

September 30, 2025 Financial Supplement

ASSURED GUARANTY



Assured Guaranty Inc.¹ September 30, 2025 Financial Supplement

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This financial supplement should be read in conjunction with documents filed by Assured Guaranty Ltd. (AGL and, together with its subsidiaries, Assured Guaranty) with the United States (U.S.) Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025, June 30, 2025, and September 30, 2025. For the purposes of this financial supplement, all references to the "Company" shall mean Assured Guaranty Inc. (AG, formerly known as Assured Guaranty Corp.) and its consolidated entities. Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

¹ Effective August 1, 2024, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. (AGM), an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis. Effective as of August 1, 2024, all rights and obligations of AGM became rights and obligations of AG.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements

Any forward looking statements made in this supplement reflect the current views of Assured Guaranty with respect to future events and financial performance and are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in these statements. Assured Guaranty's forward looking statements could be affected by many events. These events include (i) significant changes in inflation, interest rates, the world's credit markets or segments thereof, credit spreads, foreign exchange rates, tariff regimes or general economic conditions, including the possibility of a recession or stagflation; (ii) geopolitical risk, terrorism and political violence risk, including those arising out of Russia's invasion of Ukraine and intentional or accidental escalation between The North Atlantic Treaty Organization and Russia, conflict in the Middle East, confrontation over Iran's nuclear program, the polarized political environment in the United States (U.S.), and strategic competition and tensions between the U.S. and China; (iii) cybersecurity risk and the impacts of artificial intelligence, machine learning and other technological advances, including potentially increasing the risks of malicious cyber attacks, dissemination of misinformation, and disruption of markets, including the markets in which the Company participates; (iv) the impact of a U.S. government shutdown and/or the possibility of payment defaults on the debt of the U.S. government or instruments issued, insured or guaranteed by related institutions, agencies or instrumentalities, and downgrades to their credit ratings; (v) developments in the world's financial and capital markets, including stresses in the financial condition of banking institutions in the U.S. and the possibility that increasing participation of unregulated financial institutions in these markets results in losses or lower valuations of assets, reduced liquidity and credit and/or contraction of these markets, that adversely affect repayment rates of insured obligors, Assured Guaranty's insurance loss or recovery experience, or investments of Assured Guaranty; (vi) reduction in the amount of available insurance opportunities and/or in the demand for Assured Guaranty's insurance; (vii) the possibility that investments made by Assured Guaranty for its investment portfolio, including alternative investments, do not result in the benefits anticipated or subject Assured Guaranty to reduced liquidity at a time it requires liquidity, or to other negative or unanticipated consequences; (viii) the possibility that Assured Guaranty's mergers, acquisitions, divestitures and other strategic transactions, including the transactions with Sound Point Capital Management, LP (Sound Point, LP) and certain of its investment management affiliates (together with Sound Point, LP, Sound Point) and/or Assured Healthcare Partners LLC (AHP), do not result in the benefits anticipated and/or subject Assured Guaranty to negative consequences; (ix) the inability to control the business, management or policies of entities in which Assured Guaranty holds a minority interest; (x) the impact of market volatility on the fair value of Assured Guaranty's assets and liabilities subject to mark-to-market, including certain of its investments, contracts accounted for as derivatives, its committed capital securities (CCS), and its consolidated variable interest entities (VIEs); (xi) the possibility that budget or pension shortfalls, difficulties in obtaining additional financing, changes in applicable laws or regulations or other factors will result in credit losses or liquidity claims on obligations of state, territorial and local governments, their related authorities, public corporations and other obligors that Assured Guaranty insures or reinsures; (xii) insured losses, including losses with respect to related legal proceedings, in excess of those expected by Assured Guaranty or the failure of Assured Guaranty to realize loss recoveries that are assumed in its expected loss estimates for insurance exposures, including belowinvestment-grade (BIG) healthcare, United Kingdom (U.K.) regulated utility, European renewable energy, and Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA) exposures; (xiii) the impact of Assured Guaranty satisfying its obligations under insurance policies with respect to legacy insured Puerto Rico bonds; (xiv) the possibility that underwriting insurance in new jurisdictions and/or covering new sectors, lines or classes of business does not result in the benefits anticipated or subjects Assured Guaranty to negative consequences; (xv) increased competition, including from new entrants into the financial guaranty industry, nonpayment insurance and other forms of capital saving or risk syndication available to banks and insurers; (xvi) rating agency action, including a ratings downgrade, a change in outlook, the placement of ratings on watch for downgrade, or a change in rating criteria, at any time, of AGL or any of its insurance subsidiaries, and/or of any securities AGL or any of its subsidiaries have issued, and/or of transactions that AGL's insurance subsidiaries have insured; (xvii) the inability of Assured Guaranty to access external sources of capital on acceptable terms; (xviii) noncompliance with, and/or changes in, applicable laws or regulations, including insurance, bankruptcy and tax laws, tariffs, or other governmental actions; (xix) the possibility that legal or regulatory decisions or determinations subject Assured Guaranty or obligations that it insures or reinsures to negative consequences; (xx) difficulties or delays with the execution of Assured Guaranty's business strategy; (xxi) loss of key personnel; (xxii) changes in applicable accounting policies or practices; (xxiii) public health crises, including pandemics and endemics, and the governmental and private actions taken in response to such events; (xxiv) natural or man-made catastrophes; (xxv) the impact of climate change on Assured Guaranty's business and regulatory actions taken related to such risk; (xxvi) other risk factors identified in AGL's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); (xxvii) other risks and uncertainties that have not been identified at this time; and (xxviii) management's response to these factors. Assured Guaranty undertakes no obligation to update publicly or review any forward looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Selected Financial Highlights ⁽¹⁾ (1 of 2) (dollars in millions)

	Three Mo	onths E	nded		Nine Months Ended							
	 Septer	mber 30),	September 30,								
	2025		2024		2025		2024					
GAAP (2) Highlights												
Net income (loss) attributable to AG	\$ 102	\$	156	\$	334	\$	362					
Gross written premiums (GWP)	56		58		166		239					
Effective tax rate on net income	15.0 %	D	20.6 %		17.7 %	1	19.0 %					
GAAP return on equity (ROE) (3)	7.4 %	Ò	11.0 %		8.3 %	1	8.5 %					
Non-GAAP Highlights (4)												
Adjusted operating income (loss) (4)	\$ 117	\$	123	\$	294	\$	334					
Present value of new business production (PVP) (4)	85		59		177		266					
Gross par written	8,777		6,487		22,871		18,739					
Effective tax rate on adjusted operating income (5)	15.3 %	ó	21.5 %		17.9 %)	18.8 %					
Adjusted operating ROE (3)(4)	8.4 %	ó	8.5 %		7.1 %)	7.6 %					
Effect of refundings and terminations on GAAP measures:												
Net earned premiums, pre-tax	\$ 4	\$	10	\$	10	\$	46					
Fair value gains (losses) of credit derivatives, pre-tax	1		_		35							
Net income effect	4		8		36		37					
Effect of refundings and terminations on non-GAAP measures:												
Operating net earned premiums and credit derivative	_											
revenues (6), pre-tax	\$ 5	\$	10	\$	45	\$	46					
Adjusted operating income (6) effect	4		8		36		37					

¹⁾ Effective August 1, 2024, AGM, an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis. Effective as of August 1, 2024, all rights and obligations of AGM became rights and obligations of AG.

²⁾ Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

³⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns. See page 6 for additional information on calculation.

⁴⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

⁵⁾ Represents the ratio of adjusted operating provision for income taxes to adjusted operating income before income taxes.

⁶⁾ Condensed combined statement of operations items mentioned in this Financial Supplement that are described as operating (i.e., operating net earned premiums and credit derivative revenues) are non-GAAP measures and represent components of adjusted operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights (2 of 2) (dollars in millions)

	As of					
	Septe	ember 30, 2025	December 31, 202			
Shareholder's equity	\$	5,417	\$	5,376		
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity (1)		5,457		5,585		
Adjusted book value (ABV) (1)		7,604		7,814		
Gain (loss) related to financial guaranty variable interest entities (FG VIEs) consolidation included in:						
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity		(8)		(7)		
ABV		(14)		(15)		
Exposure						
Financial guaranty net debt service outstanding	\$	338,147	\$	324,247		
Financial guaranty net par outstanding:						
Investment grade	\$	200,807	\$	193,484		
BIG		9,097		8,123		
Total	\$	209,904	\$	201,607		
Claims-paying resources (2)	\$	8,424	\$	8,559		

¹⁾ Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ See page 8 for additional detail on claims-paying resources.

Condensed Combined Statements of Operations (1) (unaudited) (dollars in millions)

	Three Mon Septem			Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2025	2024		2025	2024				
Revenues				_					
Net earned premiums	\$ 69	\$	3 \$	203	\$ 230				
Net investment income	79	6	8	226	204				
Net realized investment gains (losses)	(10)	_	_	(28)	3				
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	4		1	92	14				
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	8		3)	9	(12)				
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	3		7)	6	(11)				
Fair value gains (losses) on consolidated investment vehicles (CIVs)	_	1	1	_	32				
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement	(18)	2	6	78	37				
Fair value gains (losses) on trading securities	8		9	11	52				
Other income (loss)	3		6	16	2				
Total revenues	146	20	4	613	551				
Expenses									
Loss and loss adjustment expense (LAE) (benefit)	(29)	(4	6)	43	(47)				
Employee compensation and benefit expenses	40	3	6	127	117				
Other expenses	31	3	4	83	83				
Total expenses	42	2	4	253	153				
Income (loss) before income taxes and equity in earnings (losses) of investees	104	18	0	360	398				
Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	16	1	8	46	50				
Income (loss) before income taxes	 120	19	8	406	448				
Less: Provision (benefit) for income taxes	18		1	72	85				
Net income (loss)	 102	15	7	334	363				
Less: Noncontrolling interests	 		1		1				
Net income (loss) attributable to AG	\$ 102	\$ 15	6 \$	334	\$ 362				

¹⁾ Effective August 1, 2024, AGM, an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis. Effective as of August 1, 2024, all rights and obligations of AGM became rights and obligations of AG.

Condensed Combined Balance Sheets (unaudited)

(dollars in millions)

	As of				
	September 30	,	December 31,		
	2025		2024		
Assets					
Investments:					
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale, at fair value	·	104 \$	•		
Fixed-maturity securities, trading, at fair value		136	147		
Short-term investments, at fair value	;	828	717		
Equity method investments		456	402		
Other invested assets		11	8		
Total investments	6,	535	6,473		
Cash		84	69		
Loan receivable from affiliate]	250	250		
Premiums receivable, net of commissions payable	1,	532	1,520		
Ceded unearned premium reserve		799	796		
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		78	92		
Salvage and subrogation recoverable		452	395		
FG VIEs' assets, at fair value		145	147		
Other assets	:	268	386		
Total assets	\$ 10,	143 \$	10,128		
Liabilities					
Unearned premium reserve	\$ 3,	605 \$	\$ 3,679		
Loss and LAE reserve	:	264	225		
Reinsurance balances payable, net	:	361	349		
FG VIEs' liabilities, at fair value		159	164		
Other liabilities		337	335		
Total liabilities	4,	726	4,752		
Shareholder's equity					
Preferred stock		_	_		
Common stock		15	15		
Additional paid-in capital		618	863		
Retained earnings		915	4,796		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	· ·	131)	(298)		
Total shareholder's equity attributable to AG		417 —	5,376		
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests	5,	T1 /	3,370		
		<u></u> _	5,376		
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity					
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	<u>\$ 10,</u>	143 \$	10,128		

Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments and Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (1) (dollars in millions)

		Three Mon Septembe			Three Months Ended September 30, 2024					
	Operati	djusted ing Income stments (2)	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (3)	Adjuste	ed come	Effect of I Consolida				
Adjustments to revenues:										
Net earned premiums	\$	_	\$ (1) \$	_	\$	_			
Net investment income		_	(1)	_		_			
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(10)	_	-	_		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		_	_	-	(1)		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		8	_	-	(3)		_			
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs		_	3				(7)			
Fair value gain (losses) on CIVs		_	_	-			11			
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement		(16)	_	-	45		_			
Other income (loss)		_	(2	2)			(2)			
Total revenue adjustments		(18)	(1)	41		2			
Adjustments to expenses:										
Loss expense			1		1					
Total expense adjustments		_	1		1					
Pre-tax adjustments		(18)	(2	(1)	40		2			
Add: Equity in earnings (losses) of investees			_	-	_		(11)			
Less: Tax effect of adjustments		(3)	(1)	7		(2)			
Less: Non-controlling interest		_		-	_	1				
After-tax adjustments	\$	(15)	\$ (1) \$	33	\$ (8)				

	Nine Moi	iths Ended	Nine Months Ended						
	Septemb	er 30, 2025	September 30, 2024						
	Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments (2)	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (3)	Adjusted Operating Income Adjustments (2)	Effect of FG VIE Consolidation (3)					
Adjustments to revenues:									
Net earned premiums	\$ —	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ (2)					
Net investment income	_	(2)	_	(2)					
Net realized investment gains (losses)	(28)	_	3	_					
Fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives	51	_	8	_					
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS	9	_	(12)	_					
Fair value gains (losses) on FG VIEs	_	6	_	(11)					
Fair value gain (losses) on CIVs	_	_	_	32					
Foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement	69	_	36	_					
Other income (loss)	1	(2)	(1)	(2)					
Total revenue adjustments	102	_	34	15					
Adjustments to expenses:									
Loss expense	54	2	(1)	(4)					
Total expense adjustments	54	2	(1)	(4)					
Pre-tax adjustments	48	(2)	35	19					
Add: Equity in earnings (losses) of investees	_	_	_	(31)					
Less: Tax effect of adjustments	8	(1)	7	(3)					
Less: Non-controlling interest	_		_	1					
After-tax adjustments	\$ 40	\$ (1)	\$ 28	\$ (10)					

¹⁾ Effective August 1, 2024, AGM, an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis.

²⁾ Represents the amounts recorded in the condensed combined statements of operations that the Company removes to arrive at adjusted operating income. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

³⁾ Represents the amounts included in the condensed combined statements of operations and adjusted operating income that the Company removes to arrive at the core financial measures that management uses in certain of its compensation calculations and its decision making process. Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1) (1 of 2)

(dollars in millions)

		ths End ber 30,	cu	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
2	025	2	2024	2	2025		2024		
\$	102	\$	156	\$	334	\$	362		
	(10)		_		(27)		2		
	_		(2)		(3)		9		
	8		(3)		9		(12)		
	(16)		45		69		36		
	(18)		40		48		35		
	3		(7)		(8)		(7)		
\$	117	\$	123	\$	294	\$	334		
		\$ 102 (10) ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 102 \$ (10) — 8 (16) (18) 3	2025 2024 \$ 102 \$ 156 (10) — — (2) 8 (3) (16) 45 (18) 40 3 (7)	2025 2024 \$ 102 \$ 156 \$ (10) — — (2) 8 (3) (16) 45 (18) 40 3 (7)	2025 2024 2025 \$ 102 \$ 156 \$ 334 (10) — (27) — (2) (3) 8 (3) 9 (16) 45 69 (18) 40 48 3 (7) (8)	2025 2024 2025 \$ 102 \$ 156 \$ 334 \$ (10) — (27) — (2) (3) 8 (3) 9 (16) 45 69 (18) 40 48 3 (7) (8)		

ROE Reconciliation and Calculation	As of											
	September 30, June 30, 2025 2025		, .			tember 30, 2024	, ,			December 31, 2023		
Shareholder's equity attributable to AG	\$	5,417	\$	5,605	\$	5,376	\$	5,598	\$	5,769	\$	5,792
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity		5,457		5,682		5,585		5,685		5,979		5,983
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in adjusted operating shareholder's equity		(8)		(8)		(7)		(11)		(2)		(1)

	Three Mo	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2025		2024		2025		2024	
Net income (loss) attributable to AG	\$ 102	\$	156	\$	334	\$	362	
Adjusted operating income (loss)	117		123		294		334	
Average shareholder's equity attributable to AG	\$ 5,511	\$	5,684	\$	5,397	\$	5,695	
Average adjusted operating shareholder's equity	5,570		5,832		5,521		5,834	
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in average adjusted operating shareholder's equity	(8)		(7)		(8)		(6)	
GAAP ROE (3)	7.4 %	,	11.0 %	1	8.3 %		8.5 %	
Adjusted operating ROE (3)	8.4 %))	8.5 %	•	7.1 %)	7.6 %	

¹⁾ Effective August 1, 2024, AGM, an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis. Effective as of August 1, 2024, all rights and obligations of AGM became rights and obligations of AG.

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

²⁾ This is net of reinsurer's share of realized gains (losses).

³⁾ Quarterly ROE calculations represent annualized returns.

Selected Financial Highlights GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations (1) (2 of 2)

(dollars in millions)

						As	of				
	Sep	September 30, 2025		June 30, 2025	De	ecember 31, 2024	Sep	otember 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
Reconciliation of shareholder's equity attributable to AG to ABV:											
Shareholder's equity attributable to AG	\$	5,417	\$	5,605	\$	5,376	\$	5,598	\$ 5,769	\$	5,792
Less pre-tax reconciling items:											
Non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives		51		51		54		52	54		43
Fair value gains (losses) on CCS		12		3		2		1	4		13
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment portfolio		(129)		(171)		(320)		(173)	(321)		(295)
Less taxes		26		40		55		33	 53		48
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity		5,457		5,682		5,585		5,685	5,979		5,983
Pre-tax reconciling items:											
Less: Deferred acquisition costs		(41)		(46)		(53)		(56)	(59)		(67)
Plus: Net present value of estimated net future revenue		85		88		91		93	94		99
Plus: Net deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed		2,602		2,622		2,690		2,593	2,632		2,648
Plus taxes		(581)		(587)		(605)		(586)	(595)		(601)
ABV	\$	7,604	\$	7,851	\$	7,814	\$	7,841	\$ 8,169	\$	8,196
Gain (loss) related to FG VIE and CIV consolidation included in:											
Adjusted operating shareholder's equity (net of tax provision (benefit) of \$(2), \$(2), \$(2), \$(3), \$(1) and \$0)	\$	(8)	\$	(8)	\$	(7)	\$	(11)	\$ (2)	\$	(1)
ABV (net of tax provision (benefit) of \$(3), \$(4), \$(3), \$(4), \$(2) and \$(2))	\$	(14)	\$	(13)	\$	(15)	\$	(16)	\$ (8)	\$	(5)

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Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

Claims-Paying Resources (dollars in millions)

	As of September 30					
Claims-paying resources						
Policyholders' surplus	\$	3,268				
Contingency reserve		1,481				
Qualified statutory capital		4,749				
Unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income (1)		2,431				
Loss and LAE reserves (1)(2)		_				
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		7,180				
Present value of installment premium (1)		844				
CCS		400				
Total claims-paying resources	\$	8,424				
Statutory net par outstanding (1)(3)	\$	208,846				
Net debt service outstanding (1)(3)		336,893				
Ratios:						
Statutory net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		44:1				
Capital ratio (4)		71:1				
Financial resources ratio (5)		40:1				
Statutory net par outstanding to claims-paying resources		25:1				
Separate company statutory basis:						
Admitted assets	\$	6,953				
Total liabilities	•	3,685				
Loss and LAE reserves (recoverable)		(154)				
Paid in capital stock		197				

- 1) The numbers shown for AG include its U.K. and French insurance subsidiaries.
- Loss and LAE reserves exclude adjustments to claims-paying resources for AG because the balance was in a net recoverable position of \$144 million.
 Net par outstanding and net debt service outstanding are presented on a statutory basis.

- 4) The capital ratio is calculated by dividing net debt service outstanding by qualified statutory capital.
 5) The financial resources ratio is calculated by dividing net debt service outstanding by total claims-paying resources.

New Business Production (1) (dollars in millions)

Reconciliation of GWP to PVP

Gross par written

						onths E per 30,		l								onths E per 30,		l		
		Public	Finar	ice	Stı	ucture	d Fin	ance				Public !	Finan	ce	Stı	ructure	d Fin	ance		
		U.S.	No	n-U.S.	τ	J.S.	Nor	ı-U.S.		Total		U.S.	Non	-U.S.	ι	J.S.	Noi	ı-U.S.	7	Total
Total GWP	\$	78	\$	(14)	\$	(1)	\$	(7)	\$	56	\$	34	\$	7	\$	3	\$	14	\$	58
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP adjustments (2)		32		(14)		(1)		(7)		10		2		(2)		1		14		15
Upfront GWP	_	46		(- ·)					_	46		32		9		2				43
Plus: Installment premiums and other		32		4				3		39		3		(2)		2		13		16
Total PVP	•	78	\$	4	\$		\$	3	\$	85	\$	35	Φ.	7	\$	4	\$	13	•	59
Total PVP	<u></u>	/8	<u> </u>	4	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	3	<u> </u>	85	<u> </u>	33	\$		<u> </u>	4	2	13	\$	
Gross par written	\$	7,850	\$	176	\$	42	\$	709	\$	8,777	\$	5,386	\$	66	\$	341	\$	694	\$	6,487
						onths E per 30,										onths E per 30,				
		Public	Finar	ice	Stı	ucture														
		U.S.	NI.				d Fin	ance				Public	Finan		Stı	ructure	d Fin	ance		
Total GWP		U.S.	INO	n-U.S.	υ	J.S.	-	ance 1-U.S.		Total		Public U.S.				ructure J.S.	-	ance n-U.S.	7	Γotal
	\$	175	\$	(7)			-			Total	<u> </u>			ce			-		<u> </u>	Total 239
Less: Installment GWP and other GAAP	\$	175		(7)		4	Nor	1-U.S. (6)		166		U.S. 181	Non	-U.S. 24	τ	J.S. 16	Noi	18		239
GWP and other GAAP adjustments (2)	\$	175 64				4 3	Nor	ı-U.S.		166 54		U.S. 181	Non	-U.S. 24	τ	16 13	Noi	ı-U.S.		239 133
GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽²⁾ Upfront GWP Plus: Installment premiums and	\$	64 111		(7) (7)		3 1	Nor	(6) (6)		54 112		U.S. 181 99 82	Non	-U.S. 24	τ	13 3	Noi	18 18		239 133 106
GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽²⁾ Upfront GWP Plus: Installment premiums and other	_	175 64 111 40	\$	(7) (7) —	\$	3 1	Nor \$	(6) (6)	\$	54 112 65	\$	99 82	Non \$	3 21	\$ -	16 13 3	Noi \$	18 18 — 18	\$	239 133 106
GWP and other GAAP adjustments ⁽²⁾ Upfront GWP Plus: Installment premiums and	\$	64 111		(7) (7)		3 1	Nor	(6) (6)		54 112		U.S. 181 99 82	Non	-U.S. 24	τ	13 3	Noi	18 18		239 133 106

¹⁾ Effective August 1, 2024, AGM, an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis. Effective as of August 1, 2024, all rights and obligations of AGM became rights and obligations of AG.

168 \$ 1,074 \$ 22,871 \$ 15,339 \$ 1,131 \$ 1,024 \$ 1,245 \$ 18,739

Please refer to the explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures set forth at the end of this Financial Supplement.

648 \$

\$ 20,981 \$

²⁾ Includes the present value of new business on installment policies discounted at the prescribed GAAP discount rates, and GWP adjustments on existing installment policies due to changes in assumptions and other GAAP adjustments.

Gross Par Written (1) (dollars in millions)

Gross Par Written by Asset Type

	Three Months Er	Three Months Ended September 30,		led September 30,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Sector:				
U.S. public finance:				
General obligation	\$ 2,529	\$ 1,915	\$ 7,595	\$ 5,735
Tax backed	1,543	1,104	4,527	2,560
Healthcare	1,478	437	2,947	774
Municipal utilities	775	1,182	2,242	2,012
Transportation	1,103	460	2,132	3,704
Higher education	422	126	1,367	372
Housing Revenue	_	158	140	158
Other public finance	_	4	31	24
Total U.S. public finance	7,850	5,386	20,981	15,339
Non-U.S. public finance:				
Regulated utilities	176	66	316	1,077
Infrastructure finance	_	_	228	54
Sovereign and sub-sovereign	_	_	104	_
Total non-U.S. public finance	176	66	648	1,131
Total public finance	8,026	5,452	21,629	16,470
U.S. structured finance:				
Subscription finance facilities	6	10	101	192
Pooled corporate obligations	35	13	53	218
Structured credit	_	275	_	285
Insurance securitizations	_	_	_	250
CMBS	_	25	_	25
Other structured finance	1	18	14	54
Total U.S. structured finance	42	341	168	1,024
Non-U.S. structured finance:				
Subscription finance facilities	615	22	980	573
Pooled corporate obligations	94	50	94	50
Other structured finance	_	622	_	622
Total non-U.S. structured finance	709	694	1,074	1,245
Total structured finance	751	1,035	1,242	2,269
Total gross par written	\$ 8,777	\$ 6,487	\$ 22,871	\$ 18,739

¹⁾ Effective August 1, 2024, AGM, an affiliate of AG, merged with and into AG, with AG as the surviving company. Under U.S. GAAP, the merger is a common control transaction; therefore, periods prior to the effective date of the merger have been restated to present all information on a combined basis. Effective as of August 1, 2024, all rights and obligations of AGM became rights and obligations of AG.

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of sectors.

Investment Portfolio and Cash (dollars in millions)

		As of				
	Septe	September 30,				
		2025	2024			
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	5,104	\$ 5,19)9		
Fixed-maturity securities, trading (1)		136	14	1 7		
Short-term investments		828	71	17		
Equity method investments:						
Collateralized loan obligations (CLOs)		94	10)0		
Private healthcare investing		146	15	53		
Asset-based/specialty finance		157	14	12		
Other		59		7		
Total equity method investments		456	40)2		
Other invested assets		11		8		
Cash		84	6	59		
Total investment portfolio and cash	\$	6,619	\$ 6,54	12		

¹⁾ Primarily includes contingent value instruments (CVIs) received in connection with the resolution of the Company's exposure to insured Puerto Rico credits experiencing payment default other than PREPA. These securities are not rated.

Fixed-Maturity Securities, Short-Term Investments and Cash As of September 30, 2025

(dollars in millions)

	Ar	nortized Cost	fo	lowance r Credit Losses	Pre-Tax Book Yield	After-Tax Book Yield	Fair Value	Inve	ualized estment ome ⁽¹⁾
Fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale:									
Obligations of states and political subdivisions (3)	\$	1,534	\$	(13)	3.92 %	3.39 %	\$ 1,496	\$	60
U.S. government and agencies		35		_	3.38	2.82	31		1
Corporate securities		2,303		(5)	4.24	3.56	2,265		98
Mortgage-backed securities:									
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) (2)(3)		480		(24)	5.47	4.33	415		26
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		157		_	4.48	3.54	158		7
Asset-backed securities (ABS):									
CLOs		487		(10)	11.23	8.87	454		55
Other ABS (3)		190		_	6.36	5.03	192		12
Non-U.S. government securities		100		_	3.05	3.03	93		3
Total fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale		5,286		(52)	4.96	4.11	5,104		262
Short-term investments		828		_	4.00	3.17	828		33
Cash (4)		84		_	_	_	84		_
Total	2	6,198	\$	(52)	4.83 %	3.98 %	\$ 6,016	\$	295

Ratings (5):	Fa	ir Value	% of Portfolio
U.S. government and agencies	\$	31	0.6 %
AAA/Aaa		752	14.7
AA/Aa		1,625	31.9
A/A		1,235	24.2
BBB		1,007	19.7
BIG		132	2.6
Not rated ⁽⁷⁾		322	6.3
Total fixed-maturity securities, available-for-sale	\$	5,104	100.0 %

Duration of available-for-sale fixed-maturity securities and short-term investments (in years):

4.3

- 1) Represents annualized investment income based on amortized cost and pre-tax book yields.
- 2) Includes fair value of \$130 million in subprime RMBS, of which 93% were rated BIG.
- 3) Includes securities insured by the Company that it has purchased, and for which it had expected losses to be paid, in order to mitigate the economic effect of insured losses (Loss Mitigation Securities) or securities obtained as part of other risk management strategies.
- 4) Cash is not included in the yield calculation.
- 5) Ratings generally reflect the lower of Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC classifications except for Loss Mitigation Securities and certain other securities, which use internal ratings classifications. Loss Mitigation Securities and other securities total \$384 million in par with carrying value of \$188 million and are primarily included in the BIG category.
- 6) Primarily includes CVIs received in connection with the 2022 resolution of the Company's exposure to insured Puerto Rico credits experiencing payment default other than PREPA. These securities are not rated.
- 7) Primarily includes CLO equity tranches and liquidity bonds issued by a U.K. regulated utility.

Estimated Net Exposure Amortization (1) and Estimated Future Financial Guaranty Net Premium and Credit Derivative Revenues

(dollars in millions)

					Financial Guaranty Insurance (2)							
	De	mated Net bt Service ortization	Ei De	stimated nding Net bt Service utstanding	I P	arnings of Deferred Premium Revenue	A	Accretion of Discount	Co Def	fect of FG VIE onsolidation on Earnings of Ferred Premium Revenue and Accretion of Discount	Deri	e Credit ivative nues ⁽³⁾
2025 (as of September 30)			\$	338,147								
2025 Q4	\$	4,998		333,149	\$	58	\$	7	\$	1	\$	2
2026		18,736		314,413		219		27		4		7
2027		16,617		297,796		205		26		3		7
2028		16,432		281,364		194		24		2		7
2029		16,903		264,461		182		23		2		6
2025-2029		73,686		264,461		858		107		12		29
2030-2034		79,434		185,027		737		100		9		24
2035-2039		61,652		123,375		497		75		6		18
2040-2044		44,997		78,378		325		49		_		12
2045-2049		35,486		42,892		214		28		_		6
2050-2054		24,814		18,078		110		12		_		_
After 2054		18,078		_		86		10		_		_
Total	\$	338,147			\$	2,827	\$	381	\$	27	\$	89

¹⁾ Represents the future expected amortization of current debt service outstanding (principal and interest), assuming no advance refundings, as of September 30, 2025. Actual amortization differs from expected maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay guaranteed obligations, terminations and because of management's assumptions on structured finance amortization.

²⁾ See also page 16, "Net Expected Loss to be Expensed."

³⁾ Represents expected future premiums on insured credit derivatives.

Roll Forward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (Recovered) (dollars in millions)

Roll Forward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (Recovered) (1) for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2025

	Paid (Rec	ted Loss to be overed) as of 30, 2025	Developn	nomic Loss nent (Benefit) ng 3Q-25	d) Recovered During 3Q-25	Paid (Re	eted Loss to be covered) as of ber 30, 2025
Public Finance:		_		_	_		_
U.S. public finance	\$	32	\$	(2)	\$ (65)	\$	(35)
Non-U.S. public finance		115		(7)	1		109
Public Finance		147		(9)	(64)		74
Structured Finance:							
U.S. RMBS		(32)		(29)	8		(53)
Other structured finance		(10)		1	21		12
Structured Finance		(42)		(28)	29		(41)
Total	\$	105	\$	(37)	\$ (35)	\$	33

Roll Forward of Net Expected Loss and LAE to be Paid (Recovered) (1) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025

	Paid (Rec	ted Loss to be overed) as of er 31, 2024	Developm	nomic Loss ent (Benefit) ng 2025	d) Recovered During 2025	Paid (Rec	ted Loss to be overed) as of per 30, 2025
Public Finance:		_					
U.S. public finance	\$	7	\$	36	\$ (78)	\$	(35)
Non-U.S. public finance		83		26	_		109
Public Finance		90		62	(78)		74
Structured Finance:							
U.S. RMBS		(38)		(37)	22		(53)
Other structured finance		(35)		(34)	81		12
Structured Finance		(73)		(71)	103		(41)
Total	\$	17	\$	(9)	\$ 25	\$	33

¹⁾ Includes net expected loss to be paid (recovered), economic loss development (benefit) and (paid) recovered losses for all contracts (i.e., those accounted for as insurance, credit derivatives and FG VIEs).

Please refer to the Glossary for a description of sectors.

Loss Measures (dollars in millions)

		eptember 30, 2025			T	hree Months Ended	September 30, 2025	
	Outs	al Net Par tanding for Transactions	Dev	onomic Loss velopment Benefit)	(GAAP Loss and LAE ⁽¹⁾	Loss and LAE included in Adjusted Operating Income (2)	nce Segment and LAE (3)
Public finance:								
U.S. public finance	\$	2,767	\$	(2)	\$	(4)	\$ (4)	\$ (4)
Non-U.S. public finance		5,575		(7)		(3)	(3)	(3)
Public finance		8,342		(9)		(7)	(7)	 (7)
Structured finance:								
U.S. RMBS		738		(29)		(23)	(23)	(24)
Other structured finance		17		1		1	1	1
Structured finance		755		(28)		(22)	(22)	(23)
Total	\$	9,097	\$	(37)	\$	(29)	\$ (29)	\$ (30)

		eptember 30, 2025			Nine Mont	hs Ended	l Septembe	r 30, 2025	
	Outst	al Net Par anding for ransactions	Dev	onomic Loss velopment Benefit)	GAAP Los LAE		inclu Adjusted	nd LAE ded in Operating ome ⁽²⁾	ce Segment nd LAE (3)
Public finance:									
U.S. public finance	\$	2,767	\$	36	\$	32	\$	32	\$ 32
Non-U.S. public finance		5,575		26		15		15	15
Public finance		8,342		62		47		47	47
Structured finance:									
U.S. RMBS		738		(37)		(23)		(23)	(25)
Other structured finance		17		(34)		19		(35)	(35)
Structured finance		755		(71)		(4)		(58)	(60)
Total	\$	9,097	\$	(9)	\$	43	\$	(11)	\$ (13)

¹⁾ Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

²⁾ Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts and credit derivatives.

³⁾ Includes loss expense related to contracts that are accounted for as insurance contracts, credit derivatives, and consolidated FG VIEs.

Net Expected Loss to be Expensed (1) As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

	 GAAP
2025 Q4	\$ 3
2026	13
2027	16
2028	18
2029	17
2025-2029	 67
2030-2034	74
2035-2039	33
2040-2044	14
2045-2049	19
2050-2054	15
After 2054	 2
Total expected present value of net expected loss to be expensed (2)	 224
Future expected accretion	 3
Total expected future loss and LAE	\$ 227

¹⁾ The present value of net expected loss to be paid is discounted using risk-free rates for U.S. and non-U.S. currencies rates ranging from 1.92% to 5.70%.

²⁾ Excludes \$20 million related to FG VIEs, which are eliminated in consolidation.

Financial Guaranty Profile (1 of 3) (dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by Asset Type

	As of September 30, 2025	As of December 31, 2024
U.S. public finance:		
General obligation	\$ 61,805	\$ 60,227
Tax backed	27,099	25,888
Municipal utilities	24,715	23,989
Transportation	22,982	21,911
Healthcare	13,722	11,714
Higher education	6,433	5,625
Infrastructure finance	6,401	6,489
Housing revenue	1,078	1,036
Renewable energy	117	117
Other public finance	778	793
Total U.S. public finance	165,130	157,789
Non-U.S. public finance:		
Regulated utilities	15,977	14,738
Infrastructure finance	12,811	12,380
Sovereign and sub-sovereign	7,720	8,049
Renewable energy	1,324	1,249
Pooled infrastructure	553	550
Total non-U.S. public finance	38,385	36,966
Total public finance	203,515	194,755
U.S. structured finance:		
Insurance reserve financings and securitizations	1,642	1,676
RMBS	1,315	1,414
Pooled corporate obligations	477	490
Financial products	411	492
Subscription finance facilities	142	140
Other structured finance	836	952
Total U.S. structured finance	4,823	5,164
Non-U.S. structured finance:		
Subscription finance facilities	756	696
Pooled corporate obligations	497	403
RMBS	216	216
Other structured finance	97	373
Total non-U.S. structured finance	1,566	1,688
Total structured finance	6,389	6,852
Total net par outstanding	\$ 209,904	\$ 201,607

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and various sectors.

Financial Guaranty Profile (2 of 3) As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

Distribution by Ratings of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	P	ublic Finan	ice - U.S.	P	Public Fin Non-U		St	ructured I U.S.		Stı	ructured F Non-U			Tota	<u> </u>
Ratings:		Net Par itstanding	%		et Par standing	%	-	let Par tstanding	%		et Par standing	%	О	Net Par utstanding	%
AAA	\$	15	<u> </u>	\$	1,256	3.3 %	\$	449	9.3 %	\$	460	29.4 %	\$	2,180	1.0 %
AA		13,706	8.3		2,172	5.7		2,447	50.7		120	7.7		18,445	8.8
A		93,748	56.8		9,713	25.3		601	12.5		979	62.5		105,041	50.0
BBB		54,894	33.2		19,669	51.2		571	11.8		7	0.4		75,141	35.8
BIG		2,767	1.7		5,575	14.5		755	15.7		_	_		9,097	4.4
Net Par Outstanding (1)	\$	165,130	100.0 %	\$	38,385	100.0 %	\$	4,823	100.0 %	\$	1,566	100.0 %	\$	209,904	100.0 %

¹⁾ As of September 30, 2025, the Company excluded \$798 million of net par attributable to Loss Mitigation Securities.

Ceded Par Outstanding

	Ceded Par Outstanding		% of Total	
Affiliated reinsurers	\$	61,148	99.9 %	
Non-affiliated reinsurers		80	0.1	
Total	\$	61,228	100.0 %	

¹⁾ Of the total par ceded to a non-affiliated reinsurer, \$13 million is rated BIG.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding, the Company's internal rating approach and of the various sectors.

²⁾ The total collateral posted by all affiliated and non-affiliated reinsurers required to post, or that had agreed to post, collateral was approximately \$549 million as of September 30, 2025.

Financial Guaranty Profile (3 of 3) As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

Geographic Distribution of Financial Guaranty Portfolio

	Net Par Outstanding	% of Total	
U.S.:			
U.S. public finance:			
California	\$ 27,850	13.3 %	
Texas	21,524	10.3	
New York	16,742	8.0	
Pennsylvania	14,911	7.1	
Florida	10,339	4.9	
Illinois	9,989	4.8	
New Jersey	6,666	3.2	
Louisiana	4,026	1.9	
Michigan	3,926	1.9	
Colorado	3,416	1.6	
Other	45,741	21.8	
Total U.S. public finance	165,130	78.8	
U.S. structured finance (multiple states)	4,823	2.3	
Total U.S.	169,953	81.1	
Non-U.S.:			
United Kingdom	31,275	14.8	
Spain	1,538	0.7	
France	1,511	0.7	
Canada	1,007	0.5	
Australia	864	0.4	
Other	3,756	1.8	
Total non-U.S.	39,951	18.9	
Total net par outstanding	\$ 209,904	100.0 %	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding.

Expected Amortization of Net Par Outstanding (dollars in millions)

Public Finance Structured Finance Estimated U.S. and Estimated **Ending Net** U.S. Non-U.S. Non-U.S. Other **Ending Net Public Public Pooled** Structured Par Par Finance Finance Total Outstanding **RMBS** Total Outstanding Corporate **Finance** 2025 (as of September 30) \$ 203,515 \$ 6,389 2025 Q4 201,253 \$ 6,087 1,758 \$ 504 2,262 48 14 240 \$ 302 6,710 4,790 2026 1,740 8,450 192,803 176 254 1,297 867 2027 6,419 952 7,371 185,432 185 341 220 746 4,044 2028 6,753 921 7,674 177,758 197 305 617 3,427 115 2029 6,956 8,615 507 2,920 1,659 169,143 142 84 281 2025-2029 28,596 5,776 34,372 169,143 666 890 1,913 3,469 2,920 2030-2034 35,648 9,610 45,258 123,885 356 65 984 1,405 1,515 2035-2039 19 398 704 811 31,318 6,071 37,389 86,496 287 26,032 2040-2044 28,105 58,391 331 2,073 480 480 2045-2049 21,891 2,766 24,657 33,734 6 325 331 2050-2054 15,926 3,435 19,361 14,373 After 2054 5,719 8,654 14,373 \$ 165,130 \$ 1,315 **Total** \$ 38,385 \$ 203,515 974 4,100 \$ 6,389

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

Puerto Rico Profile As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

	Net Par Ou	Gross Par Outstanding		
Defaulted Puerto Rico Exposures PREPA	\$	322	\$	443
Non-Defaulting Puerto Rico Exposures				
Puerto Rico Municipal Finance Agency (MFA)	\$	64	\$	81
University of Puerto Rico		1		1
Total non-defaulting	\$	65	\$	82

PREPA Amortization Schedule

	Scheduled Net Par Amortization			
2025 (October 1 - December 31)	\$	_	\$	2
2026 (January 1 - March 31)		_		6
2026 (April 1 - June 30)		_		1
2026 (July 1 - September 30)		77		83
2026 (October 1 - December 31)		_		1
Subtotal 2026		77		91
2027		76		87
2028		45		54
2029		31		37
2030-2037		93		101
Total	\$	322	\$	372

Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations Profile As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Ratings

	Net Par Outstanding		% of Total	Average Initial Credit Enhancement	Average Current Credit Enhancement	
Ratings:						
AAA	\$	529	54.7 %	40.5 %	48.1 %	
AA		222	23.0	56.2	38.9	
A		112	11.6	39.6	42.0	
BBB		103	10.7	36.1	37.0	
Total exposures	\$	966	100.0 %	43.5 %	44.1 %	

Distribution of Direct Pooled Corporate Obligations by Asset Class

	Net Par Outstanding		% of Total	Average Initial Credit Enhancement	Average Current Credit Enhancement	Number of Transactions
Asset class:						
Trust preferred:						
Banks and insurance	\$	178	18.4 %	42.7 %	67.8 %	7
U.S. mortgage and real estate investment trusts		29	3.0	48.5	66.9	3
CLOs		759	78.6	43.5	37.7	11
Total exposures	\$	966	100.0 %	43.5 %	44.1 %	21

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of internal ratings, performance indicators and sectors.

Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding Profile
As of September 30, 2025
(dollars in millions)

Distribution of Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding by Rating

Rating:	N Out	% of Total	
AAA	\$	620	31.6 %
AA		917	46.8
A		184	9.4
BBB		213	10.9
BIG		25	1.3
Total credit derivative net par outstanding	\$	1,959	100.0 %

Distribution of Credit Derivative Net Par Outstanding by Sector

	Net Par Outstanding		
Public finance:			
U.S. public finance	\$	981	
Non-U.S. public finance		713	
Total public finance		1,694	
U.S. structured finance:			
Pooled corporate obligations		75	
RMBS		56	
Total U.S. structured finance		131	
Non-U.S. structured finance:			
RMBS		134	
Total non-U.S. structured finance		134	
Total structured finance		265	
Total credit derivative net par outstanding	\$	1,959	

 $Please\ refer\ to\ the\ Glossary\ for\ a\ description\ of\ net\ par\ outstanding,\ internal\ ratings\ and\ sectors.$

Below Investment Grade Exposures (1 of 3) (dollars in millions)

BIG Exposures by Asset Exposure Type

	As of			
	Septem	ber 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	
U.S. public finance:		_		_
Transportation	\$	1,050	\$	94
Healthcare		748		984
Municipal utilities		508		563
General obligation		171		182
Tax backed		70		90
Higher education		62		64
Housing revenue		49		_
Other public finance		109		164
Total U.S. public finance		2,767		2,141
Non-U.S. public finance:				
Regulated utilities		4,017		3,696
Infrastructure finance		797		762
Renewable energy		761		696
Sovereign and sub-sovereign		_		37
Total non-U.S. public finance		5,575		5,191
Total public finance		8,342		7,332
U.S. structured finance:				
RMBS		738		772
Insurance reserve financings and securitizations		10		_
Other structured finance		7		19
Total U.S. structured finance		755		791
Non-U.S. structured finance:				
Total non-U.S. structured finance		_		_
Total structured finance		755		791
Total BIG net par outstanding	\$	9,097	\$	8,123

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (2 of 3) (dollars in millions)

Net Par Outstanding by BIG Surveillance Category (1)

		As of			
	Septembe	September 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
BIG Category 1					
U.S. public finance	\$	2,034	\$	1,599	
Non-U.S. public finance		3,916		4,674	
U.S. structured finance		167		96	
Non-U.S. structured finance		_		_	
Total BIG Category 1		6,117		6,369	
BIG Category 2					
U.S. public finance		329		118	
Non-U.S. public finance		1,659		517	
U.S. structured finance		26		26	
Non-U.S. structured finance		_		_	
Total BIG Category 2		2,014		661	
BIG Category 3					
U.S. public finance		404		424	
Non-U.S. public finance		_		_	
U.S. structured finance		562		669	
Non-U.S. structured finance		_		_	
Total BIG Category 3		966		1,093	
BIG Total	\$	9,097	\$	8,123	

1) The Company assigns each BIG exposure to one of the three BIG surveillance categories below, which generally represent the following: BIG 1: Below-investment-grade exposures for which there are possible future losses, on a present value basis, and the aggregate probability weighting of scenarios with future losses is less than 50%, regardless of whether the Company has or has not paid a claim for which it expects to be reimbursed within one year (liquidity claim). BIG 2: Below-investment-grade exposures for which there are possible future losses, on a present value basis, and the aggregate probability weighting of scenarios with future losses is 50% or more, but for which no claims (other than liquidity claims) have yet been paid. BIG 3: Below-investment-grade exposures for which future losses are expected, on a present value basis, and the aggregate probability weighting of scenarios with future losses is 50% or more, and for which claims, other than liquidity claims have been paid.

For purposes of classifying BIG exposures into one of the three BIG categories, the Company calculates the present value of projected claim payments and recoveries using the pre-tax book yield of the investment portfolio as the applicable discount rate.

For financial statement measurement purposes, the Company uses risk-free rates (as determined each quarter) for discounting, rather than pre-tax book yield of the investment portfolio, to calculate the expected losses to be paid. Expected losses to be paid (recovered) are based on probability weighted scenarios and serve as the basis for the loss reserves reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of various sectors.

Below Investment Grade Exposures (3 of 3) As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

Public Finance and Structured Finance BIG Exposures with Revenue Sources Greater Than \$50 Million

	Net Par Outstanding		Internal Rating (1)	60+ Day Delinquencies
Name or description				
U.S. public finance:				
Brightline Trains Florida LLC	\$	963	BB+	
Westchester Medical Center		454	BB+	
PREPA		322	CCC	
Palomar Health		290	CCC	
Jackson Water & Sewer System, Mississippi		86	BB	
MFA		64	В	
Harrisburg Parking System, Pennsylvania		62	В	
New Jersey City University		62	BB	
Total U.S. public finance	2,	303		
Non-U.S. public finance:				
Southern Water Services Limited	2,	414	BB	
Thames Water Utilities Finance PLC	1,	603	В	
Coventry & Rugby Hospital Company (Walsgrave Hospital) Plc		552	\mathbf{B} +	
Q Energy - Phase II - Pride Investments, S.A.		226	BB+	
Hypersol Solar Inversiones, S.A.U.		226	BB+	
Q Energy - Phase III - FSL Issuer, S.A.U.		212	\mathbf{B} +	
Dartford & Gravesham NHS Trust The Hospital Company (Dartford) Plc		113	BB+	
Q Energy - Phase IV - Anselma Issuer, S.A.		97	BB+	
Road Management Services PLC (A13 Highway)		76	\mathbf{B} +	
University of Essex, United Kingdom		56	BB+	
Total non-U.S. public finance	5.	575		
Total public finance	7,	878		
U.S. structured finance: RMBS:				
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust 2007-H11		95	CCC	18.2%
Argent Securities Inc. 2005-W4		92	CCC	7.6%
Option One 2007-FXD2		91	BB	15.5%
Total RMBS - U.S. structured finance		278		
Total non-U.S. structured finance		_		
Total structured finance		278		
Total	\$ 8.	156		

¹⁾ Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the Company's internal rating approach, presentation of net par outstanding and a description of performance indicators and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (1 of 3) As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

50 Largest U.S. Public Finance Exposures by Revenue Source

50 Largest U.S. Public Finance Exposures by Revenue Source	N (D	T
Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating
JFK New Terminal One, New York	\$ 1,756	BBB-
New Jersey (State of)	1,615	BBB
Pennsylvania (Commonwealth of)	1,519	BBB
Metro Washington Airports Authority (Dulles Toll Road)	1,366	BBB+
Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority, California	1,181	BBB
Lower Colorado River Authority	1,129	A
New York Power Authority	1,128	AA-
Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agency, California	1,085	BBB+
South Carolina Public Service Authority - Santee Cooper	1,004	BBB+
New York Metropolitan Transportation Authority	999	A-
CommonSpirit Health, Illinois	988	A-
Brightline Trains Florida LLC	963	BB+
Philadelphia Water & Wastewater, Pennsylvania	963	A
Montefiore Medical Center, New York	946	BBB-
North Texas Tollway Authority	893	A+
Central Florida Expressway Authority, Florida	886	A+
San Diego Family Housing, LLC	863	AA
San Joaquin Hills Transportation, California	829	BBB+
Pittsburgh International Airport, Pennsylvania	807	A-
JFK Terminal 6, New York	786	BBB-
North Carolina Turnpike Authority	785	BBB
ProMedica Healthcare Obligated Group, Ohio	753	BBB-
Chicago Water, Illinois	708	BBB+
Harris County - Houston Sports Authority, Texas	708	A-
Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia	707	BBB+
Thomas Jefferson University	707	A-
Pittsburgh Water & Sewer, Pennsylvania	697	A-
Yankee Stadium LLC New York City Industrial Development Authority	685	BBB
Dade County Seaport, Florida	663	A-
Maine (State of)	655	A
Houston Airport System, Texas	653	A
Philadelphia School District, Pennsylvania	624	A-
Beth Israel Lahey Health, Massachusetts	602	A-
California (State of)	589	AA-
Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority, Illinois	585	BBB-
Tucson (City of), Arizona	541	A+
Illinois (State of)	541	BBB
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport, Illinois	522	A-
Anaheim (City of), California	508	A-
Chicago (City of) Wastewater Transmission, Illinois	496	BBB+
Nassau County, New York	495	AA-
Mets Queens Ballpark	487	BBB
New York (City of), New York	486	AA-
New York Transportation Development Corporation (LaGuardia Airport Terminal Redevelopment Project)	485	BBB
Massachusetts (Commonwealth of) Water Resources	484	AA
Clark County School District, Nevada	471	A-
Duval County School Board, Florida	469	A
Pennsylvania Turnpike Commission	465	A-
Los Angeles International Airport (Customer Facility Charge), California	464	A
Westchester Medical Center	454	BB+
Total top 50 U.S. public finance exposures	\$ 39,195	

 $Please\ refer\ to\ the\ Glossary\ for\ an\ explanation\ of\ net\ par\ outstanding,\ internal\ ratings\ and\ sectors.$

Largest Exposures by Sector (2 of 3) As of September 30, 2025 (dollars in millions)

25 Largest U.S. Structured Finance Exposures

Credit Name:	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating (1)	
Private US Insurance Reserve Financing	\$ 656	AA-	
Private US Insurance Reserve Financing	187	AA-	
Private US Insurance Reserve Financing	181	AA-	
Private US Insurance Reserve Financing	179	AA-	
Private US Insurance Reserve Financing	165	AA	
Private US Insurance Securitization	142	A	
Private Middle Market CLO	122	AA	
DB Master Finance LLC	110	BBB	
Private US Insurance Securitization	98	AA	
CWABS 2007-4	96	BBB	
Option One Mortgage Loan Trust 2007-Hl1	95	CCC	
Argent Securities Inc. 2005-W4	92	CCC	
Option One 2007-FXD2	91	BB	
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	85	A	
SLM Student Loan Trust 2007-A	84	AA	
Private Middle Market CLO	81	BBB+	
Private Subscription Finance Transaction	68	A-	
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	60	BBB	
CAPCO - Excess SIPC Excess of Loss Reinsurance	54	BBB	
Nomura Asset Accept. Corp. 2007-1	48	CCC	
ALESCO Preferred Funding XIII, Ltd.	45	AAA	
Private Balloon Note Guarantee	43	A	
New Century 2005-A	42	В	
Soundview 2007-WMC1	40	CCC	
Countrywide 2007-13	40	AA	
Total top 25 U.S. structured finance exposures	\$ 2,904		

¹⁾ Transactions rated below B- are categorized as CCC.

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Largest Exposures by Sector (3 of 3)
As of September 30, 2025
(dollars in millions)

50 Largest Non-U.S. Exposures by Revenue Source

Credit Name:	Country	Net Par Outstanding	Internal Rating
Southern Water Services Limited	United Kingdom	\$ 2,414	BB
Dwr Cymru Financing Limited	United Kingdom	1,733	A-
Anglian Water Services Financing PLC	United Kingdom	1,709	A-
Thames Water Utilities Finance PLC	United Kingdom	1,603	В
Channel Link Enterprises Finance PLC	France, United Kingdom	1,257	BBB
Southern Gas Networks PLC	United Kingdom	1,098	BBB+
British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC)	United Kingdom	846	A+
Quebec Province	Canada	802	AA-
Capital Hospitals (Issuer) PLC	United Kingdom	797	BBB-
National Grid Gas PLC	United Kingdom	728	A-
Yorkshire Water Services Finance Plc	United Kingdom	713	BBB
Verbund, Lease and Sublease of Hydro-Electric Equipment	Austria	694	AAA
Verdun Participations 2 S.A.S.	France	661	BBB-
Aspire Defence Finance plc	United Kingdom	636	BBB+
Heathrow Funding Limited	United Kingdom	579	BBB
Coventry & Rugby Hospital Company (Walsgrave Hospital) Plc	United Kingdom	552	B+
South East Water	United Kingdom	520	BBB
Severn Trent Water Utilities Finance Plc	United Kingdom	483	BBB+
Campania Region - Healthcare receivable	Italy	469	BBB-
Central Nottinghamshire Hospitals PLC	United Kingdom	467	BBB-
Private International Sub-Sovereign Transaction	United Kingdom	454	A+
United Utilities Water PLC	United Kingdom	453	BBB+
Sydney Airport Finance Company	Australia	436	BBB+
NewHospitals (St Helens & Knowsley) Finance PLC	United Kingdom	432	BBB+
National Grid Company PLC	United Kingdom	419	BBB+
University of Sussex	United Kingdom	408	BBB
Wessex Water Services Finance Plc	United Kingdom	408	BBB+
	United Kingdom	398	BBB
The Hospital Company (QAH Portsmouth) Limited South West Water UK			
	United Kingdom	387 376	BBB+
North Staffordshire, United Kingdom	United Kingdom		BBB-
Derby Healthcare PLC	United Kingdom	362	BBB
Western Power Distribution (South West) plc	United Kingdom	331	BBB+
Northumbrian Water PLC	United Kingdom	295	BBB+
Private International Sub-Sovereign Transaction	United Kingdom	292	A
University of Essex, United Kingdom	United Kingdom	286	BBB-
South Lanarkshire Schools	United Kingdom	279	BBB
Feria Muestrario Internacional de Valencia	Spain	254	BBB-
Private International Sub-Sovereign Transaction	United Kingdom	252	A
Portsmouth Water, United Kingdom	United Kingdom	249	BBB
Western Power Distribution (South Wales) PLC	United Kingdom	247	BBB+
Sutton and East Surrey Water plc	United Kingdom	246	BBB
Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency	Japan	240	A+
Q Energy - Phase II - Pride Investments, S.A.	Spain	226	BB+
Hypersol Solar Inversiones, S.A.U.	Spain	226	BB+
Keele Residential Funding PLC	United Kingdom	218	BBB+
University of York (Civitas Living LLP), UK	United Kingdom	215	BBB
Q Energy - Phase III - FSL Issuer, S.A.U.	Spain	212	\mathbf{B} +
Bakethin Finance Plc	United Kingdom	205	A-
Catalyst Higher Education (Sheffield) plc	United Kingdom	199	BBB-
Octagon Healthcare Funding PLC	United Kingdom	197	BBB
Total top 50 non-U.S. exposures		\$ 27,963	

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of net par outstanding, internal ratings and sectors.

Summary of Statutory Financial and Statistical Data (dollars in millions)

	Nine l	of and for the Months Ended otember 30,	As of and for Year Ended December 31,			
		2025		2024		2023
Claims-Paying Resources (1)						
Policyholders' surplus	\$	3,268	\$	3,524	\$	4,008
Contingency reserve		1,481		1,392		1,296
Qualified statutory capital		4,749		4,916		5,304
Unearned premium reserve and net deferred ceding commission income		2,431		2,424		2,427
Loss and LAE reserves		_		_		7
Total policyholders' surplus and reserves		7,180		7,340	'	7,738
Present value of installment premium		844		819		802
CCS		400		400		400
Total claims-paying resources	\$	8,424	\$	8,559	\$	8,940
Ratios:						
Net par outstanding to qualified statutory capital		44:1		41:1		36:1
Capital ratio		71:1		66:1		58:1
Financial resources ratio		40:1		38:1		34:1
Statutory net par outstanding to claims-paying resources		25:1		23:1		21:1
Other Financial Information (Statutory Basis) (2)						
Net debt service outstanding (end of period)	\$	336,893	\$	323,905	\$	307,408
Gross debt service outstanding (end of period)		432,187		410,924		393,162
Net par outstanding (end of period)		208,846		201,090		190,359
Gross par outstanding (end of period)		269,850		257,628		245,917
Ceded par to Assured Guaranty affiliates		60,923		56,458		55,477
Ceded par to other companies		80		80		82
Gross debt service written:						
Public finance - U.S.	\$	37,697	\$	44,018	\$	41,903
Public finance - non-U.S.		806		2,158		3,286
Structured finance - U.S.		196		1,273		1,830
Structured finance - non-U.S.		1,090		2,001		1,177
Total gross debt service written	\$	39,789	\$	49,450	\$	48,196

Please refer to the Glossary for an explanation of the presentation of net debt service and net par outstanding and of the various sectors.

See page 8 for additional detail on claims-paying resources and exposure.
 The numbers have been adjusted to include AG's U.K. and French insurance subsidiaries. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual Statements for AG are prepared on a stand-alone basis.

Glossary

Net Par Outstanding and Internal Ratings

<u>Net Par Outstanding</u> is insured par exposure, net of reinsurance cessions. Unless otherwise indicated, net par outstanding amounts exclude amounts as a result of loss mitigation strategies, including securities the Company has purchased for loss mitigation purposes that are held in the investment portfolio.

<u>Internal Rating</u> utilizes the Company's ratings scale, which is similar to that used by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; however, the ratings in the tables may not be the same as ratings assigned by any such rating agency.

<u>Statutory Net Par and Net Debt Service Outstanding.</u> Under statutory accounting, net par and net debt service outstanding would be reduced both when an outstanding issue is legally defeased (i.e., an issuer has legally discharged its obligations with respect to a municipal security by satisfying conditions set forth in defeasance provisions contained in transaction documents and is no longer responsible for the payment of debt service with respect to such obligations) and when such issue is economically defeased (i.e., transaction documents for a municipal security do not contain defeasance provisions but the issuer establishes an escrow account with U.S. government securities in amounts sufficient to pay the refunded bonds when due; the refunded bonds are not considered paid and continue to be outstanding under the transaction documents and the issuer remains responsible to pay debt service when due to the extent monies on deposit in the escrow account are insufficient for such purpose).

Performance Indicators

The performance information described below is obtained from third parties and/or provided by the trustee and may be subject to revision as updated or additional information is obtained:

60+ Day Delinquencies are defined as loans that are greater than 60 days delinquent and all loans that are in foreclosure, bankruptcy or real estate owned divided by current collateral balance.

<u>Average Credit Enhancement</u> is intended to provide a measure of the amount of equity and/or subordinated tranches that are junior in the capital structure to Assured Guaranty's exposure, expressed as a percentage of the total transaction size, and reflects any reduction of that credit support resulting from defaults or other factors. For transactions where excess spread may be available to absorb certain losses, the amounts shown do not include any benefit from excess spread. The calculation methodologies differ for the various asset classes to reflect differences in transaction structures in order to provide a measure that management believes is comparable across asset classes. Some asset classes may not have subordinated tranches so they are excluded from the weighted averages.

Sectors

Below are brief descriptions of selected types of public and structured finance obligations that the Company insures and reinsures. For a more complete description, please refer to Assured Guaranty Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

U.S. Public Finance:

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u> are full faith and credit obligations that are issued by states, their political subdivisions and other municipal issuers, and are supported by the general obligation of the issuer to pay from available funds and by a pledge of the issuer to levy property taxes in an amount sufficient to provide for the full payment of the bonds.

<u>Tax-Backed Bonds</u> are obligations that are supported by the issuer from specific and discrete sources of taxation and tax-backed revenue bonds. Tax-backed obligations may be secured by a lien on specific pledged tax revenues, such as a gasoline or excise tax, or an income tax, or incrementally from growth in property tax revenue associated with growth in property values. These obligations also include obligations secured by special assessments levied against property owners and often benefit from issuer covenants to enforce collections of such assessments and to foreclose on delinquent properties. Lease revenue bonds typically are general fund obligations of a municipality or other governmental authority that are subject to annual appropriation or abatement; projects financed and subject to such lease payments ordinarily include real estate or equipment serving an essential public purpose.

<u>Municipal Utility Bonds</u> are obligations of all forms of municipal utilities, including electric, water and sewer utilities and resource recovery revenue bonds. These utilities may be organized in various forms, including municipal enterprise systems, authorities or joint action agencies.

<u>Transportation Bonds</u> include a wide variety of revenue-supported obligations, such as bonds for airports, ports, tunnels, municipal parking facilities, toll roads and toll bridges.

<u>Healthcare Bonds</u> are obligations of healthcare facilities, including community-based hospitals and systems, as well as of health maintenance organizations and long-term care facilities.

<u>Infrastructure Bonds</u> include obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure and other physical assets delivering essential services supported by long-term concession arrangements with a public sector entity.

<u>Higher Education Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenue collected by either public or private secondary schools, colleges and universities. Such revenue can encompass all of an institution's revenue, including tuition and fees, or in other cases, can be specifically restricted to certain auxiliary sources of revenue or revenue relating to student accommodation.

Glossary (continued)

Sectors (continued)

<u>Housing Revenue Bonds</u> are obligations relating to both single and multi-family housing, issued by states and localities, supported by cash flow and, in some cases, insurance from entities such as the Federal Housing Administration.

<u>Renewable Energy Bonds</u> are obligations backed by revenue from renewable energy sources.

<u>Other Public Finance Bonds</u> include other debt issued, guaranteed or otherwise supported by U.S. national or local governmental authorities, as well as student loans, revenue bonds, and obligations of some not-for-profit organizations.

Non-U.S. Public Finance:

<u>Regulated Utility Obligations</u> are obligations issued by government-regulated providers of essential services and commodities, including electric, water and gas utilities, supported by the rates and charges paid by the utilities' customers. The majority of the Company's non-U.S. regulated utility business is conducted in the U.K.

<u>Infrastructure Finance Obligations</u> are obligations issued by a variety of entities engaged in the financing of non-U.S. infrastructure projects, such as roads, airports, ports, social infrastructure, student accommodations, stadiums, and other physical assets delivering essential services supported either by long-term concession arrangements or a regulatory regime. The majority of the Company's non-U.S. infrastructure business is conducted in the U.K.

<u>Sovereign and Sub-Sovereign Obligations</u> primarily includes obligations of local, municipal, regional or national governmental authorities or agencies outside of the U.S.

<u>Renewable Energy Bonds</u> are obligations secured by revenues relating to renewable energy sources, typically solar or wind farms. These transactions often benefit from regulatory support in the form of regulated minimum prices for the electricity produced. The majority of the Company's non-U.S. renewable energy business is conducted in Spain.

<u>Pooled Infrastructure Obligations</u> are synthetic asset-backed obligations that take the form of credit default swap obligations or credit-linked notes that reference either infrastructure finance obligations or a pool of such obligations, with a defined deductible to cover credit risks associated with the referenced obligations. The Company has not entered into a pooled infrastructure transaction since 2006.

Structured Finance:

<u>Insurance Reserve Financings and Securitizations</u> are transactions, including life insurance transactions, where obligations are secured by the future earnings from pools of various types of insurance/reinsurance policies and income produced by invested assets.

<u>Residential Mortgage Backed Securities</u> are obligations backed by first and second lien mortgage loans on residential properties. The credit quality of borrowers covers a broad range, including "prime," "subprime" and "Alt-A." A prime borrower is generally defined as one with strong risk characteristics as measured by factors such as payment history, credit score, and debt-to-income ratio. A subprime borrower is a borrower with higher risk characteristics. An Alt-A borrower is generally defined as a prime quality borrower that lacks certain ancillary characteristics, such as fully documented income. RMBS include home equity lines of credit, which refers to a type of residential mortgage-backed transaction backed by second-lien loan collateral. The Company has not provided insurance for RMBS in the primary market since 2008.

<u>Subscription Finance Facilities</u> are lending facilities provided to closed-end private market funds, most frequently private-equity funds. The facilities are secured by the uncalled capital commitments of the limited partners (LP) to the fund. The Company may guarantee new or existing facilities and on a single facility or portfolio basis. Assured Guaranty's exposures are generally to facilities with characteristics that include a high-quality fund sponsor with strong historical performance, a diverse LP base composed primarily of institutional LPs and experienced bank lenders.

<u>Pooled Corporate Obligations</u> are securities primarily backed by various types of corporate debt obligations, such as secured or unsecured bonds, bank loans or loan participations and trust preferred securities. These securities are often issued in "tranches," with subordinated tranches providing credit support to the more senior tranches. The Company's financial guaranty exposures generally are to the more senior tranches of these issues.

<u>Financial Products Business</u> is the guarantee of certain business written by financial products companies owned by Dexia SA, which comprised guaranteed investment contracts, medium term notes and equity payment undertaking agreements associated with leveraged lease business. This business is being run off with the final maturity due in 2031. Assured Guaranty is indemnified by Dexia SA and certain of its affiliates against loss from the former financial products business.

<u>Other Structured Finance Obligations</u> are obligations backed by assets not generally described in any of the other U.S. and Non-U.S. Structured Finance Obligations categories above.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company discloses both: (i) financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP; and (ii) financial measures not determined in accordance with GAAP (non-GAAP financial measures). Financial measures identified as non-GAAP should not be considered substitutes for GAAP financial measures. The primary limitation of non-GAAP financial measures is the potential lack of comparability to financial measures of other companies, whose definitions of non-GAAP financial measures may differ from those of the Company.

The Company believes its presentation of non-GAAP financial measures provides information that is necessary for analysts to calculate their estimates of Assured Guaranty's financial results in their research reports on Assured Guaranty and for investors, analysts and the financial news media to evaluate Assured Guaranty's financial results.

GAAP requires the Company to consolidate entities where it is deemed to be the primary beneficiary which include FG VIEs, which the Company does not own and where its exposure is limited to its obligation under the financial guaranty insurance contract, and CIVs in which certain subsidiaries invest.

The Company discloses the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation that is embedded in each non-GAAP financial measure, as applicable. The Company believes this information may also be useful to analysts and investors evaluating Assured Guaranty's financial results. In the case of both the consolidated FG VIEs and the CIVs, the economic effect on the Company of each of the consolidated FG VIEs and CIVs is reflected primarily in adjusted operating income.

The Company's management and AGL's Board of Directors use non-GAAP financial measures further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation (which the Company refers to as its core financial measures), as well as GAAP financial measures and other factors, to evaluate the Company's results of operations, financial condition and progress towards long-term goals. The Company uses core financial measures in its decision-making process for and in its calculation of certain components of management compensation. The financial measures that Assured Guaranty uses to help determine compensation are: (i) adjusted operating income per share, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation (core operating shareholders' equity per share); (iii) ABV per share, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation (core operating shareholders' equity per share); (iii) ABV per share, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation (core ABV per share); (iv) core operating return on equity, which is calculated as core operating income divided by the average of core operating shareholders' equity at the beginning and end of the period; and (v) PVP.

The Company's management believes that many investors, analysts and financial news reporters use Assured Guaranty's adjusted operating shareholders' equity and/or ABV, each further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, as the principal financial measures for valuing AGL's current share price or projected share price and also as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell AGL's common shares.

Adjusted operating income, further adjusted for the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, enables investors and analysts to evaluate the Assured Guaranty's financial results in comparison with the consensus analyst estimates distributed publicly by financial databases.

The following paragraphs define each non-GAAP financial measure disclosed by the Company and describe why it is useful. To the extent there is a directly comparable GAAP financial measure, a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure and the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is presented within this financial supplement.

Adjusted Operating Income: The Company's management believes that adjusted operating income is a useful measure because it clarifies the understanding of the operating results of the Company. Adjusted operating income is defined as net income (loss) attributable to AG, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of realized gains (losses) on the Company's investments that are recognized in net income (loss) attributable to AG, except for gains and losses on securities classified as trading. The timing of realized gains and losses, which depends largely on market credit cycles, can vary considerably across periods. The timing of sales is largely subject to the Company's discretion and influenced by market opportunities, as well as the Company's tax and capital profile.
- 2) Elimination of non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives that are recognized in net income (loss) attributable to AG, which is the amount of fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS that are recognized in net income (loss) attributable to AG. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

- 4) Elimination of foreign exchange gains (losses) on remeasurement of net premium receivables and loss and LAE reserves that are recognized in net income (loss) attributable to AG. Long-dated receivables and loss and LAE reserves represent the present value of future contractual or expected cash flows. Therefore, the current period's foreign exchange remeasurement gains (losses) are not necessarily indicative of the total foreign exchange gains (losses) that the Company will ultimately recognize.
- 5) The tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Assured Guaranty's adjusted operating income per share is calculated by dividing adjusted operating income by the weighted average diluted shares. The method for calculating weighted average diluted shares is in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted Operating Shareholder's Equity and ABV: The Company's management believes that adjusted operating shareholder's equity is a useful measure because it excludes the fair value adjustments on investments, credit derivatives and CCS that are not expected to result in economic gain or loss. The Company's management uses ABV, further adjusted to remove the effect of FG VIE and CIV consolidation, to measure the intrinsic value of the Company, excluding franchise value. The Company's management believes that ABV is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the Company's in-force premiums and revenues net of expected losses.

Assured Guaranty's adjusted operating shareholders' equity per share and ABV per share, each further adjusted for FG VIE and CIV consolidation (core operating shareholders' equity per share and core ABV per share, respectively), are two of the key financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation elements to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors.

Adjusted operating shareholder's equity is defined as shareholder's equity attributable to AG, as reported under GAAP, adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of non-credit impairment-related unrealized fair value gains (losses) on credit derivatives that are reported on the consolidated balance sheet, which is the amount of unrealized fair value gains (losses) in excess of the present value of the expected estimated economic credit losses. Such fair value adjustments are heavily affected by, and in part fluctuate with, changes in market interest rates, credit spreads and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 2) Elimination of fair value gains (losses) on the Company's CCS that are reported on the consolidated balance sheet. Such amounts are affected by changes in market interest rates, the Company's credit spreads, price indications on the Company's publicly traded debt and other market factors and are not expected to result in an economic gain or loss.
- 3) Elimination of unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's investments that are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI). The AOCI component of the fair value adjustment on the investment portfolio is not deemed economic because the Company generally holds these investments to maturity and therefore would not result in an economic gain or loss.
- 4) The tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

ABV is adjusted operating shareholder's equity, as defined above, further adjusted for the following:

- 1) Elimination of deferred acquisition costs, net. These amounts represent net deferred expenses that have already been paid or accrued and will be expensed in future accounting periods.
- 2) Addition of the net present value of estimated net future revenue. See below.
- 3) Addition of the deferred premium revenue on financial guaranty contracts in excess of expected loss to be expensed, net of reinsurance. This amount represents the present value of the expected future net earned premiums, net of the present value of expected losses to be expensed.
- 4) The tax effects related to the above adjustments, which are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each of the jurisdictions that generate these adjustments.

Assured Guaranty's shares outstanding as of the end of the reporting period are used to calculate adjusted operating shareholders' equity per share and ABV per share.

The unearned premiums and revenues included in ABV will be earned in future periods, but actual earnings may differ materially from the estimated amounts used in determining current ABV due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults and other factors.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

Adjusted Operating ROE: Adjusted Operating ROE represents adjusted operating income for a specified period divided by the average of adjusted operating shareholder's equity at the beginning and the end of that period. Management believes that adjusted operating ROE is a useful measure to evaluate the Company's return on invested capital. Many investors, analysts and members of the financial news media use adjusted operating ROE, adjusted for VIE consolidation, to evaluate AGL's share price and as the basis of their decision to recommend, buy or sell the AGL common shares. Quarterly and year-to-date adjusted operating ROE are calculated on an annualized basis. Adjusted operating ROE, adjusted for VIE consolidation, is one of the key management financial measures used in determining the amount of certain long-term compensation to management and employees and used by rating agencies and investors.

Net Present Value of Estimated Net Future Revenue: The Company's management believes that this amount is a useful measure because it enables an evaluation of the present value of estimated net future revenue for non-financial guaranty insurance contracts. This amount represents the net present value of estimated future revenue from these contracts (other than credit derivatives with net expected losses), net of reinsurance, ceding commissions and premium taxes.

Future installment premiums are discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than Loss Mitigation Securities. The discount rate is recalculated annually and updated as necessary. Net present value of estimated future revenue for an obligation may change from period to period due to a change in the discount rate or due to a change in estimated net future revenue for the obligation, which may change due to changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation. There is no corresponding GAAP financial measure.

PVP or Present Value of New Business Production: The Company's management believes that PVP is a useful measure because it enables the evaluation of the value of new business production in the Insurance segment by taking into account the value of estimated future installment premiums on all new contracts underwritten in a reporting period as well as additional installment premiums and fees on existing contracts (which may result from supplements or fees or from the issuer not calling an insured obligation the Company projected would be called), regardless of form, which management believes GAAP GWP and changes in fair value of credit derivatives do not adequately measure. PVP in respect of contracts written in a specified period is defined as gross upfront and installment premiums received and the present value of gross estimated future installment premiums.

Future installment premiums are discounted at the approximate average pre-tax book yield of fixed-maturity securities purchased during the prior calendar year, other than certain fixed-maturity securities such as Loss Mitigation Securities. The discount rate is recalculated annually and updated as necessary. Under GAAP, financial guaranty installment premiums are discounted at a risk-free rate. Additionally, under GAAP, management records future installment premiums on financial guaranty insurance contracts covering non-homogeneous pools of assets based on the contractual term of the transaction, whereas for PVP purposes, management records an estimate of the future installment premiums the Company expects to receive, which may be based upon a shorter period of time than the contractual term of the transaction.

Actual installment premiums may differ from those estimated in the Company's PVP calculation due to factors including, but not limited to, changes in foreign exchange rates, prepayment speeds, terminations, credit defaults or other factors that affect par outstanding or the ultimate maturity of an obligation.



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