)

50 Largest U.S. Public Finance Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:		let Par tstanding	Internal Rating ⁽¹⁾
New Jersey (State of)	\$	2,387	BBB
Pennsylvania (Commonwealth of)		2,148	BBB+
Metro Washington Airports Authority (Dulles Toll Road)		1,653	BBB+
Lower Colorado River Authority		1,642	А
JFK New Terminal One, New York		1,600	BBB-
Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority, California		1,360	BBB
New York Power Authority		1,352	AA-
New York Metropolitan Transportation Authority		1,344	A-
North Texas Tollway Authority		1,339	A+
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agency, California		1,265	BBB+
South Carolina Public Service Authority - Santee Cooper		1,157	BBB
Brightline Trains Florida LLC		1,133	BBB-
Central Florida Expressway Authority, Florida		1,054	A+
North Carolina Turnpike Authority		1,044	BBB
CommonSpirit Health, Illinois		1,000	A-
San Joaquin Hills Transportation, California		985	BBB
Yankee Stadium LLC New York City Industrial Development Authority		985	BBB
		920 899	BBB+
Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia Illinois (State of)			
		882	BBB
San Diego Family Housing, LLC		880	AA
Philadelphia School District, Pennsylvania		869	A-
Chicago Water, Illinois		864	BBB+
Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority, Illinois		841	BBB-
Montefiore Medical Center, New York		835	BBB-
ProMedica Healthcare Obligated Group, Ohio		820	BB
Dade County Seaport, Florida		795	A-
Pittsburgh Water & Sewer, Pennsylvania		787	A-
Houston Airport System, Texas		767	А
Chicago Public Schools, Illinois		748	BBB-
California (State of)		746	AA-
Maine (State of)		712	А
Nassau County, New York		686	AA-
Tucson (City of), Arizona		679	A+
Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission		663	A-
Wisconsin (State of)		659	А
Massachusetts (Commonwealth of) Water Resources		656	AA
Clark County School District, Nevada		642	A-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport, Illinois		641	A-
Philadelphia (City of), Pennsylvania		640	A-
Anaheim (City of), California		639	A-
New York Transportation Development Corporation (LaGuardia Airport Terminal Redevelopment Project)		637	BBB-
New York (City of), New York		635	AA-
Pittsburgh International Airport, Pennsylvania		617	A-
Chicago (City of) Wastewater Transmission, Illinois		603	BBB+
Private Transaction		592	BBB-
Mets Queens Ballpark		592 590	BBB- BBB
Harris County - Houston Sports Authority, Texas		590 559	BBB
Palomar Health		559	BBB-
Philadelphia Water & Wastewater, Pennsylvania		554	A DDD-
Los Angeles International Airport (Customer Facility Charge), California	¢	546	А
Total top 50 U.S. public finance exposures	3	46,631	

1) Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (2 of 3) As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

25 Largest U.S. Structured Finance Exposures

Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating ⁽¹⁾
Private US Insurance Securitization	\$ 1,100	AA
Private US Insurance Securitization	1,100	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	940	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	457	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	410	AA-
Private US Insurance Securitization	395	AA-
SLM Student Loan Trust 2007-A	132	AA
Private Middle Market CLO	129	AAA
Private Middle Market CLO	125	BBB
Private US Insurance Securitization	121	AA
Private Middle Market CLO	120	А
CWABS 2007-4	101	BBB
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	100	А
Option One 2007-FXD2	99	В
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust 2007-HL1	96	CCC
Argent Securities Inc. 2005-W4	93	CCC
Private Subscription Finance Transaction	84	A-
Private US Insurance Securitization	84	А
DB Master Finance LLC	67	BBB
CAPCO - Excess SIPC Excess of Loss Reinsurance	63	BBB
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	59	BBB
Private Subscription Finance Transaction	55	А
Private Other Structured Finance Transaction	54	A-
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	54	CCC
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	50	А
Total top 25 U.S. structured finance exposures	\$ 6,088	

1) Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (3 of 3) As of September 30, 2024 (dollars in millions)

50 Largest Non-U.S. Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:	Country	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating	
Southern Water Services Limited	United Kingdom	\$ 2,544	BB	
Thames Water Utilities Finance Plc	United Kingdom	2,248	В	
Southern Gas Networks PLC	United Kingdom	2,193	BBB+	
Dwr Cymru Financing Limited	United Kingdom	1,943	A-	
Anglian Water Services Financing PLC	United Kingdom	1,842	A-	
National Grid Gas PLC	United Kingdom	1,739	A-	
Yorkshire Water Services Finance Plc	United Kingdom	1,323	BBB	
Channel Link Enterprises Finance PLC	France, United Kingdom	1,302	BBB	
Quebec Province	Canada	1,114	AA-	
British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC)	United Kingdom	1,042	A+	
Severn Trent Water Utilities Finance Plc	United Kingdom	1,041	BBB+	
Capital Hospitals (Issuer) PLC	United Kingdom	1,028	BBB-	
Verbund, Lease and Sublease of Hydro-Electric Equipment	Austria	950	AAA	
United Utilities Water PLC	United Kingdom	943	A-	
Heathrow Funding Limited	United Kingdom	931	BBB	
Wessex Water Services Finance Plc	United Kingdom	806	BBB+	
National Grid Company PLC	United Kingdom	778	BBB+	
Aspire Defence Finance plc	United Kingdom	750	BBB+	
Verdun Participations 2 S.A.S.	France	730	BBB-	
South West Water UK		666	BBB+	
	United Kingdom			
South East Water	United Kingdom	624	BBB	
Private International Sub-Sovereign Transaction	United Kingdom	581	A+	
Campania Region - Healthcare receivable	Italy	564	BBB-	
Coventry & Rugby Hospital Company (Walsgrave Hospital) Plc	United Kingdom	555	B+	
University of Sussex	United Kingdom	533	BBB	
NewHospitals (St Helens & Knowsley) Finance PLC	United Kingdom	532	BBB+	
North Staffordshire PFI, 32-year EIB Index-Linked Facility	United Kingdom	510	BBB-	
Central Nottinghamshire Hospitals PLC	United Kingdom	507	BBB-	
Derby Healthcare PLC	United Kingdom	486	BBB	
Sydney Airport Finance Company	Australia	484	BBB+	
The Hospital Company (QAH Portsmouth) Limited	United Kingdom	469	BBB	
Envestra Limited	Australia	439	A-	
Sutton and East Surrey Water plc	United Kingdom	417	BBB	
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	394	AAA	
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	394	AAA	
International Infrastructure Pool	United Kingdom	394	AAA	
University of Essex, United Kingdom	United Kingdom	391	BBB+	
South Lanarkshire Schools	United Kingdom	373	BBB	
Western Power Distribution (South West) PLC	United Kingdom	360	BBB+	
Northumbrian Water PLC	United Kingdom	340	BBB+	
Private International Sub-Sovereign Transaction	United Kingdom	332	А	
Catalyst Healthcare (Romford) Financing PLC	United Kingdom	332	BBB	
Comision Federal De Electricidad (CFE) El Cajon Project	Mexico	313	BBB-	
Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency	Japan	307	A+	
Western Power Distribution (South Wales) PLC	United Kingdom	301	BBB+	
Portsmouth Water, United Kingdom	United Kingdom	301	BBB	
Bakethin Finance Plc	United Kingdom	299	A-	
South Staffordshire Water PLC	United Kingdom	294	A-	
Q Energy - Phase II - Pride Investments, S.A.	Spain	291	BB+	
Private International Sub-Sovereign Transaction	United Kingdom	288	А	
Total top 50 non-U.S. exposures	č	\$ 38,310		

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Asset Management Segment

Asset Management Segment Results (dollars in millions)

		Three Mo	nths E	nded	Nine Mon	ths En	ded
		Septen	iber 30	0,	 Septen	nber 30),
	2	2024		2023	 2024		2023
Segment revenues	\$	2	\$	_	\$ 10	\$	71
Segment expenses		2		_	6		75
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		4		_	2		_
Segment adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		4		_	 6		(4)
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		_		_	1		(1)
Segment adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	4	\$	_	\$ 5	\$	(3)

Corporate Division

Corporate Division Results (dollars in millions)

		Three Mor Septem		Nine Mon Septem	
	20	024	 2023	 2024	 2023
Revenues					
Gain on sale of asset management subsidiaries	\$	_	\$ 255	\$ 	\$ 255
Other		4	4	13	8
Total revenues		4	 259	 13	 263
Expenses					
Interest expense		24	26	75	73
Employee compensation and benefit expenses		7	10	25	28
Other operating expenses		6	21	28	64
Total expenses		37	57	128	165
Adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		(33)	202	(115)	98
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(4)	47	(14)	37
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	(29)	\$ 155	\$ (101)	\$ 61

Other

Other Results (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024										
	FG	VIEs		CIVs	Intersegment Eliminations and Reclassifications	Total Other					
Revenues											
Net earned premiums	\$	(1)	\$	—	\$	\$ (1)					
Net investment income		(1)		—	(2)	(3)					
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		(7)		—	—	(7)					
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs				21	—	21					
Other income (loss)		(1)		(1)	—	(2)					
Total revenues		(10)		20	(2)	8					
Expenses											
Interest expense		_		_	(2)	(2)					
Total expenses		_		_	(2)	(2)					
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		_		(14)	—	(14)					
Adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		(10)		6		(4)					
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(2)		—	—	(2)					
Less: Noncontrolling interests		_		5		5					
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	(8)	\$	1	\$	\$ (7)					

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023										
	FG VIEs		CIVs	Intersegment Eliminations and Reclassifications	Total Other						
Revenues											
Net earned premiums	\$	(1)	\$	\$	\$ (1)						
Net investment income		(1)	—	(2)	(3)						
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		6	_	_	6						
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs		_	(4)	_	(4)						
Other income (loss)		(2)	_	_	(2)						
Total revenues		2	(4)	(2)	(4)						
Expenses											
Loss expense (benefit)		(1)	_	_	(1)						
Interest expense		_	_	(2)	(2)						
Total expenses		(1)		(2)	(3)						
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		_	(7)	_	(7)						
Adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		3	(11)	_	(8)						
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		1	(3)	_	(2)						
Less: Noncontrolling interests		_	2	_	2						
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	2	\$ (10)	\$	\$ (8)						

Other Results (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024											
	FG	VIEs	_	CIVs	Intersegment Eliminations and Reclassifications	Total Other						
				(in mi	llions)							
Revenues												
Net earned premiums	\$	(2)	\$		\$	\$ (2)						
Net investment income		(2)			(7)	(9)						
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		(11)			_	(11)						
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs		_		54	_	54						
Other income (loss)		(2)		(2)	_	(4)						
Total revenues		(17)		52	(7)	28						
Expenses												
Loss expense (benefit)		(5)		_	_	(5)						
Interest expense		_		_	(7)	(7)						
Total expenses		(5)		_	(7)	(12)						
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		_		(38)	_	(38)						
Adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		(12)		14		2						
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(2)		_	_	(2)						
Less: Noncontrolling interests		_		12	_	12						
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	(10)	\$	2	\$	\$ (8)						

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023										
	F	G VIEs	CIVs		Intersegmen Eliminations a Reclassificatio	ind	Total Other				
			(1	n mi	illions)						
Revenues											
Net earned premiums	\$	(3)	\$		\$		\$ ((3)			
Net investment income		(2)				(7)	((9)			
Asset management fees		—	(25)		14	(1	11)			
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		(2)					((2)			
Fair value gains (losses) on CIVs		_		60			6	50			
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement		_		(1)			((1)			
Other income (loss)		(3)		(3)			((6)			
Total revenues		(10)		31		7	2	28			
Expenses											
Loss expense (benefit)		6						6			
Interest expense		_				(7)	((7)			
Other operating expenses		_		(1)		14	1	13			
Total expenses		6		(1)		7	1	12			
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees		_	(35)			(3	35)			
Adjusted operating income (loss) before income taxes		(16)		(3)		_	(1	19)			
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(3)		(5)			((8)			
Less: Noncontrolling interests				19		_	1	19			
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	(13)	\$ (17)	\$		\$ (3	30)			

Summary

Summary of Financial and Statistical Data

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

		f and for the				Year Ended				
		Months Ended mber 30, 2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
GAAP Summary Statements of Operations Data										
Net earned premiums	\$	300	\$	344	\$	494	\$	414	\$	485
Net investment income		247		365		269		269		297
Total expenses		305		733		536		465		729
Income (loss) before income taxes		458		640 720		187		383		386
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL		358		739		124		389		362
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL per diluted share		6.44		12.30		1.92		5.23		4.19
GAAP Summary Balance Sheet Data										
Total investments and cash	\$	8,993	\$	9,212	\$	8,472	\$	9,728	\$	10,000
Total assets		12,291		12,539		16,843		18,208		15,334
Unearned premium reserve		3,631		3,658		3,620		3,716		3,735
Loss and LAE reserve		253		376		296		869		1,088
Long-term debt		1,698		1,694		1,675		1,673		1,224
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL		5,728		5,713		5,064		6,292		6,643
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL per share		111.09		101.63		85.80		93.19		85.66
Other Financial Information (GAAP Basis)										
Financial guaranty:	~									
Net debt service outstanding (end of period)	\$	411,637	\$	397,636	\$	369,951	\$	367,360	\$	366,233
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period)		412,138		398,037		370,172		367,770		366,692
Net par outstanding (end of period)		258,196		249,153		233,258		236,392		234,153
Gross par outstanding (end of period)		258,677		249,535		233,438		236,765		234,571
Other Financial Information (Statutory Basis) ⁽¹⁾										
Financial guaranty:										
Net debt service outstanding (end of period)	\$	410,985	\$	396,448	\$	366,883	\$	362,013	\$	360,392
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period)		411,486		396,849		367,103		362,423		360,852
Net par outstanding (end of period)		257,394		247,833		230,294		231,742		229,008
Gross par outstanding (end of period)		257,876		248,215		230,474		232,115		229,426
Claims-paying resources ⁽²⁾										
Policyholders' surplus	\$	4,475	\$	4,807	\$	5,155	\$	5,572	\$	5,077
Contingency reserve	φ	1,374	φ	1,296	φ	1,202	φ	1,225	φ	1,557
Qualified statutory capital		5,849		6,103		6,357		6,797		6,634
		3,049		0,105		0,337		0,797		0,034
Unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income		2,970		2,955		2,941		2,972		2,983
Loss and LAE reserves		113		145		165		167		2,903
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		8,932		9,203		9,463		9,936		9,819
Present value of installment premium		1,022		1,062		955		883		858
CCS and standby line of credit		400		400		400		400		400
Total claims-paying resources	\$	10,354	\$	10,665	\$	10,818	\$	11,219	\$	11,077
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			-			
Ratios: Net exposure to qualified statutory capital		45 :1		41 :1		36 :1		34 :1		35 :1
Capital ratio		45 .1 71 :1		66 :1		58 :1		53 :1		54 :1
Financial resources ratio		40 :1		37 :1		34 :1		32 :1		33 :1
Adjusted statutory net exposure to claims-paying resources		25 :1		24 :1		21 :1		21 :1		21 :1
Par and Debt Service Written (Financial Guaranty and Specialty)										
Gross debt service written:										
Public finance - U.S.	\$	28,460	\$	41,902	\$	36,954	\$	35,572	\$	33,596
Public finance - non-U.S.	-	2,442	~	3,286	~	756	Ŧ	1,890	*	1,860
Structured finance - U.S.		1,261		2,130		1,120		1,319		508
Structured finance - non-U.S.		1,932		3,084		551		431		254
Total gross debt service written	\$	34,095	\$	50,402	\$	39,381	\$	39,212	\$	36,218
0	-		_	· · · ·			_			
Net debt service written Net par written	\$	33,961 20,469	\$	50,402 28,960	\$	39,381 22,047	\$	39,212 26,656	\$	35,965 23,012
Gross par written		20,469 20,603		28,960		22,047 22,047		26,656		23,012
Oross par written		20,005		20,900		22,047		20,000		23,203

 Statutory amounts prepared on a consolidated basis. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual Statements for U.S. Domiciled Insurance Subsidiaries are prepared on a stand-alone basis.

2) See page 19 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Summary of GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾ (1 of 2)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

Nine Months Ended						Year Ended December 31,							
		ember 30, 2024		2023	-	2022	2021			2020			
Total GWP	\$	254	\$	357	\$	360	\$	377	\$	454			
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽²⁾	•	148	Ŷ	247	Ψ	145	Ψ	158	Ψ	191			
Upfront GWP		106		110		215		219		263			
Plus: Installment premiums and other ⁽³⁾		175		294		160		142		127			
Total PVP	\$	281	\$	404	\$	375	\$	361	\$	390			
			<u> </u>		_		_		_				
PVP:													
Public finance - U.S.	\$	193	\$	212	\$	257	\$	235	\$	292			
Public finance - non-U.S.		44		83		68		79		82			
Structured finance - U.S.		24		68		43		42		14			
Structured finance - non-U.S.		20		41		7		5		2			
Total PVP	\$	281	\$	404	\$	375	\$	361	\$	390			
Adjusted operating income reconciliation:													
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL	\$	358	\$	739	\$	124	\$	389	\$	362			
Less pre-tax adjustments:													
Realized gains (losses) on investments		2		(14)		(56)		15		18			
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		11		106		(10)		((1)		65			
						(18) 24		(64)					
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums		(12)		(35)		24		(28)		(1)			
receivable and loss and LAE reserves		42		51		(110)		(21)		42			
Total pre-tax adjustments		43		108		(160)		(98)		124			
Less tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(8)		(17)		17		17		(18)			
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	323	\$	648	\$	267	\$	470	\$	256			
Adjusted operating income per diluted share reconciliation:													
Net income (loss) attributable to AGL per diluted share	\$	6.44	\$	12.30	\$	1.92	\$	5.23	\$	4.19			
Less pre-tax adjustments:													
Realized gains (losses) on investments		0.03		(0.23)		(0.87)		0.20		0.21			
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses)													
on credit derivatives		0.21		1.75		(0.27)		(0.85)		0.75			
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		(0.21)		(0.57)		0.37		(0.38)		(0.01)			
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of premiums receivable and loss and LAE reserves		0.76		0.84		(1.72)		(0.29)		0.40			
Total pre-tax adjustments		0.78		1.79		(1.72)		(1.32)		0.49			
Tax effect on pre-tax adjustments		(0.15)		(0.27)		0.27		0.23		(0.22)			
Adjusted operating income (loss) per diluted share	\$	5.80	\$	10.78	\$	4.14	\$	6.32	\$	2.97			
Aujusted operating medine (1055) per unuted share	φ	5.80	φ	10.78	φ	4.14	φ	0.52	φ	2.71			

1) Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

 Includes the present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, GWP adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions and other GAAP adjustments.

3) Includes the present value of future premiums and fees on new business paid in installments, discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturity securities such as Loss Mitigation Securities. The years 2023 and 2022 also includes the present value of future premiums and fees associated with other guaranties written by the Company that, under GAAP, are accounted for under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 460, *Guarantees*.

Summary of GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations⁽¹⁾ (2 of 2)

(dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	As of September 30,			As of December 31,								
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		
Adjusted book value reconciliation:												
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL	\$	5,728	\$	5,713	\$	5,064	\$	6,292	\$	6,643		
Less pre-tax adjustments:												
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		45		34		(71)		(54)		9		
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		1		13		47		23		52		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio		(211)		(361)		(523)		404		611		
Less taxes		18		37		68		(72)		(116		
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity		5,875		5,990		5,543		5,991		6.087		
Pre-tax adjustments:		0,070		0,,,,0		0,010		0,771		0,007		
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		172		161		147		131		119		
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future revenue		189		199		157		160		182		
Plus: Net deferred premium reserve on financial guaranty												
contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		3,370		3,436		3,428		3,402		3,355		
Plus taxes		(680)		(699)		(602)		(599)		(597		
Adjusted book value	\$	8,582	\$	8,765	\$	8,379	\$	8,823	\$	8,908		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in:												
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity (net of tax provision (benefit) of \$(1), \$1, \$4, \$5, and \$-)	\$	(5)	\$	5	\$	17	\$	32	\$	2		
Adjusted book value (net of tax provision (benefit) of \$(2), \$0, \$3, \$3, and \$(2))	\$	(9)	\$	_	\$	11	\$	23	\$	(8		
Adjusted book value per share reconciliation:												
Shareholders' equity attributable to AGL per share	\$	111.09	\$	101.63	\$	85.80	\$	93.19	\$	85.66		
Less pre-tax adjustments: Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		0.89		0.61		(1.21)		(0.80)		0.12		
		0.89		0.81		0.80		0.34		0.12		
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS												
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio Less taxes		(4.10) 0.32		(6.40) 0.66		(8.86)		5.99		7.89		
		113.96		106.54		93.92		(1.07) 88.73		(1.50		
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity per share Pre-tax adjustments:		115.90		100.34		95.92		00.75		/ 0.49		
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		3.33		2.87		2.48		1.95		1.54		
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future revenue		3.53		2.87 3.54		2.48		2.37		2.35		
		5.07		5.54		2.00		2.57		2.33		
Plus: Net deferred premium reserve on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		65.35		61.12		58.10		50.40		43.27		
Plus taxes		(13.18)		(12.41)		(10.22)		(8.88)		(7.70		
Adjusted book value per share	\$	166.47	\$	155.92	\$	141.98	\$	130.67	\$	114.87		
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in:												
Adjusted operating shareholders' equity per share	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.07	\$	0.28	\$	0.47	\$	0.03		
Adjusted book value per share	\$	(0.17)	\$		\$	0.19	\$	0.34	\$	(0.10		

1) See Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Glossary

Financial Guaranty Insurance

Net Par Outstanding and Internal Ratings

<u>Net Par Outstanding</u> is insured par exposure, net of reinsurance cessions. Unless otherwise indicated, GAAP net par outstanding amounts exclude amounts as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including securities the Company has purchased for loss mitigation purposes that are held in the investment portfolio.

Internal Rating utilizes the Company's ratings scale, which is similar to that used by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; however, the ratings in the tables may not be the same as ratings assigned by any such rating agency.

<u>Statutory Net Par and Net Debt Service Outstanding.</u> Under statutory accounting, net par and net debt service outstanding would be reduced both when an outstanding issue is legally defeased (i.e., an issuer has legally discharged its obligations with respect to a municipal security by satisfying conditions set forth in defeasance provisions contained in transaction documents and is no longer responsible for the payment of debt service with respect to such obligations) and when such issue is economically defeased (i.e., transaction documents for a municipal security do not contain defeasance provisions but the issuer establishes an escrow account with U.S. government securities in amounts sufficient to pay the refunded bonds when due; the refunded bonds are not considered paid and continue to be outstanding under the transaction documents and the issuer remains responsible to pay debt service when due to the extent monies on deposit in the escrow account are insufficient for such purpose).

Performance Indicators

The performance information described below is obtained from third parties and/or provided by the trustee and may be subject to revision as updated or additional information is obtained:

60 + Day Delinquencies are defined as loans that are greater than 60 days delinquent and all loans that are in foreclosure, bankruptcy or real estate owned divided by current collateral balance.

<u>Average Credit Enhancement</u> is intended to provide a measure of the amount of equity and/or subordinated tranches that are junior in the capital structure to Assured Guaranty's exposure, expressed as a percentage of the total transaction size, and reflects any reduction of that credit support resulting from defaults or other factors. For transactions where excess spread may be available to absorb certain losses, the amounts shown do not include any benefit from excess spread. The calculation methodologies differ for the various asset classes to reflect differences in transaction structures in order to provide a measure that management believes is comparable across asset classes. Some asset classes may not have subordinated tranches so they are excluded from the weighted averages.

Sectors

Below are brief descriptions of selected types of public and structured finance obligations that the Company insures and reinsures. For a more complete description, please refer to Assured Guaranty Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

U.S. Public Finance:

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> are full faith and credit obligations that are issued by states, their political subdivisions and other municipal issuers, and are supported by the general obligation of the issuer to pay from available funds and by a pledge of the issuer to levy property taxes in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the bonds.

<u>Tax-Backed Bonds</u> are obligations that are supported by the issuer from specific and discrete sources of taxation and tax-backed revenue bonds. Tax-backed obligations may be secured by a lien on specific pledged tax revenues, such as a gasoline or excise tax, or an income tax, or incrementally from growth in property tax revenue associated with growth in property values. These obligations also include obligations secured by special assessments levied against property owners and often benefit from issuer covenants to enforce collections of such assessments and to foreclose on delinquent properties. Lease revenue bonds typically are general fund obligations of a municipality or other governmental authority that are subject to annual appropriation or abatement; projects financed and subject to such lease payments ordinarily include real estate or equipment serving an essential public purpose.

<u>Municipal Utility Bonds</u> are obligations of all forms of municipal utilities, including electric, water and sewer utilities and resource recovery revenue bonds. These utilities may be organized in various forms, including municipal enterprise systems, authorities or joint action agencies.

<u>Transportation Bonds</u> include a wide variety of revenue-supported obligations, such as bonds for airports, ports, tunnels, municipal parking facilities, toll roads and toll bridges.

Healthcare Bonds are obligations of healthcare facilities, including community-based hospitals and systems, as well as of health maintenance organizations and long-term care facilities.

<u>Infrastructure Bonds</u> include obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure and other physical assets delivering essential services supported by long-term concession arrangements with a public sector entity.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

<u>Higher Education Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenue collected by either public or private secondary schools, colleges and universities. Such revenue can encompass all of an institution's revenue, including tuition and fees, or in other cases, can be specifically restricted to certain auxiliary sources of revenue or revenue relating to student accommodation.

Housing Revenue Bonds are obligations relating to both single and multi-family housing, issued by states and localities, supported by cash flow and, in some cases, insurance from entities such as the Federal Housing Administration.

<u>Investor-Owned Utility Bonds</u> are obligations primarily issued by investor-owned utilities and include first mortgage bond obligations of forprofit electric or water utilities providing retail, industrial and commercial service, as well as sale-leaseback obligation bonds supported by such entities.

Renewable Energy Bonds are obligations backed by revenue from renewable energy sources.

<u>Other Public Finance Bonds</u> include other debt issued, guaranteed or otherwise supported by U.S. national or local governmental authorities, as well as student loans, revenue bonds, and obligations of some not-for-profit organizations.

Non-U.S. Public Finance:

<u>Regulated Utility Obligations</u> are obligations issued by government-regulated providers of essential services and commodities, including electric, water and gas utilities, supported by the rates and charges paid by the utilities' customers. The majority of the Company's non-U.S. regulated utility business is conducted in the United Kingdom.

<u>Infrastructure Finance Obligations</u> are obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of non-U.S. infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure, student accommodations, stadiums, and other physical assets delivering essential services supported either by long-term concession arrangements or a regulatory regime. The majority of the Company's non-U.S. infrastructure business is conducted in the United Kingdom.

Sovereign and Sub-Sovereign Obligations primarily includes obligations of local, municipal, regional or national governmental authorities or agencies outside of the U.S.

<u>Renewable Energy Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenues relating to renewable energy sources, typically solar or wind farms. These transactions often benefit from regulatory support in the form of regulated minimum prices for the electricity produced. The majority of the Company's non-U.S. renewable energy business is conducted in Spain.

<u>Pooled Infrastructure Obligations</u> are synthetic asset-backed obligations that take the form of credit default swap obligations or credit-linked notes that reference either infrastructure finance obligations or a pool of such obligations, with a defined deductible to cover credit risks associated with the referenced obligations. The Company has not entered into a pooled infrastructure transaction since 2006.

Structured Finance:

Insurance Securitizations are transactions, including life insurance transactions, where obligations are secured by the future earnings from pools of various types of insurance/reinsurance policies and income produced by invested assets.

<u>Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities</u> are obligations backed by first and second lien mortgage loans on residential properties. The credit quality of borrowers covers a broad range, including "prime," "subprime" and "Alt-A." A prime borrower is generally defined as one with strong risk characteristics as measured by factors such as payment history, credit score, and debt-to-income ratio. A subprime borrower is a borrower with higher risk characteristics. An Alt-A borrower is generally defined as a prime quality borrower that lacks certain ancillary characteristics, such as fully documented income. RMBS include home equity lines of credit, which refers to a type of residential mortgage-backed transaction backed by second-lien loan collateral. The Company has not provided insurance for RMBS in the primary market since 2008.

<u>Pooled Corporate Obligations</u> are securities primarily backed by various types of corporate debt obligations, such as secured or unsecured bonds, bank loans or loan participations and trust preferred securities. These securities are often issued in "tranches," with subordinated tranches providing credit support to the more senior tranches. The Company's financial guaranty exposures generally are to the more senior tranches of these issues.

<u>Subscription Finance Facilities</u> are lending facilities provided to closed-end private market funds, most frequently private-equity funds. The facilities are secured by the uncalled capital commitments of the limited partners (LP) to the fund. The Company may guarantee new or existing facilities and on a single facility or portfolio basis. Assured Guaranty's exposures are generally to facilities with characteristics that include a high-quality fund sponsor with strong historical performance, diverse LP base composed primarily of institutional LPs and experienced bank lenders.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

Financial Products Business is the guaranteed investment contracts (GICs) portion of a line of business previously conducted by Assured Guaranty Municipal Holdings Inc. (AGMH) that the Company did not acquire when it purchased AGMH in 2009 from Dexia SA and that is being run off. That line of business consisted of AGMH's guaranteed investment contracts business, its medium term notes business and the equity payment agreements associated with AGMH's leveraged lease business. Although Dexia SA and certain of its affiliates (Dexia) assumed the liabilities related to such businesses when the Company purchased AGMH, AGM policies related to such businesses remained outstanding. Assured Guaranty is indemnified by Dexia SA and certain of its affiliates against loss from the former financial products business.

<u>Consumer Receivables Securities</u> are obligations backed by non-mortgage consumer receivables, such as student loans, automobile loans and leases, manufactured home loans and other consumer receivables.

<u>Other Structured Finance Obligations</u> are obligations backed by assets not generally described in any of the other U.S. and Non-U.S. Structured Finance Obligations categories above.

Specialty Business

The Company also guarantees specialty business with similar risk profiles to its structured finance exposures written in financial guaranty form. Specialty business includes, for example, diversified real estate, insurance securitizations, pooled corporate obligations and aircraft residual value insurance (RVI) transactions.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company discloses both: (i) financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP; and (ii) financial measures not determined in accordance with GAAP (non-GAAP financial measures). Financial measures identified as non-GAAP should not be considered substitutes for GAAP financial measures. The primary limitation of non-GAAP financial measures is the potential lack of comparability to financial measures of other companies, whose definitions of non-GAAP financial measures may differ from those of the Company.

The Company believes its presentation of non-GAAP financial measures provides information that is necessary for analysts to calculate their estimates of Assured Guaranty's financial results in their research reports on Assured Guaranty and for investors, analysts and the financial news media to evaluate Assured Guaranty's financial results.

GAAP requires the Company to consolidate entities where it is deemed to be the primary beneficiary which include:

- FG VIEs, which the Company does not own and where its exposure is limited to its obligation under the financial guaranty insurance contract, and
- CIVs in which certain subsidiaries invest.

The Company discloses the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation that is embedded in each non-GAAP financial measure, as applicable. The Company believes this information may also be useful to analysts and investors evaluating Assured Guaranty's financial results. In the case of both the consolidated FG VIEs and the CIVs, the economic effect on the Company of each of the consolidated FG VIEs and CIVs is reflected primarily in the results of the Insurance segment.

Management of the Company and AGL's Board of Directors use non-GAAP financial measures further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation (which the Company refers to as its core financial measures), as well as GAAP financial measures and other factors, to evaluate the Company's results of operations, financial condition and progress towards long-term goals. The Company uses core financial measures in its decision-making process for and in its calculation of certain components of management compensation. The financial measures that the Company uses to help determine compensation are: (1) adjusted operating income, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation; (2) adjusted operating shareholders' equity, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation; (3) adjusted book value per share, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation; and (4) PVP.

Management believes that many investors, analysts and financial news reporters use adjusted operating shareholders' equity and/or adjusted book value, each further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, as the principal financial measures for valuing AGL's current share price or projected share price and also as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell AGL's common shares. Management also believes that many of the Company's fixed income investors also use adjusted operating shareholders' equity, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, to evaluate the Company's capital adequacy.

Adjusted operating income, further adjusted for the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, enables investors and analysts to evaluate the Company's financial results in comparison with the consensus analyst estimates distributed publicly by financial databases.

The following paragraphs define each non-GAAP financial measure disclosed by the Company and describe why it is useful. To the extent there is a directly comparable GAAP financial measure, a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure and the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is presented within this financial supplement.

Adjusted Operating Income: Management believes that adjusted operating income is a useful measure because it clarifies the understanding of the operating results of the Company. Adjusted operating income is defined as net income (loss) attributable to AGL, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

1) Elimination of realized gains (losses) on the Company's investments, except for gains and losses on securities classified as trading. The timing of realized gains and losses, which depends largely on market credit cycles, can vary considerably across periods. The timing of sales is largely subject to the Company's discretion and influenced by market opportunities, as well as the Company's tax and capital profile.

2) Elimination of non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives that are recognized in net income, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

3) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS that are recognized in net income. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

4) Elimination of foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of net premium receivables and loss and LAE reserves that are recognized in net income. Long-dated receivables and loss and LAE reserves represent the present value of future contractual or expected cash flows. Therefore, the current period's foreign exchange remeasurement gains (losses) are not necessarily indicative of the total foreign exchange gains (losses) that the Company will ultimately recognize.

5) The tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Adjusted Operating Shareholders' Equity and Adjusted Book Value: Management believes that adjusted operating shareholders' equity is a useful measure because it excludes the fair value adjustments on investments, credit derivatives and CCS that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss.

Adjusted operating shareholders' equity is defined as shareholders' equity attributable to AGL, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

1) Elimination of non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses, and non-economic payments. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, credit spreads and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

2) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

3) Elimination of unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's investments that are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). The AOCI component of the fair value adjustment on the investment portfolio is not deemed economic because the Company generally holds these investments to maturity and therefore would not recognize an economic gain or loss.

4) The tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Management uses adjusted book value, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, to measure the intrinsic value of the Company, excluding franchise value. Adjusted book value per share, further adjusted for FG VIE and CIV consolidation (core adjusted book value), is one of the key financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation elements to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors. Management believes that adjusted book value is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the Company's in-force premiums and revenues net of expected losses. Adjusted book value is adjusted operating shareholders' equity, as defined above, further adjusted for the following:

1) Elimination of deferred acquisition costs, net. These amounts represent net deferred expenses that have already been paid or accrued and will be expensed in future accounting periods.

2) Addition of the net present value of estimated net future revenue. See below.

3) Addition of the deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed, net of reinsurance. This amount represents the present value of the expected future net earned premiums, net of the present value of expected losses to be expensed, which are not reflected in GAAP equity.

4) The tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

The unearned premiums and revenues included in adjusted book value will be earned in future periods, but actual earnings may differ materially from the estimated amounts used in determining current adjusted book value due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults and other factors.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

Adjusted Operating Return on Equity (Adjusted Operating ROE): Adjusted Operating ROE represents adjusted operating income for a specified period divided by the average of adjusted operating shareholders' equity at the beginning and the end of that period. Management believes that adjusted operating ROE is a useful measure to evaluate the Company's return on invested capital. Many investors, analysts and members of the financial news media use adjusted operating ROE, adjusted for VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Quarterly and year-to-date adjusted operating ROE are calculated on an annualized basis. Adjusted operating ROE, adjusted for VIE consolidation, is one of the key management financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors.

Net Present Value of Estimated Net Future Revenue: Management believes that this amount is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the present value of estimated net future revenue for non-financial guaranty insurance contracts. This amount represents the net present value of estimated future revenue from these contracts (other than credit derivatives with net expected losses), net of reinsurance, ceding commissions and premium taxes.

Future installment premiums are discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than Loss Mitigation Securities. The discount rate is recalculated annually and updated as necessary. Net present value of estimated future revenue for an obligation may change from period to period due to a change in the discount rate or due to a change in estimated net future revenue for the obligation, which may change due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation. There is no corresponding GAAP financial measure.

PVP or Present Value of New Business Production: Management believes that PVP is a useful measure because it enables the evaluation of the value of new business production in the Insurance segment by taking into account the value of estimated future installment premiums on all new contracts underwritten in a reporting period as well as additional installment premiums and fees on existing contracts (which may result from supplements or fees or from the issuer not calling an insured obligation the Company projected would be called), regardless of form, which management believes GAAP gross written premiums and changes in fair value of credit derivatives do not adequately measure. PVP in respect of contracts written in a specified period is defined as gross upfront and installment premiums received and the present value of gross estimated future installment premiums.

Future installment premiums are discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturity securities such as Loss Mitigation Securities. The discount rate is recalculated annually and updated as necessary. Under GAAP, financial guaranty installment premiums are discounted at a risk-free rate. Additionally, under GAAP, management records future installment premiums on financial guaranty insurance contracts covering non-homogeneous pools of assets based on the contractual term of the transaction, whereas for PVP purposes, management records an estimate of the future installment premiums the Company expects to receive, which may be based upon a shorter period of time than the contractual term of the transaction.

Actual installment premiums may differ from those estimated in the Company's PVP calculation due to factors including, but not limited to, changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.



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